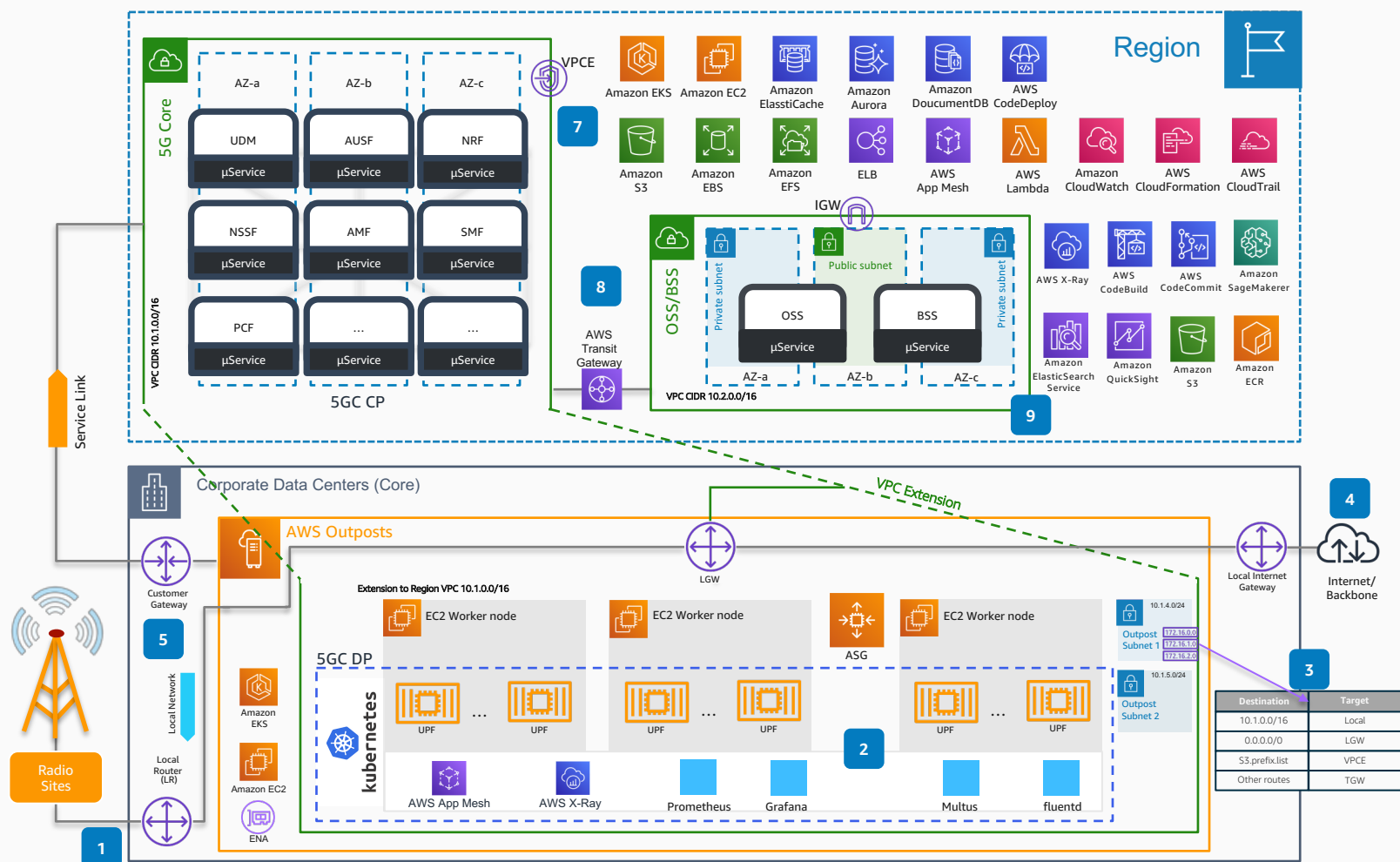


Deploying 5G Core on AWS

Distribute your 5G Core to on-premises data centers

This reference architecture explains how 5G Core can be distributed between on-premises data centers and AWS Regions.



- Subscriber's traffic from radio access network (RAN) ingress/egress **AWS Outposts** running 5G User Plane Function (UPF) via **Outposts Local Gateway (LGW)**.
- UPF instances are containers running on **Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (Amazon EKS)** with access to multiple network interfaces via AWS Multi-homing support and [Multus](#).
- Outposts** has two subnets (for ingress and egress) with routing tables that contains paths to service end points and **Transit Gateway** to other virtual private clouds (VPCs).
- Internet access to mobile subscribers is achieved via local gateway as a default route in the subnet route tables.
- Service Link traffic in outpost get separated from local traffic via virtual LANS (VLANS), providing connectivity both locally and to AWS Regions.
- AWS Direct Connect** can be used to provide high throughput connection to VPC on an AWS Region (via public virtual interface).
- The service end-point provides direct access to AWS regional services such as **Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3)** without traversing via internet.
- AWS Transit Gateway** is used to provide connectivity to other VPCs that performs 5G management and control services.
- Orchestration, operational, and business support systems can run on AWS Regions with direct connectivity to on-premises data centers.

