

AMAZON WEB SERVICES

Store and protect your data in the cloud

A guide and assessment for small and medium-sized businesses



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Introduction

About this eBook

This eBook is intended to help non-technical leaders in small and mediumsized businesses determine whether they can benefit by using cloud services to store and protect their growing repository of data.

You'll Learn:

- What a cloud storage service is and the benefits it provides your business
- How to compare the cost and effort of managing and scaling on-premises data storage solutions vs. using the cloud
- How to evaluate whether your business is ready for cloud storage
- · How to get started with AWS





CHAPTER ONE

Data growth presents new challenges

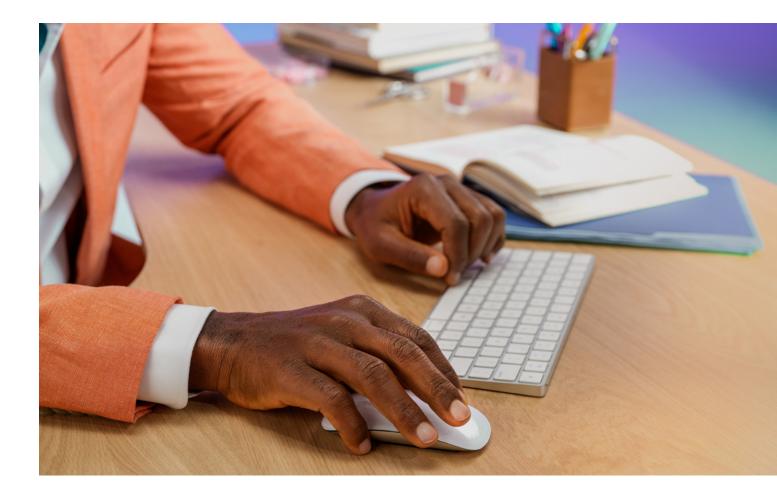
If your business is like most others, the volume of data you collect, create, and store is growing exponentially: a recent study projects that the total amount of data in the world will nearly triple between 2020 and 2025¹. Ensuring that your data remains secure, accessible, and scalable can create challenges for organizations of any size.

Some of the obstacles you might face as your data grows include:

- **Dwindling storage capacity:** Increased data volume will soon require investments in additional storage devices.
- **Rising costs:** Bigger data volumes require bigger investments in storage hardware, which can inflate your budget.
- **Keeping up with IT versions and patches:** Falling behind on updates increases your vulnerability to data breaches and misconfigurations, which can lead to lost revenue. In addition, having to provide continual maintenance keeps staff from attending to more strategic business initiatives.
- Outdated, untested, or nonexistent disaster recovery plans and systems: These increase your risk of unplanned downtime and loss of revenue, customer trust, and brand loyalty.
- More employees working from home: Remote employees may be accessing business data over the Internet or other network connections that must be secure and high-performing.
- IT personnel shortage or loss: If you're fortunate enough to have at least one IT expert, their decision to change jobs or retire could present a hardship.

DATA GROWTH PRESENTS NEW CHALLENGES

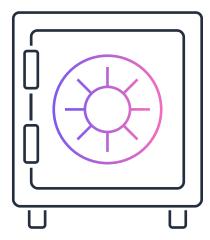
To meet these challenges and position your company for growth and success, it's important to establish best practices for storing, backing up, securing, and recovering your data. The cloud enables you to accomplish all this while lowering costs, streamlining operations, and enhancing business agility. In fact, research by the analyst firm Gartner shows that by 2025, 85% of firms will be employing a cloud-first strategy to unlock exciting new opportunities and stay abreast of their competitors².



3x

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CHAPTER TWO

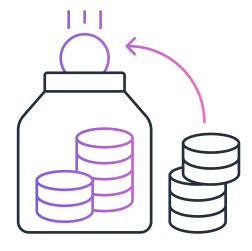
A more efficient approach to data storage

Historically, businesses have used their IT budgets to overprovision storage and backup capacity. By buying and installing more than they needed for the foreseeable future, businesses had wiggle room for growth. But tightening budgets and expanding data demands are making this solution less feasible. Even the largest enterprises find it difficult to justify buying, testing, and managing more and more storage devices—which also generate extra costs in terms of power, real estate, management, and specialized skills—when those resources may go unused.

How, then, can you accommodate future storage requirements economically? Take advantage of innovations in virtualization and cloud technology.

As you evaluate your options, look for four key attributes in the data storage and protection solution you adopt as a foundation for the future.

- **Highly scalable yet affordable capacity:** Seek a solution that can expand quickly to accommodate data growth without breaking the bank.
- **Data backup and failover features:** These will minimize business disruption if you experience a system failure, cybersecurity issues, outages, or other disasters.
- **High-performance access to data used every day:** Near-immediate response times— even if data and users are in different locations—are critical for keeping workers productive.
- Centralized policy-setting: The ability to define and enforce security, governance, and auditing
 policies for your data all in one place improves your security posture and
 simplifies regulatory compliance.



CHAPTER THREE

Cloud economics

In the cloud, large volumes of storage capacity—and other IT resources, such as compute services—are available via the Internet. Cloud customers pay for usage as they consume it. They "rent" storage capacity, for example, to meet changing data storage requirements. These IT resources are considered "cloud services".

The cloud services model differs significantly from the traditional IT operating model, in which businesses buy, integrate, and continually upgrade and manage their own devices and networks. With the cloud, you simply pay for IT resources as you use them. You eliminate the equipment, tools, power, and real estate costs associated with building and managing your own infrastructure. By offloading the management of IT equipment to the cloud provider, you also free up your staff to tackle more strategic, innovative projects that can put your data to work for your business.

With cloud services, you pay only for the storage you actually use. Your service responds to the needs of your business. If you require smaller data volumes during certain periods, for example, you won't pay for excess, unused capacity. This provides an affordable way to unlock new possibilities for business efficiency, growth, and innovation.

CLOUD ECONOMICS

Business benefits

There are several advantages to using the cloud for some or all your data storage needs.

- Eliminate capital expenses: The cloud requires no investments in storage equipment or other hardware. The cloud provider absorbs the responsibility of buying, updating, managing, and expanding your storage infrastructure. You also offload associated power, cooling, real estate, and staffing expenses to the cloud provider. Companies that use AWS services say they save 31 percent on average compared to running infrastructure onsite.³
- Scale rapidly: In the cloud, you always have access to greater volumes of storage and backup capacity. This flexibility also lets you address seasonal and other spikes or dips in IT usage. You can grow or shrink your storage infrastructure dynamically to accommodate new requirements, and your usage-based payment model adjusts accordingly.
- Save time: Since you don't have to procure, test, and deploy new equipment, a comparison of on-premises and cloud storage alternatives should account for the value of the time you save on setting up and maintaining equipment. You could also add these savings to the value you place on achieving business goals faster, such as accelerating your time to market or improving a customer service process sooner.
- Improve remote worker support: Cloud data can be distributed so it's in close geographic proximity to your employees for high-performance experiences that mirror accessing data over a local network at the office.
- Gain resiliency: Cloud providers operate many large data centers in multiple geographies worldwide. They can store your data in two or more diverse locations with redundant, hot failover capabilities between them, so your data is always available when you and your users need it.
- Realize the full value of your data: Your data is your most valuable asset. Bringing your data into the cloud opens opportunities for integration with emerging technologies in fields like machine learning, automation, and AI. These tools will enable your business to take full advantage of your data so it can help drive growth and create new value for you.

CLOUD ECONOMICS

A level competitive field

You might have heard about how large, well-known corporations are benefiting from cloud services. But the cloud's advantages aren't exclusive to these enterprises.

The cloud is a great equalizer that provides businesses of all sizes in any industry with affordable and immediate access to the same cutting-edge technology, regardless of IT budget. Again, you simply pay for what you use. According to TechAisle, these are among the reasons that the cloud has become the number one IT priority for companies with under 1,000 employees.⁴



Assessment: Is your business ready for cloud data storage?

When assessing how cloud data storage and protection might be beneficial, it's helpful to take stock of your current business situation and how you anticipate it changing. Check next to each of the following statements that applies to your organization.

I'd like to reduce my data storage costs.

I need to gain business agility (e.g., get to market faster, serve customers more efficiently).

It's hard to find time to spend on business strategy because daily operations are allconsuming.

My business has a growing number of home or remote workers that need IT support.

It's important that we increase our resiliency to disasters, outages, and cyber attacks.

It's likely that I'll soon need to hire additional IT staff with specialized skills to manage growing data volumes and/or more storage devices.

My business is required to comply with one or more regulatory mandates (check all that apply):

The European Union's General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS).

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).

Sarbanes-Oxley Act (SOX).

Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA).

US Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP).

California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA).

Other (specify):	

My company finds it difficult, expensive, or both to maintain compliance with one or more of the above mandates.

My company is required to archive certain business or customer records for several years.

My business stores 15 terabytes of data or more.

Business data at my company is growing at 10 percent per year or more.

My business supports 20 or more employees/data users.

If you checked any of the above, cloud services can help you realize your business goals, manage data growth, improve data security and resiliency, and accelerate innovation.



CHAPTER FIVE

Getting started with the cloud

1. Get expert support

With AWS, help is always close at hand for planning and managing your cloud migration. We have thousands of AWS Partner Network consultants available to provide you with exceptional service—no matter your budget. We also offer a free, comprehensive library of self-paced training courses and a range of skill certifications, workshops, and immersion days to help you and your staff learn how to make the most of your AWS Cloud services.

2. Begin with cloud storage

Storage is the simplest, most logical place to gain experience using the cloud, particularly for data that isn't used every day. This could include backup data and data that must be archived for policy, compliance, or other reasons. Once you have a cloud storage account, you can easily direct any or all of your data to the cloud for storage.

With cloud storage, you automatically meet the storage industry's "3-2-1" best practice guidelines for backup protection against data loss and, in turn, lost revenue. The 3-2-1 rule centers around maintaining at least three copies of your data, two of which may be onpremises but on different devices, while you store at least one copy off-site (in the cloud). Cloud providers store your data in a different geolocation than your office or data center; should your primary site fall off-line, cloud backup automatically begins serving users, keeping your business functional and thriving.

GETTING STARTED WITH THE CLOUD

3. Decide what data to store in the cloud

A common way to get started with cloud storage is to back up existing data or to archive data you access infrequently to the cloud. As a rule of thumb, most companies use 20 percent of their data once a day or more. This critical data requires a cloud service with the fastest access performance available. However, for the 80 percent of data that sits unused most of the time, you can opt for a more economical cloud storage service.

If you elect to use the cloud for both types of data, you'll divide your data into groups based on access frequency and performance requirements, then match each group to the appropriate service and pricing tier offered by your cloud provider.

Even if you're unfamiliar with your data access patterns, there are cloud storage options that deliver automatic cost savings when those patterns change. These services dynamically move your data to the most cost-effective storage option, with no performance impact or operational overhead.

4. Sign up for an account and estimate monthly fees

When you sign up for a cloud storage account, you'll connect with someone who can provide guidance about what specific services and pricing tiers to use. The right choice accounts for your expected data volume, how frequently you access data, and other factors. Most services are priced by usage. If you have an initial estimate of the volume of data you'd like to store, back up, or archive in the cloud, you can calculate what your approximate monthly cost will be.

At AWS, for example, the sales team can help you create and secure your account and set up your AWS interface into the AWS cloud environment. You can also set up services yourself using documentation and tutorials supplied by AWS or get a recommendation for an AWS Partner to help you. Businesses that opt to use a partner are usually looking to simplify operations and often lack the time or expertise to learn about which services to use on their own.

GETTING STARTED WITH THE CLOUD

5. Prepare your data

It's common for businesses to store unnecessary amounts of redundant data. Before you move your data to the cloud, revisit your backup and archive policies and possibly revise them. This step could enable you to clean up your dataset and reduce its volume, saving you both time and money as you move data to the cloud for storage.

6. Migrate your data

Once you're on board with a cloud service and have identified the data you want to store in the cloud, it's time to migrate your data to the cloud for storage. The time it takes to complete your data migration depends on your volume of data and which method you choose for to move it.

7. Protect your data and applications

A data backup strategy is essential to making sure your company can withstand, recover, and minimize the impact of a security breach, outage, or disaster. You should define which data to back up, how often to back it up, and a way to monitor backups and recovery processes to make sure they work when needed. You can use the AWS Backup cloud service, for example, to protect both the data you store in AWS and data you store on premises, as well as AWS Elastic Disaster Recovery for protecting and recovering on-premises and cloud-based applications. In addition, centralization and automation of policy-setting and data management enable you to minimize data loss and comply with regulatory and business data security and privacy rules.

Advantages of using AWS

Businesses in all industries and of all sizes can extend their onsite storage, backup, and archiving to AWS. AWS offers the industry's most extensive range of cloud storage services to accommodate any business data. When you work with AWS, you benefit in several ways.

- Real savings you can see and measure: Using an AWS cloud service reduces costs by an average of 31 percent (over five years)⁵ while increasing efficiency. Because every business is different, we offer free tools and calculators to assess your own company's costs and measure your migration return on investment (ROI). These tools eliminate guesswork and help you identify new savings opportunities.
- Capacity that grows as you need it: AWS
 automatically adjusts cloud capacity to
 meet demand while only charging you for
 what you use. In this way, we make sure
 you have space to grow without paying
 for more than you need. We constantly
 monitor activity to balance loads,
 automatically scaling storage up or down
 to meet fluctuations in demand and to
 reduce costs.
- **Optimum cloud security and** resiliency: AWS meets the stringent requirements of the world's most security-sensitive organizations. AWS participates in many security assurance programs and regulatory certification programs, and we apply our substantial expertise to protecting your data. AWS further reduces the risk of unplanned outages, data loss, and inaccessibility by maintaining data centers all over the world with automatic backup and failover procedures in place. Businesses using AWS report reducing unplanned downtime by an estimated 69 percent compared to operating their own storage solutions.6





Ready to learn more?

Cloud data storage and protection services from AWS let you build a future-proof foundation for storing, backing up, archiving, and securing your growing data. The on-demand, limitless availability of AWS Cloud storage capacity gives you operational agility and economies of scale that aren't possible when building your own IT infrastructure.

Spending the time and money to procure, test, deploy, and manage on-site equipment could put your business at a disadvantage, particularly if your competitors have adopted cloud-flexible capabilities. Cloud services free up time and resources for business innovation. They also allow you to affordably weather the unpredictability of market conditions, supply chains, and seasonal economic patterns with resources that are always available when you need them. These are the reasons that cloud migration is the number one IT priority in smaller businesses.

AWS is here to support you wherever you are in your cloud journey. Let us help you drive business growth, affordably scale your operations, and serve employees and customers in new, more reliable ways.

Learn more about cloud storage or contact an AWS expert.

- 1. Statista, "Volume of data information created, captured, copied, and consumed worldwide from 2010 to 2025", June 2021.
- 2. Gartner, "Gartner Says Cloud Will Be the Centerpiece of New Digital Experiences", 2021.
- 3. IDC, "Fostering Business and Organizational Transformation to Generate Business Value with Amazon Web Services", Feb 2018.
- TechAisle, "2021 Top 10 SMB Business Issues, IT Priorities, IT Challenges", 2021.
- 5. IDC, "Fostering Business and Organizational Transformation to Generate Business Value with Amazon Web Services", Feb 2018
- 6. Nucleus Research, "Understanding the Value of Migrating from On-Premises to AWS for Application Security and Performance" June 2020.