

AWS re:Invent

NOV. 28 – DEC. 2, 2022 | LAS VEGAS, NV

AIM208

Idea to production on Amazon SageMaker, with Thomson Reuters

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AWS

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AWS

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Vice President
Thomson Reuters



Agenda

What is Amazon SageMaker?

Amazon SageMaker key capabilities

Demo Amazon SageMaker Studio notebooks

Demo Amazon SageMaker Canvas

Why do customers use Amazon SageMaker?

Thomson Reuters' perspective on Amazon SageMaker



Five year of Amazon SageMaker

2017

Easily build machine learning models with performance-optimized algorithms

Fast, fully managed training

Deploy models into production with one click

Unstructured data preparation

2018

2019

World's first IDE

Studio notebooks

Experiments

Autopilot

Debugger

Model Monitor

2020

Data Wrangler

JumpStart

Feature Store

Distributed training

Pipelines

Edge Manager

Clarify

2021

No Code ML with Canvas



Massive scale

DATA LABELING

1M+ labeling tasks/day

SINGLE CUSTOMER DEPLOYMENT

Million+ models

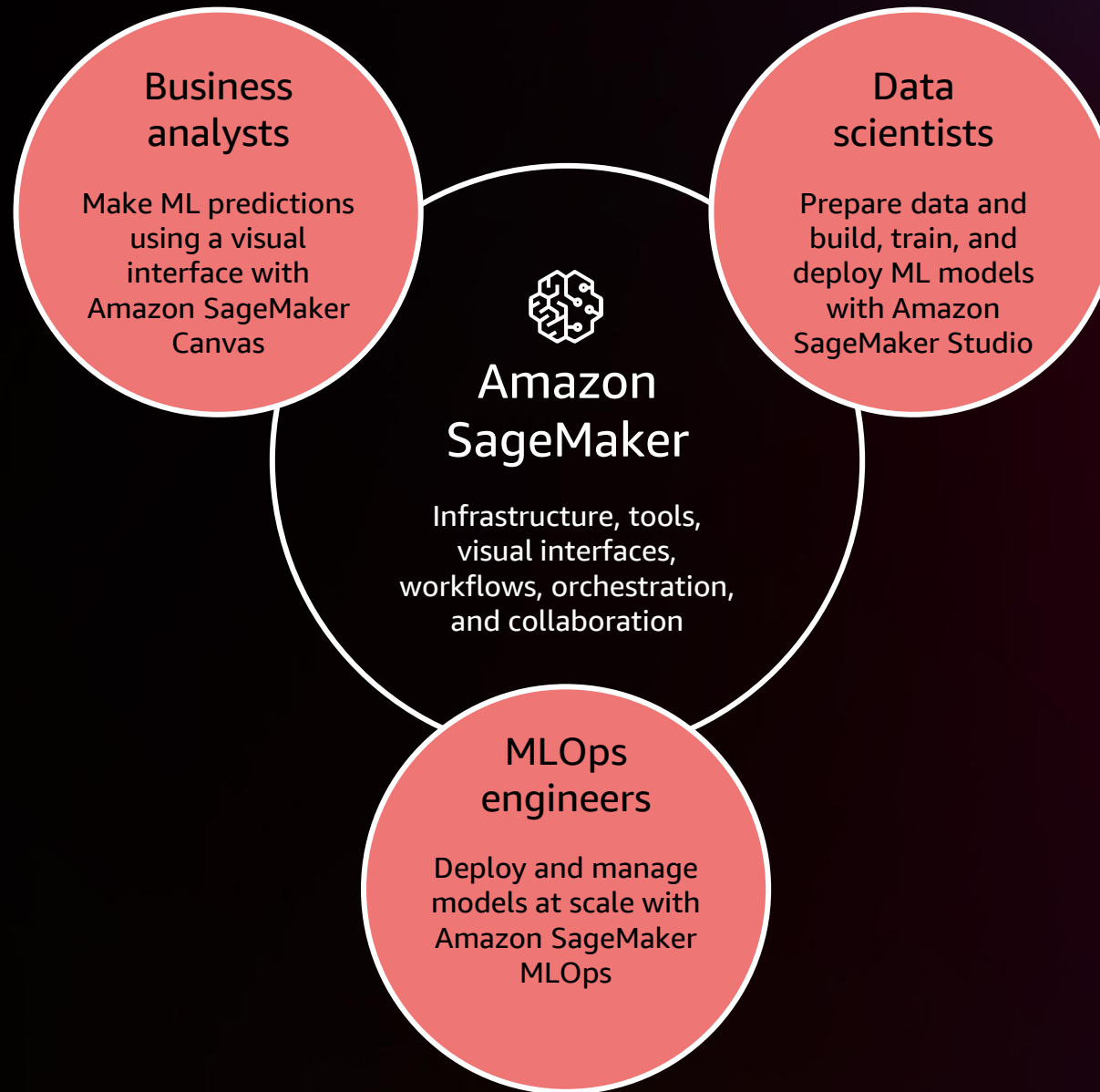
MODEL TRAINING

Billions of parameters

PREDICTIONS

100B+/month



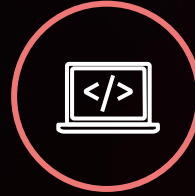


Build ML models

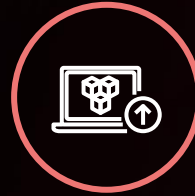
Fully managed
shareable notebooks
on Amazon EC2



Fully managed, sharable Jupyter notebooks
Run notebooks on elastic compute resources



Built-in algorithms
Many built-in algorithms available in prebuilt container images



Prebuilt solutions and open-source models
Over 150 popular open-source models



AutoML
Automatically create ML models with full visibility



Support for major frameworks and toolkits
Optimized for popular deep learning (DL) frameworks such as TensorFlow, PyTorch, Apache MXNet, and Hugging Face

Train ML models

Fast and cost-effective
ML model training



Experiment management and model tuning
Save weeks of effort by automatically tracking training runs and tuning hyperparameters



Debug and profile training runs
Use real-time metrics to correct performance problems



Distributed training
Complete distributed training up to 40% faster



Training compiler
Accelerate training times by up to 50% through more efficient use of GPUs



Managed spot training
Reduce the costs of training by up to 90%

Deploy ML models

Fully managed deployment for
inference at scale



Wide selection of infrastructure

70+ instance types with varying levels of compute and memory to meet the needs of every use case



Single-digit millisecond overhead latency

For use cases requiring real-time responses



Asynchronous inference

Supports large models with long-running processing times



Cost-effective deployment

Multi-model/multi-container endpoints, serverless inference, and elastic scaling



Built-in integration for MLOps

ML workflows, CI/CD, lineage tracking, and catalog



Automatic deployment recommendations

Optimal instance type/count and container parameters, and fully managed load testing

Objective: Detect bees in images



Training data?

iNaturalist.org



 Explore Your Observations Community Identify More

 Upload 0 1 

California Poppy (*Eschscholzia californica*) Research Grade Edit



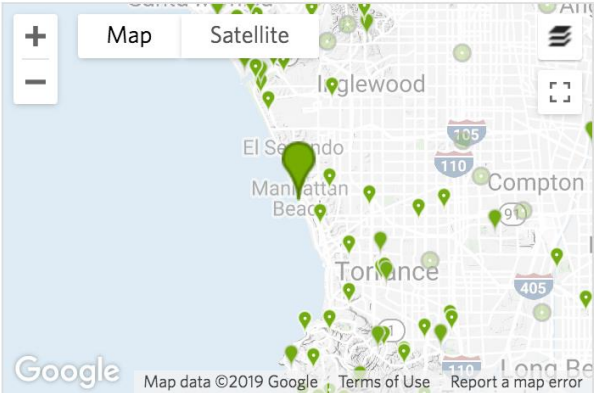
 

 **dbatalov**
4 observations < >

Observed:
Apr 21, 2019 · 5:37 PM PDT

Submitted:
Apr 21, 2019 · 6:36 PM PDT

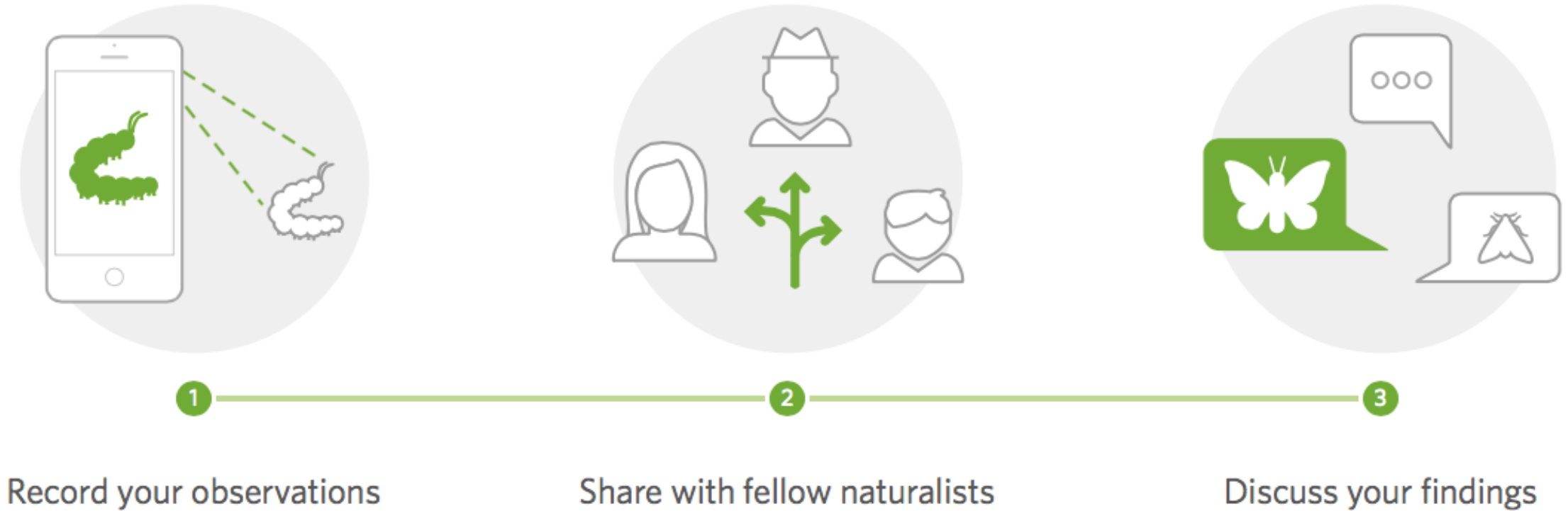


Google Map data ©2019 Google Terms of Use Report a map error

1115 N The Strand, Manhattan Bea... Show Details

 Be the first to fave this observation!

How It Works



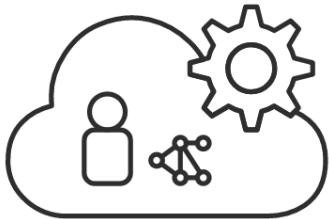
iNaturalist.org allows export of a dataset

500 images of bees under Creative Commons CC0 license



<https://creativecommons.org/share-your-work/public-domain/cc0/>

Amazon SageMaker Ground Truth to label data



Ground Truth

Set up and manage labeling jobs for highly accurate training datasets using active learning and human labeling.



Notebook

Availability of AWS and SageMaker SDKs and sample notebooks to create training Jobs and deploy models.



Training

Train and tune models at any scale. Leverage high performance AWS algorithms or bring your own.



Inference

Create models from training jobs or import external models for hosting to run inferences on new data.



Bounding boxes



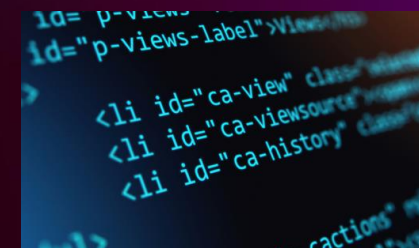
Image classification



Segmentation



Label verification



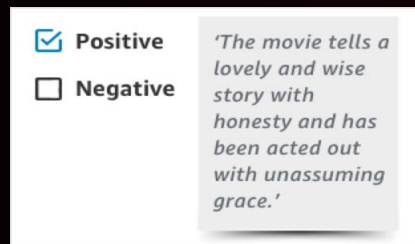
Custom template



Video



LIDAR 3D Point Cloud



Text classification



Named entity recognition

COMPANY WELL FIELD/BLOCK COUNTY STATE	SAN JOAQUIN FACILITY MANAGEMENT RED RIBBON RANCH 90 FRUITVALE KERN CALIFORNIA	COMPANY SAN JOAQUIN FACILITY MANAGEMENT			
		WELL RED RIBBON RANCH 90			
		FIELD/BLOCK FRUITVALE			
		COUNTY KERN STATE CALIFORNIA			
		API No. 04-030-55960			
Location		631' W AND 237' N FROM THE SE CORNER OF SEC 27 - T20S - R27E M000M		Other Services: RMCH SFTT	
NAD 83 LAT: 35.375003 LONG: -119.058665					
Sec. 27	Twp. 20S	Rgn. 27E			

OCR, form, table

Amazon SageMaker

bee_detector... (auto-H) - Jup

d-tkgawvhidkzo.studio.us-west-2.sagemaker.aws/jupyter/default/lab/workspaces/auto-H/tree/demo/bee_detector.ipynb

Update

Amazon SageMaker Studio

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Filter files by name

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2 vCPU + 4 GiBClusterPython 3 (Data Science)Share

SageMaker Bee Detection Demo

Table of contents

- STEP 1: Review of labeled dataset
- STEP 2: Training an Object Detection model
- STEP 3: Deployment and testing of model

STEP 1: Review of labeled dataset

In this workshop we will use a dataset from the inaturalist.org This dataset contains 500 images of bees that have been uploaded by inaturalist users for the purposes of recording the observation and identification. We only used images that their users have licensed under [CC0](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/) license. For your convenience, we have placed the dataset in S3 in a single zip archive here: <http://aws-tc-largeobjects.s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/DIG-TF-200-MLBEES-10-EN/dataset.zip>

The dataset has already been labeled with SageMaker Ground Truth, which means we have an augmented manifest file that contains the results of labeling.

Furthermore, the dataset has already been downloaded and unzipped inside the notebook under the `images` folder. The archive contains the following structure: 500 `.jpg` image files, the already mentioned augmented manifest file `output.manifest` and 10 test images in the `test` subfolder.

Let's review results of the previously completed labeling job called `bees-500` using the provided augmented manifest. This file contains

Simple0\$1

Python 3 (Data Science) | IdleKernel: Idle | Instance MEM

Mode: CommandLn 1, Col 1bee_detector.ipynb

Amazon SageMaker

bee_detector... (auto-H) - Jup

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Amazon SageMaker Studio

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2 vCPU + 4 GiBClusterPython 3 (Data Science)Share

SageMaker Bee Detection Demo

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Let's review results of the previously completed labeling job called `bees-500` using the provided augmented manifest. This file contains

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Python 3 (Data Science) | Idle

Kernel: Idle | Instance MEM

Mode: Command

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bee_detector.ipynb

Amazon SageMaker

bee_detector... (auto-H) - Jup

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Amazon SageMaker Studio

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2 vCPU + 4 GiBClusterPython 3 (Data Science)Share

Let's review results of the previously completed labeling job called `bees-500` using the provided augmented manifest. This file contains 500 lines, each of which contains JSON descriptor of the results of labeling one image. Let's look at the first one.

```
[2]: augmented_manifest_file = './images/output.manifest'
      labeling_job_name = 'bees-500'

      import json

      file = open(augmented_manifest_file, 'r')
      json_line = json.loads(file.readline())
      print(json.dumps(json_line, indent=4))
```

```
{
  "source-ref": "s3://sagemaker-remars/datasets/na-bees/500/10006450.jpg",
  "bees-500": {
    "annotations": [
      {
        "class_id": 0,
        "width": 95.39999999999998,
        "top": 256.2,
        "height": 86.80000000000001,
        "left": 177
      },
      {
        "image_size": [
          {
            "width": 500,
            "depth": 3,
            "height": 500
          }
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

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Python 3 (Data Science) | Idle

Kernel: Idle | Instance MEM

Mode: Command

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bee_detector.ipynb

Amazon SageMaker

bee_detector... (auto-H) - Jup

d-tkgawvhdkzo.studio.us-west-2.sagemaker.aws/jupyter/default/lab/workspaces/auto-H/tree/demo/bee_detector.ipynb

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Amazon SageMaker Studio

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Filter files by name

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train.manifest

bee_detector.ipynb

bee_detector.ipynb

Code

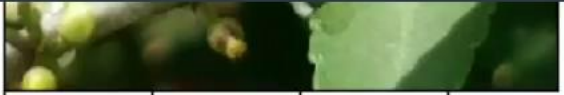
2 vCPU + 4 GiB

Cluster

Python 3 (Data Science)

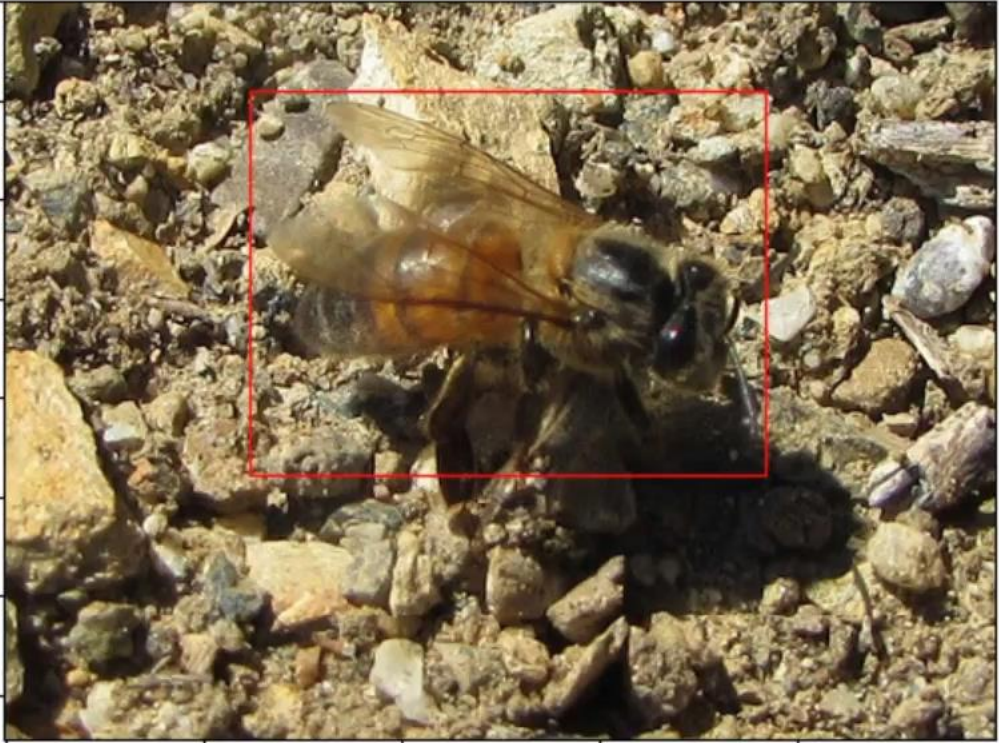
Share

0 100 200 300



./images/1060304.jpg

0 50 100 150 200 250 300 350



0 100 200 300 400

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Python 3 (Data Science) | Idle

Kernel: Idle | Instance MEM

Mode: Command

Ln 1, Col 1

bee_detector.ipynb

Amazon SageMaker

bee_detector... (auto-H) - Jup

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Amazon SageMaker Studio

File Edit View Run Kernel Git Tabs Settings Help

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validation.manifest

train.manifest

bee_detector.ipynb

bee_detector.ipynb

Code

2 vCPU + 4 GiB Cluster Python 3 (Data Science) Share

```
f.write(json.dumps(line))
f.write('\n')

print(f'training samples: {num_training_samples}, validation samples: {len(lines)-num_training_samples}')
```

training samples: 400, validation samples: 100

STEP 2.2 Upload training and validation manifests to S3

Next, let's upload the two manifest files to S3 in preparation for training. We will use the same bucket you created earlier.

```
[6]: import sagemaker
# S3 bucket must be created in the current region
BUCKET = sagemaker.Session().default_bucket()
PREFIX = 'reinvent-artifacts' # this is the root path to our working space

pfx_training = PREFIX + '/training' if PREFIX else 'training'
# Defines paths for use in the training job request.
s3_train_data_path = 's3://{}/{}/{}'.format(BUCKET, pfx_training, augmented_manifest_filename_train)
s3_validation_data_path = 's3://{}/{}/{}'.format(BUCKET, pfx_training, augmented_manifest_filename_validation)

!aws s3 cp train.manifest s3://$BUCKET/$pfx_training/
!aws s3 cp validation.manifest s3://$BUCKET/$pfx_training/
```

upload: ./train.manifest to s3://sagemaker-us-west-2-187004457496/reinvent-artifacts/training/train.manifest

upload: ./validation.manifest to s3://sagemaker-us-west-2-187004457496/reinvent-artifacts/training/validation.manifest

STEP 2.3 Configure and kick off training job

We are now ready to kick off the training job. Since we will use a built-in object detection algorithm, you can do the following steps via

Simple 0 \$ 1

Python 3 (Data Science) | Idle Kernel: Idle | Instance MEM

Mode: Command Ln 1, Col 1 bee_detector.ipynb

Amazon SageMaker

bee_detector... (auto-H) - Jup

d-tkgawvhidkzo.studio.us-west-2.sagemaker.aws/jupyter/default/lab/workspaces/auto-H/tree/demo/bee_detector.ipynb

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Amazon SageMaker Studio

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bee_detector.ipynb

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Code

2 vCPU + 4 GiB

Cluster

Python 3 (Data Science)

Share

STEP 2.3 Configure and kick off training job

We are now ready to kick off the training job. Since we will use a built-in object detection algorithm, you can do the following steps via SageMaker Console UI, but since we are already in the notebook, we can just run the following code with SageMaker Python SDK.

```
[24]: import boto3
client = boto3.client('sagemaker')

role = sagemaker.get_execution_role()
sess = sagemaker.Session()

training_image = sagemaker.image_uris.retrieve('object-detection', boto3.Session().region_name, version='1')
s3_output_path = 's3://{}/{}/output'.format(BUCKET, pfx_training)

model = sagemaker.estimator.Estimator(
    training_image,
    role,
    instance_count=1,
    instance_type="ml.p3.2xlarge",
    input_mode="Pipe",
    output_path=s3_output_path,
    sagemaker_session=sess,
)

# full list of hyperparameters and defaults are here: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sagemaker/latest/dg/object-detect.
model.set_hyperparameters(
    base_network="resnet-50",
    use_pretrained_model=1, # use transfer learning
    num_classes=1, # only bees
```

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Python 3 (Data Science) | Idle

Kernel: Idle | Instance MEM

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bee_detector.ipynb

Amazon SageMaker

bee_detector... (auto-H) - Jup

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Update

Amazon SageMaker Studio

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validation.manifest

train.manifest

bee_detector.ipynb

bee_detector.ipynb

Code

2 vCPU + 4 GiBClusterPython 3 (Data Science)Share

```
train_data = sagemaker.inputs.TrainingInput(
    s3_train_data_path,
    distribution="FullyReplicated",
    content_type="application/x-recordio",
    record_wrapping="RecordIO",
    s3_data_type="AugmentedManifestFile",
    attribute_names=['source-ref', labeling_job_name]
)

validation_data = sagemaker.inputs.TrainingInput(
    s3_validation_data_path,
    distribution="FullyReplicated",
    content_type="application/x-recordio",
    record_wrapping="RecordIO",
    s3_data_type="AugmentedManifestFile",
    attribute_names=['source-ref', labeling_job_name]
)

data_channels = {"train": train_data, "validation": validation_data}
```

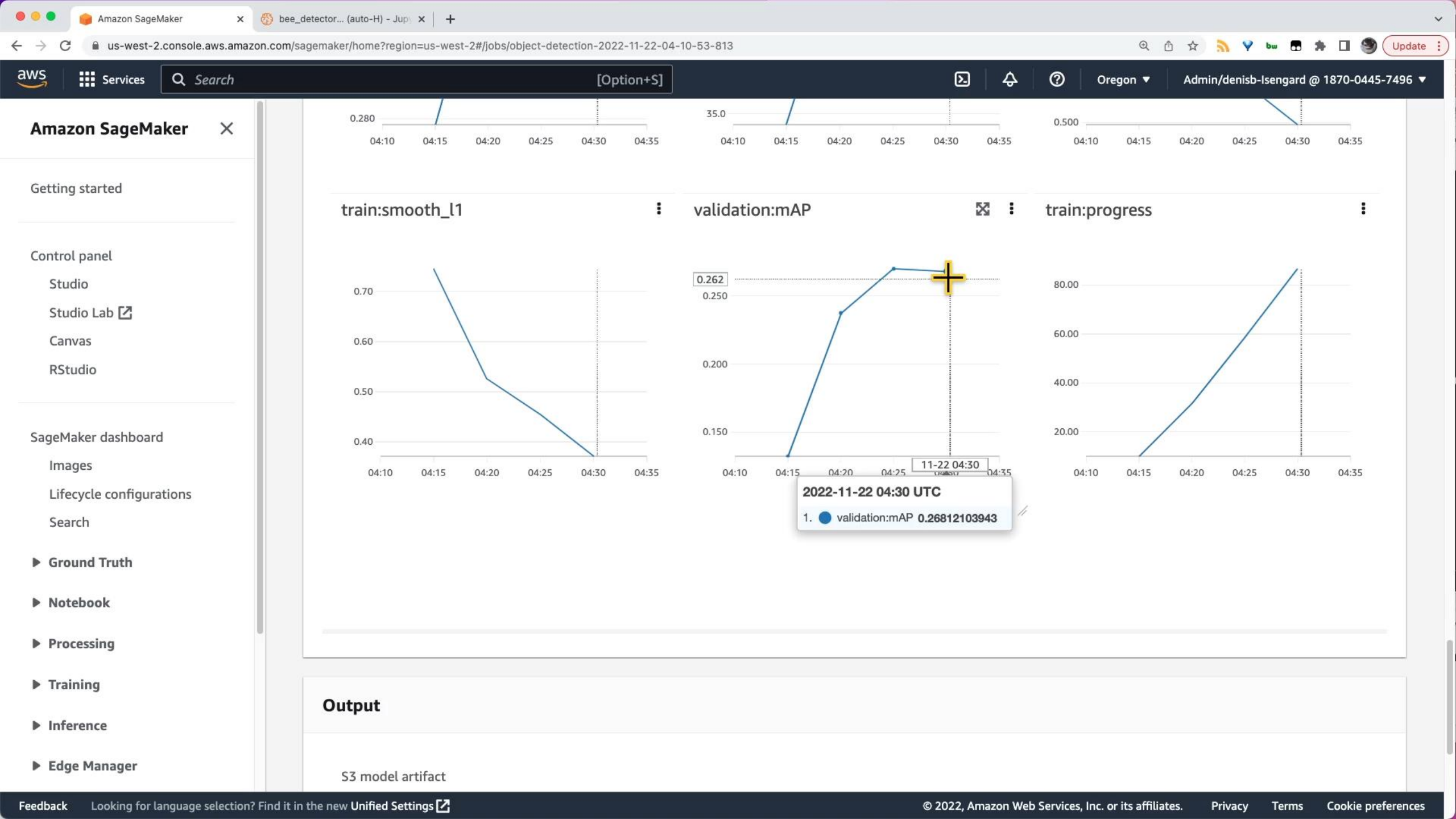
All configuration is done and we are now ready to kick off the training job!

[25]: model.fit(inputs=data_channels, wait=False)

To check the progress of the training job, you can refresh the console or repeatedly evaluate the following cell. When the training job status reads 'Completed', move on to the next part of the tutorial.

[27]: training_info = client.describe_training_job(TrainingJobName=model.latest_training_job_name)

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Amazon SageMaker

bee_detector... (auto-H) - Jup

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Update

Amazon SageMaker Studio

File

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Code

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git

2 vCPU + 4 GiB

Cluster

Python 3 (Data Science)

Share

```
[31]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

endpoint_name=bee_detector.endpoint_name

runtime_client = boto3.client('sagemaker-runtime')

# Call SageMaker endpoint to obtain predictions
def get_predictions_for_img(runtime_client, endpoint_name, img_path):
    with open(img_path, 'rb') as f:
        payload = f.read()
        payload = bytearray(payload)

    response = runtime_client.invoke_endpoint(EndpointName=endpoint_name,
                                              ContentType='application/x-image',
                                              Body=payload)

    result = response['Body'].read()
    result = json.loads(result)
    return result

for test_image in test_images:
    result = get_predictions_for_img(runtime_client, endpoint_name, test_image)
    confidence_threshold = .2
    best_n = 3
    # display the best n predictions with confidence > confidence_threshold
    predictions = [prediction for prediction in result['prediction'] if prediction[1] > confidence_threshold]
    predictions.sort(reverse=True, key = lambda x: x[1])
    bboxes = [prediction_to_bbox_data(test_image, prediction) for prediction in predictions[:best_n]]
    show_annotated_image(test_image, bboxes)
```

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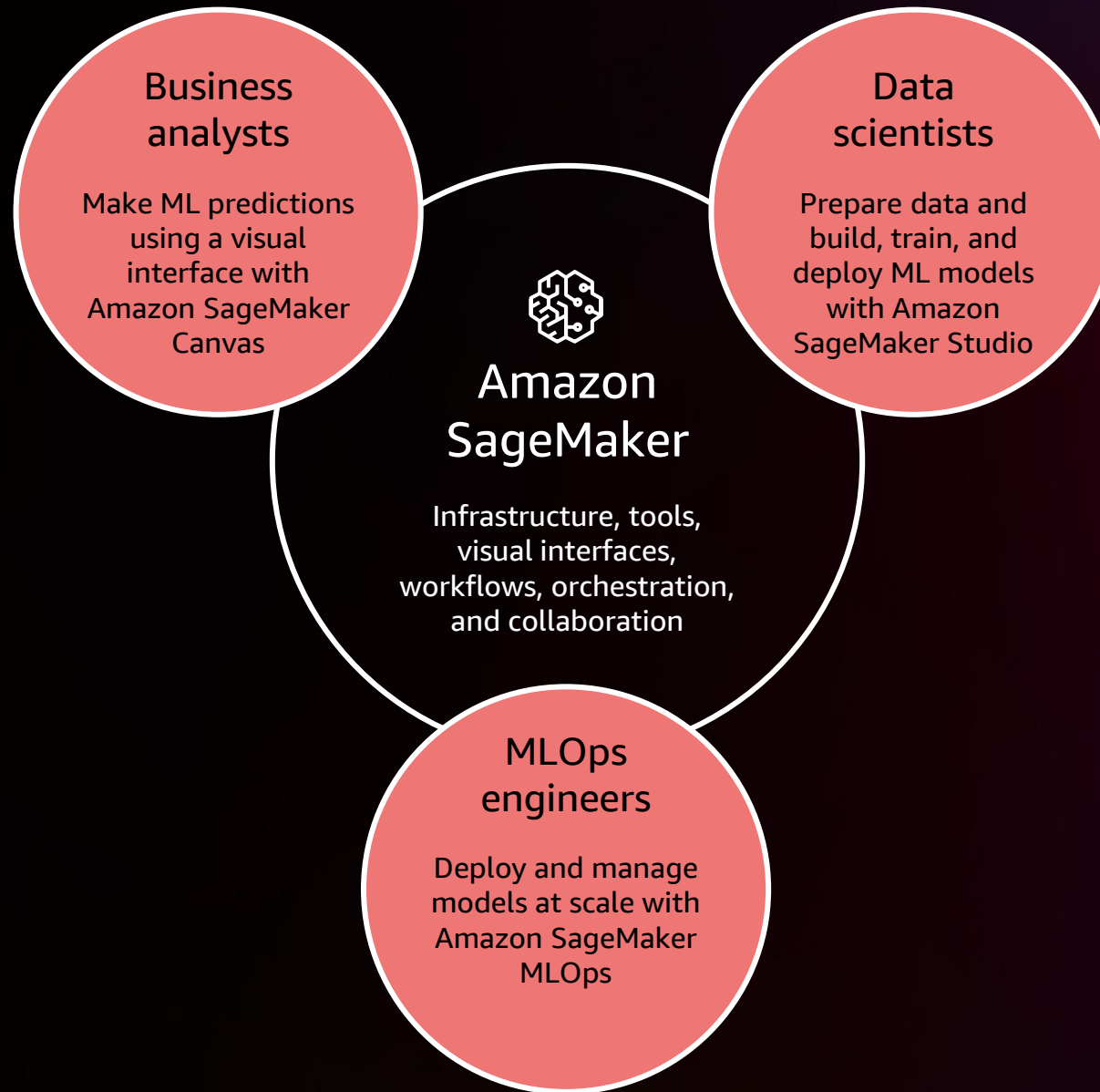
Python 3 (Data Science) | Idle

Kernel: Idle | Instance MEM

Mode: Edit

Ln 25, Col 15

bee_detector.ipynb



Amazon SageMaker Canvas

Generate ML predictions
– no code required



Quickly access and prepare
data sources for ML



AutoML built in to generate
accurate predictions



Share ML models with data science teams

Colorectal cancer survivability



<https://seer.cancer.gov/>



By National Atlas of the United States:
<https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=50967902>

Datasets

Dataset

→ Join data

+ Import

Name	Source	Columns	Rows	Cells	Created	Status
☐ canvas-sample-loans-part-2.csv	S3	5	1,000	5,000	10/29/2022 2:50 PM	Ready
☐ canvas-sample-maintenance.csv	S3	9	1,000	9,000	10/29/2022 2:50 PM	Ready
☐ canvas-sample-diabetic-readmission.csv	S3	16	1,000	16,000	10/29/2022 2:50 PM	Ready
☐ canvas-sample-shipping-logs.csv	S3	12	1,000	12,000	10/29/2022 2:50 PM	Ready
☐ canvas-sample-housing.csv	S3	10	1,000	10,000	10/29/2022 2:50 PM	Ready
☐ canvas-sample-product-descriptions.csv	S3	5	120	600	10/29/2022 2:50 PM	Ready
☐ canvas-sample-sales-forecasting.csv	S3	5	1,000	5,000	10/29/2022 2:50 PM	Ready
☐ canvas-sample-loans-part-1.csv	S3	19	1,000	19,000	10/29/2022 2:50 PM	Ready

SageMaker Canvas

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Update

My Model

V1

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Add version

Share

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Select

Build

Analyze

Predict

Select a column to predict

Choose the target column. The model that you build predicts values for the column that you select.

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Target column

▼

Model type

SageMaker Canvas automatically recommends the appropriate model type for your analysis.

To see a recommended model type, specify a value for the target column.

Quick build

▼

Preview model

KentuckySEER.csv

Random sample: 20.0k rows

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Extract

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Remove rows by

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Replace

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Functions

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Data visualizer

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☐

Column name ↓

Data type

Missing ⓘ

Mismatched ⓘ

Unique ⓘ

Mean / Mode

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Year of diagnosis

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0.00% (0)

18

2,000

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Tumor Grade (thru 2017)

Categorical

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Moderately differenti...

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Survived >5yrs

Binary

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0.00% (0)

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Yes

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Summary Stage

Categorical

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0.00% (0)

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Localized

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Sex

Binary

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Female

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Race

Categorical

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White

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Marital status

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Married (including co...

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ICD-Primary Site

Categorical

0.00% (0)

0.00% (0)

11

C18.7-Sigmoid colon

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Total columns: 10

▮

Total rows: 23,981

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Total cells: 239,810

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Show dropped columns

SageMaker Canvas

d-pdovqdnoub1.studio.us-west-2.sagemaker.aws/canvas/default/models/My%20Model

Update

My Model

V1

Draft

Add version

Share

Select

Build

Analyze

Predict

Validate your data

It might take several minutes, depending on the dataset size.

Validate data

Select a column to predict

Choose the target column. The model that you build predicts values for the column that you select.

Target column

Survived >5yrs

Value distribution

Yes

No

Model type

SageMaker Canvas automatically recommends the appropriate model type for your analysis.

2 category prediction

Your model classifies Survived >5yrs into two categories.

Change type

Quick build

Preview model

KentuckySEER.csv

Random sample: 20.0k rows

Extract

Remove rows by

Replace

Functions

Data visualizer

Sex	Race	Marital status	ICD-Primary Site	Data source	Appalachia	Age at diagnosis
Categories	5 Categories	7 Categories	11 Categories	-0.500.45	2 Categories	71.35 11.27% (2,248)
Male	White	Unknown	C18.5-Splenic flexure of colon	0	1	74
Female	White	Widowed	C18.4-Transverse colon	0	0	78

Total columns: 10

Total rows: 23,981

Total cells: 239,810

Previewing first 100 rows

Show dropped columns

 Validate your data

It might take several minutes, depending on the dataset size.

Validate data

Target column
Survived >5yrs

💡 2 category prediction

Change type

Quick build

Preview model

KentuckySEER.csv

Random sample: 20.0k rows 

☐ Extract

 Remove rows by

 Replace

Σ Functions

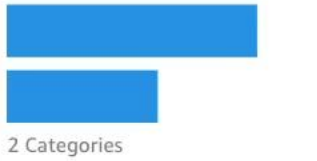
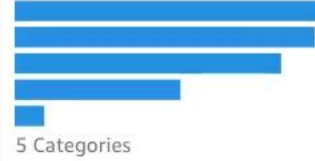
ii. Data visualizer

Model recipe

×

- 1 **Drop column Data source**

Remove rows by values greater
2 **than or equal to 2014 from**
Year of diagnosis

✔ Year of diagnosis	123	✔ Tumor Grade (t... Abc	✔ Survived >5yrs Abc	✔ Summary Stage Abc	✔ Sex Abc	✔ Race
		 5 Categories	 2 Categories	 5 Categories	 2 Categories	 5 Categories
2005		Poorly differentiated; Grade III	Yes	Localized	Female	White
2012		Moderately differentiated; Grade II	Yes	Localized	Female	White
2012		Poorly differentiated; Grade III	Yes	Localized	Female	White
2010		Moderately differentiated; Grade II	Yes	Regional	Male	White
2008		Poorly differentiated; Grade III	Yes	Localized	Male	White
2013		Moderately differentiated; Grade II	No	Distant	Female	White
2000		Moderately differentiated; Grade II	No	Blank(s)	Male	White
2010		Moderately differentiated; Grade II	Yes	Localized	Male	White
2006		Moderately differentiated; Grade II	Yes	Unknown/unstaged	Female	White
2000		Moderately differentiated; Grade II	Yes	Blank(s)	Male	White
2004		Moderately differentiated; Grade II	Yes	Localized	Male	White

■■■ Total columns: 10

≡ Total rows: 23,981

■ ■ ■ ■ ■ Total cells: 239,810

ⓘ Previewing first 100 rows

☒ Show dropped columns



My Model

V1 ● Ready + Add version 👤 Share ⋮

Select Build **Analyze** Predict

Model status

81.386%

The model predicts the correct Survived >5yrs 81.386% of the time. ⓘ

Predict

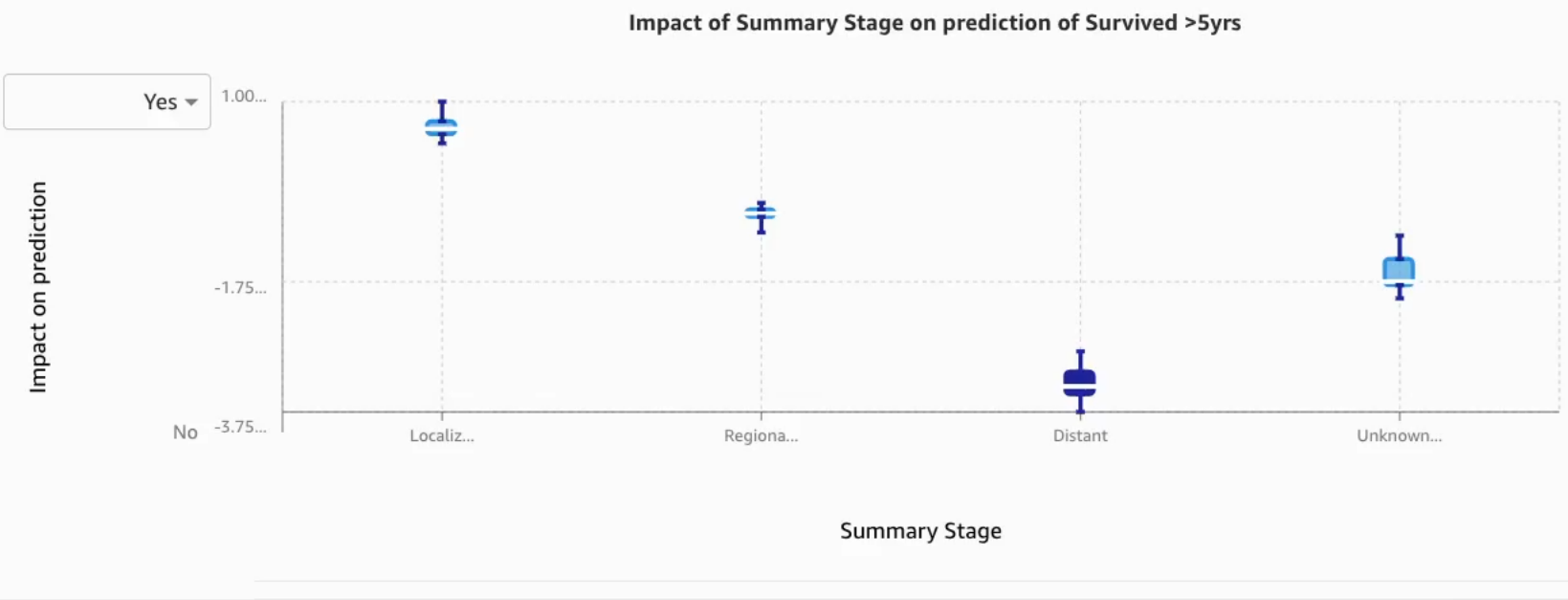
Share with SageMaker Studio

Overview **Scoring**

Column impact ⓘ

🔍 Search columns...

1	Summary Stage	50.988%
2	Age at diagnosis	24.244%
3	Tumor Grade (thru 2017)	9.318%
4	Sex	3.93%
5	Marital status	3.355%
6	Year of diagnosis	3.194%



Predict

SageMaker Canvas

x

+

←

→

↺

🔒

d-pdovqdnoub1.studio.us-west-2.sagemaker.aws/canvas/default/models/My%20Model

🔍

📄

☆

📡

🔗

🌐

🖨

🔧

📱

👤

Update

My Model

V1

● Ready

▼

+

Add version

👤

Share

⋮

Select

Build

Analyze

Predict

Model status

81.386%

The model predicts the correct Survived >5yrs 81.386% of the time. ⓘ

Predict

Share with SageMaker Studio

Overview

Scoring

Column impact ⓘ

🔍 Search columns...

1

Summary Stage

50.988%

2

Age at diagnosis

24.244%

3

Tumor Grade (thru 2017)

9.318%

4

Sex

3.93%

5

Marital status

3.355%

6

Year of diagnosis

3.194%

Impact on prediction

Yes ▼

No

0.13...

-0.06...

-0.21...

-0.36...

Single ...

Widowed

Divorce...

Unknown

Separat...

Marital status

📄

KentuckySEER.csv

📊

Total columns: 10

📄

Total rows: 23,981

📊

Total cells: 239,810

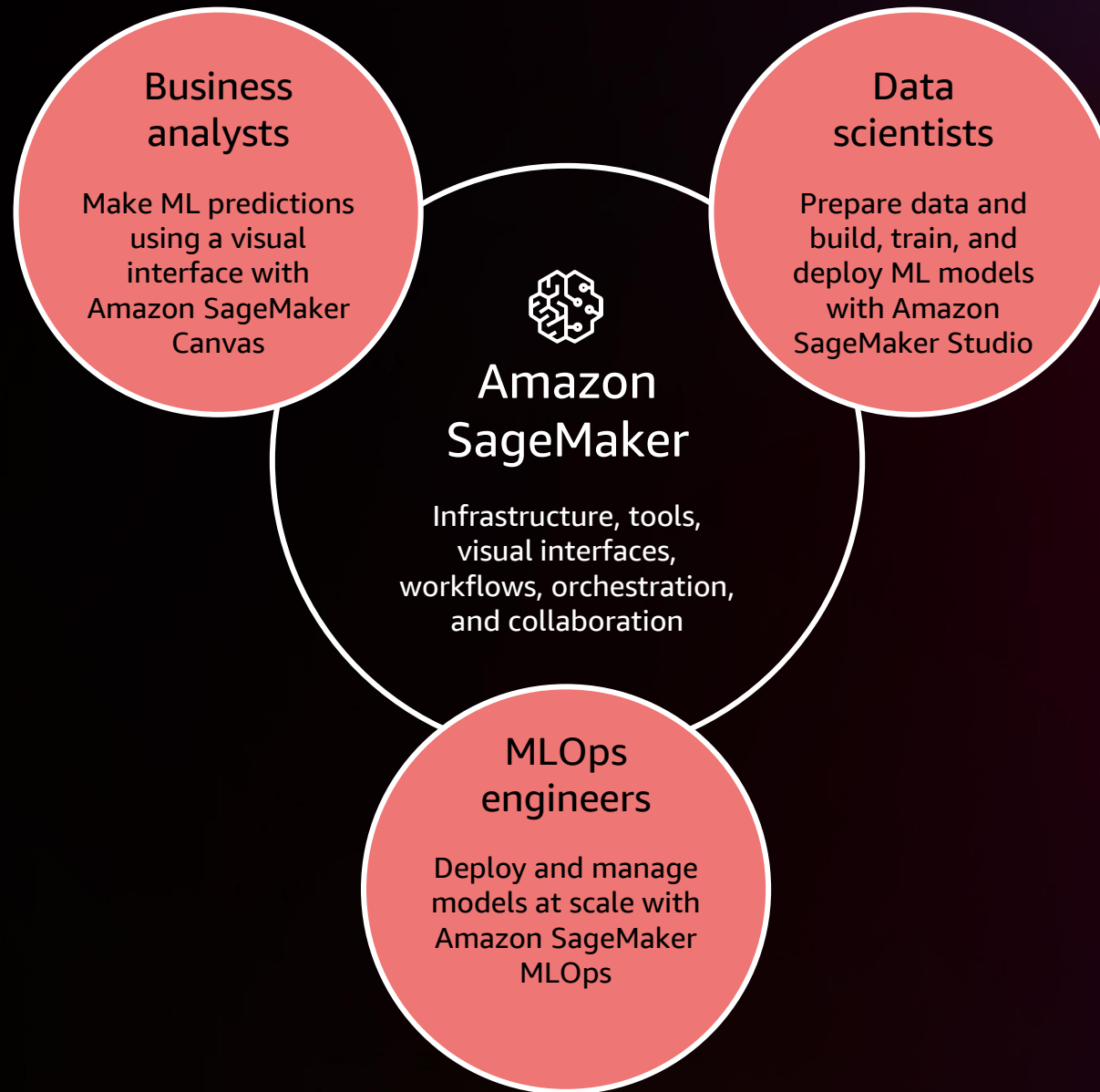
🔗

Survived >5yrs

💡

2 category prediction

Predict



Amazon SageMaker MLOps

Streamline the ML lifecycle



Automate ML workflows to scale model development



Build CI/CD pipelines for ML to accelerate model deployment



Catalog model versions, metadata, metrics, and approvals for traceability and reusability



Track lineage for troubleshooting and compliance



Maintain accuracy of predictions after models are deployed



Enhance governance and security

Machine learning at Thomson Reuters

“Using AWS services, like Amazon SageMaker, we can create our own customized solutions while tapping into core ML functionalities.”

Maria Apazoglou

VP, AI/ML and BI Platforms

Thomson Reuters



History of machine learning at Thomson Reuters

1992

WIN (Westlaw Is Natural)



"Try the only legal research service that lets you search in plain English!"

1996

History Assistant



NLP system that analyzed case law documents to find historical relationships between court decisions

...

Today

Deep learning center in Boston



Gender and Racial Stereotype Detection in Legal Opinion Word Embeddings
In *Proceedings of AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence (AAAI-2022)*



Need for an AI platform

Why?

- Increase of AI use cases
- Teams with different skills and toolsets
- Evolving regulatory requirements
- Need for reproducibility and collaboration

What?

- Access to a secure environment
- Availability of cloud resources at speed
- Seamless model governance integration
- Collaboration using a centralized model repository
- Best practices on code development



Why Amazon SageMaker?

Breadth of services

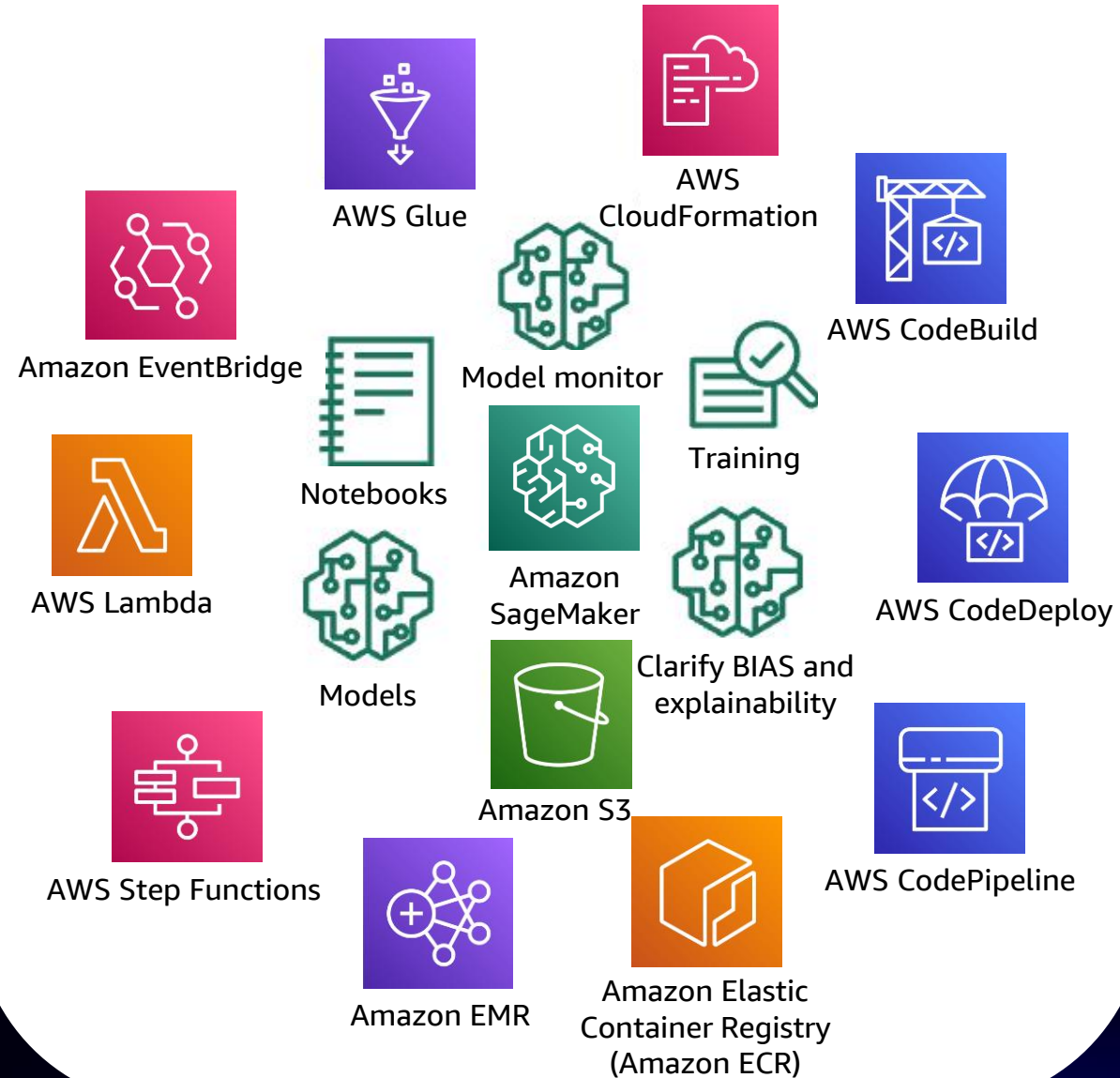
Continuous co-innovation

Machine learning at scale

Flexibility to go from native to custom

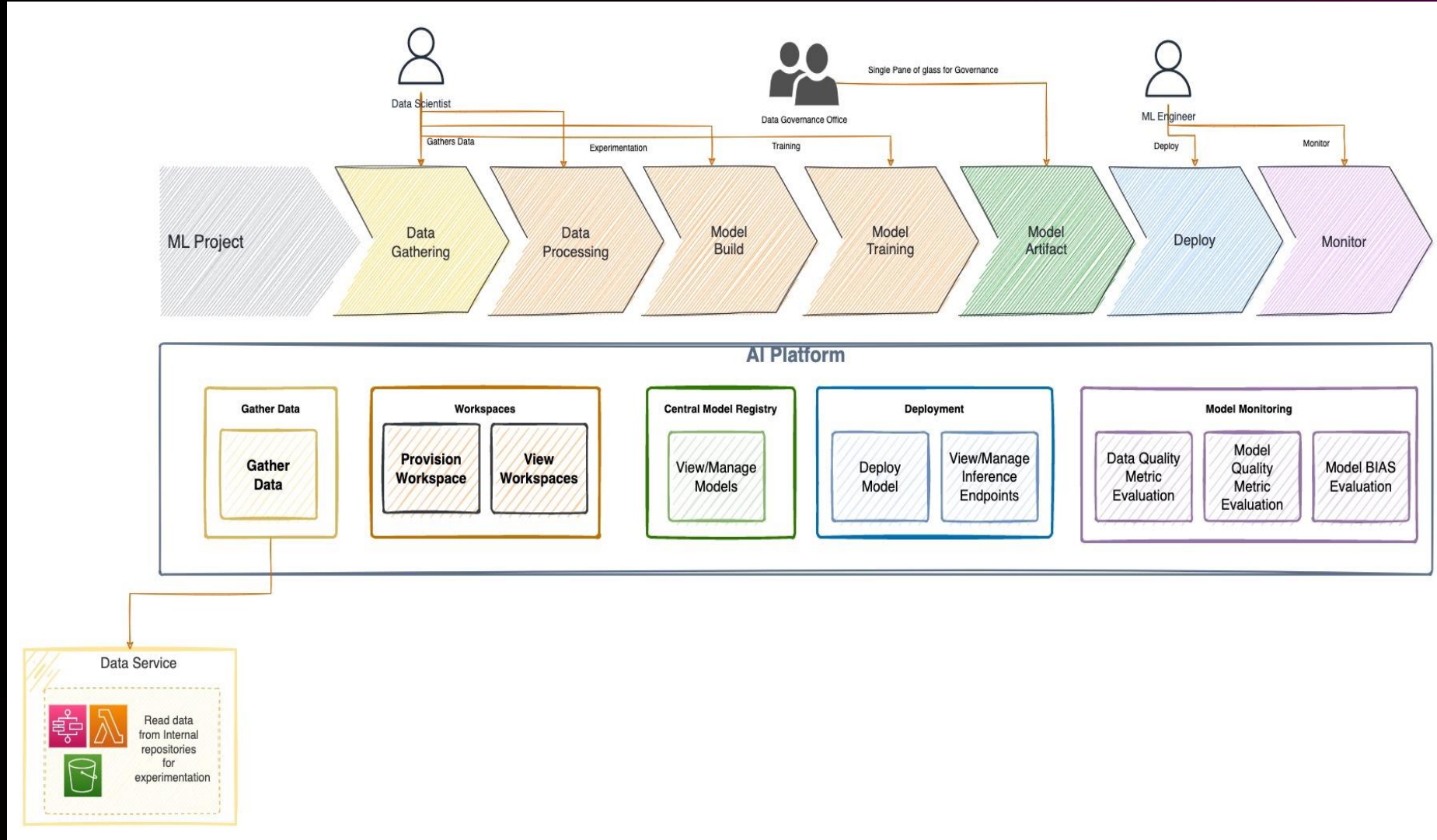
Great partnership

Breadth of services that empowers our vision



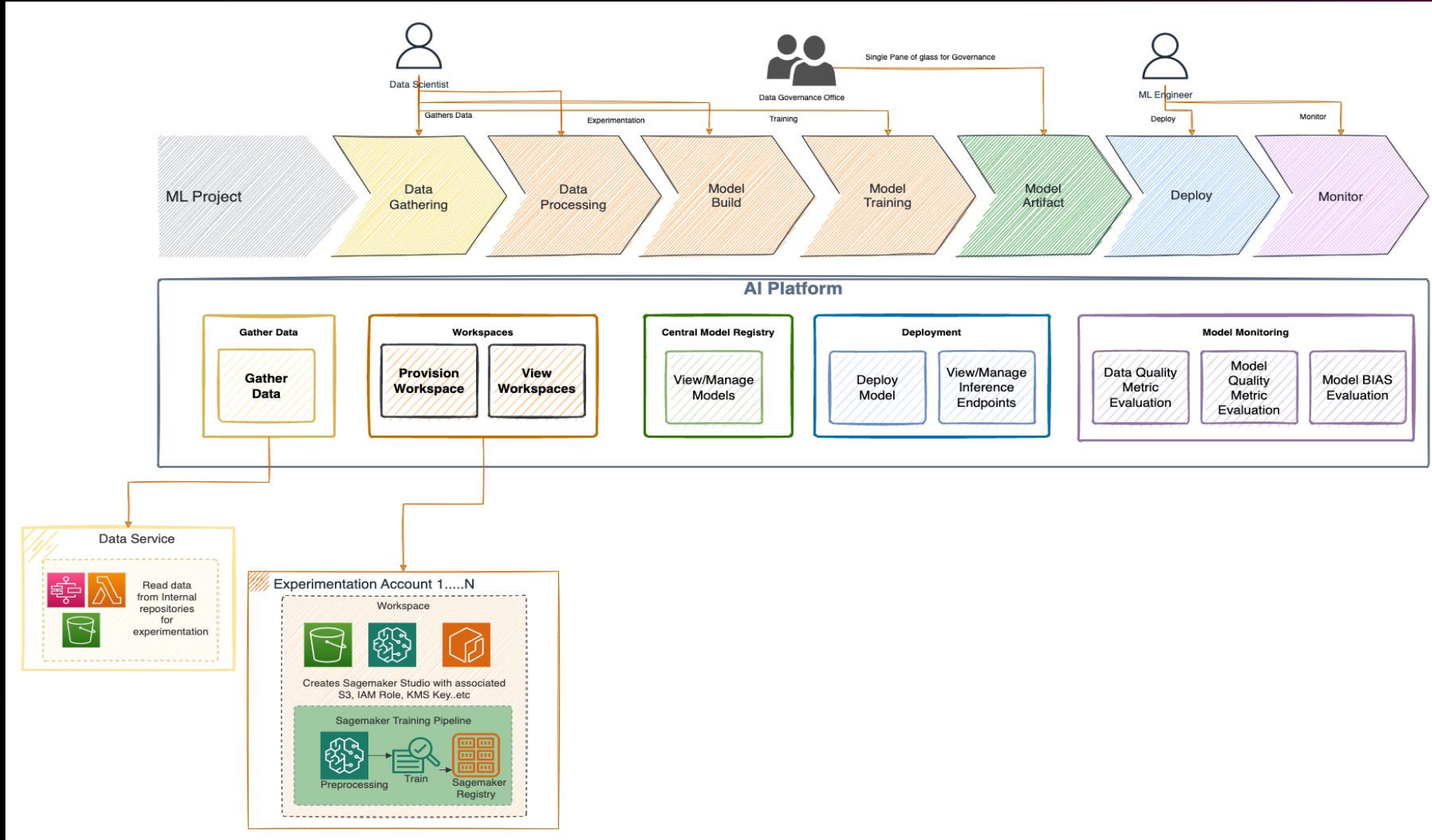
AI platform powered by AWS

AI PLATFORM STANDARDIZES THE FRAMEWORK TO ENABLE MODEL GOVERNANCE



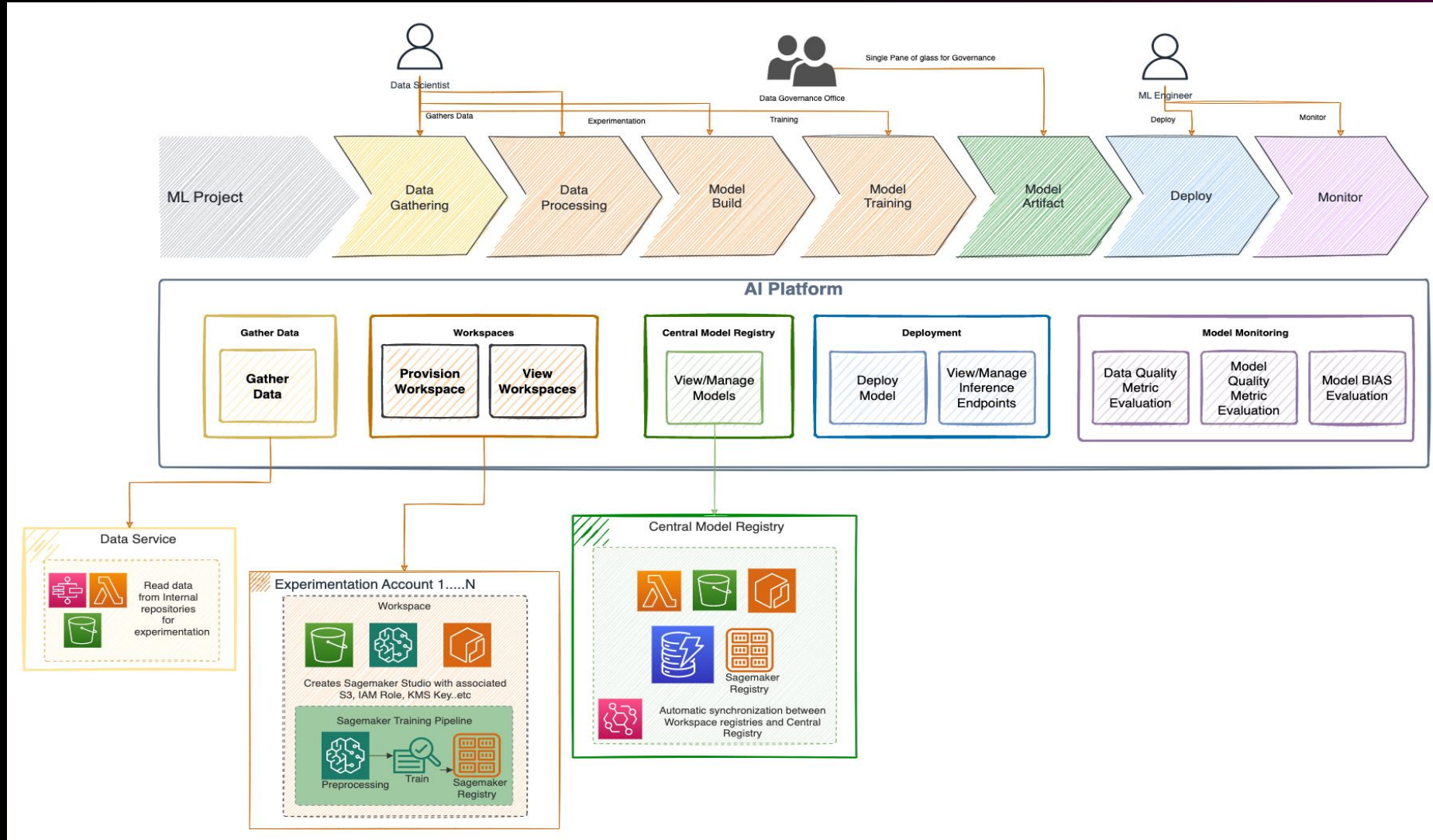
AI platform powered by AWS

AI PLATFORM STANDARDIZES THE FRAMEWORK TO ENABLE MODEL GOVERNANCE



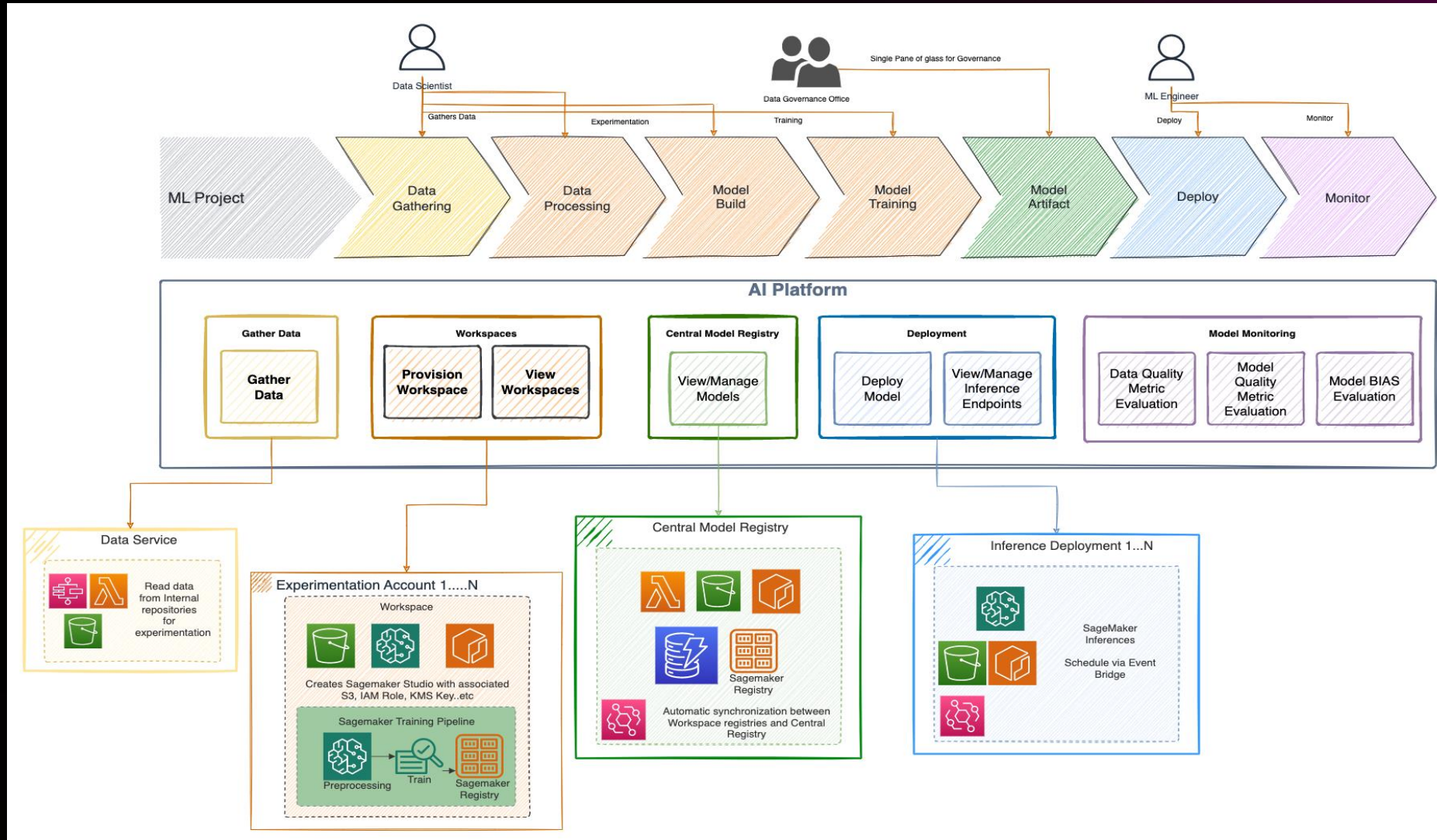
AI platform powered by AWS

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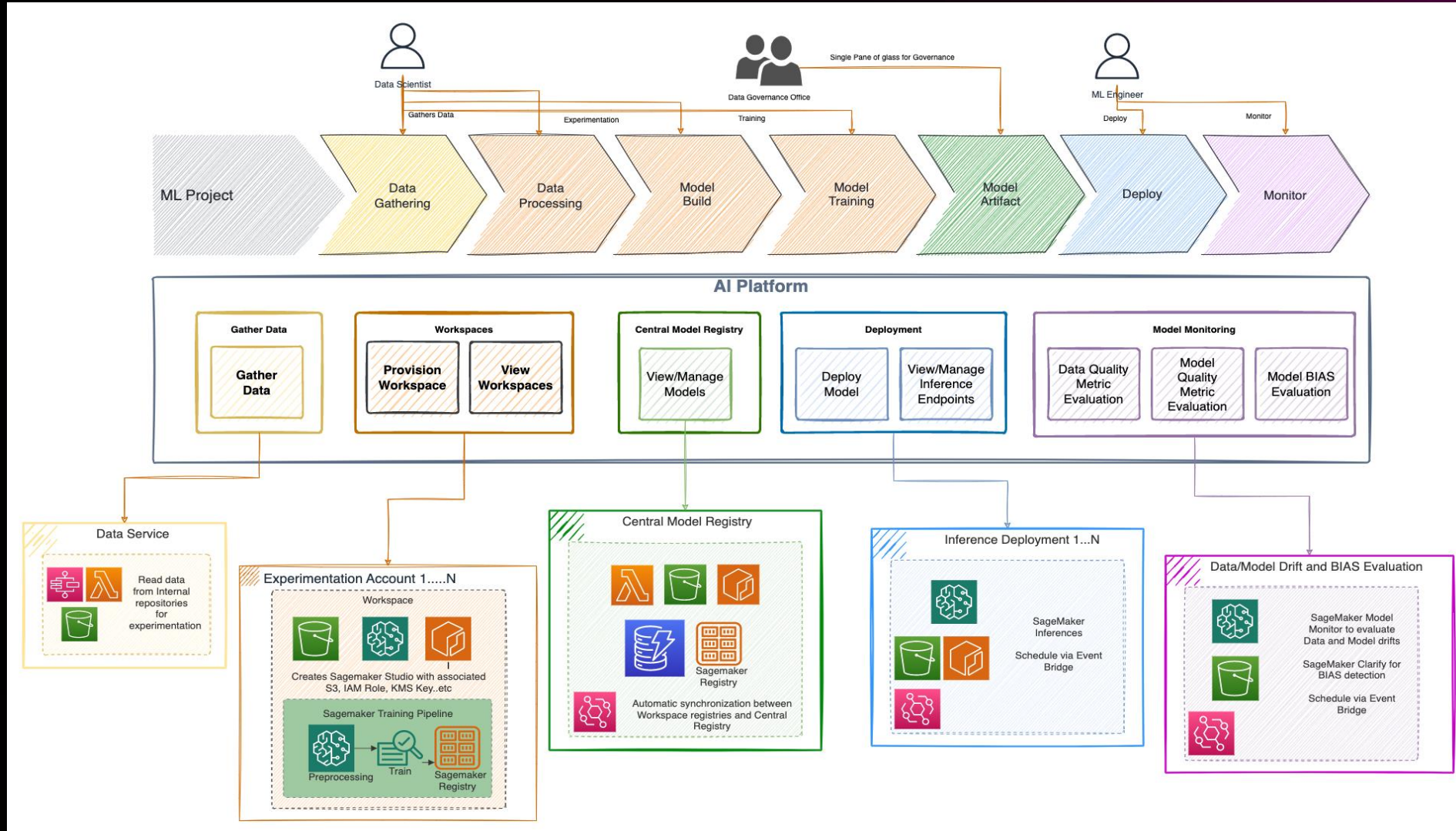
AI platform powered by AWS

AI PLATFORM STANDARDIZES THE FRAMEWORK TO ENABLE MODEL GOVERNANCE



AI platform powered by AWS

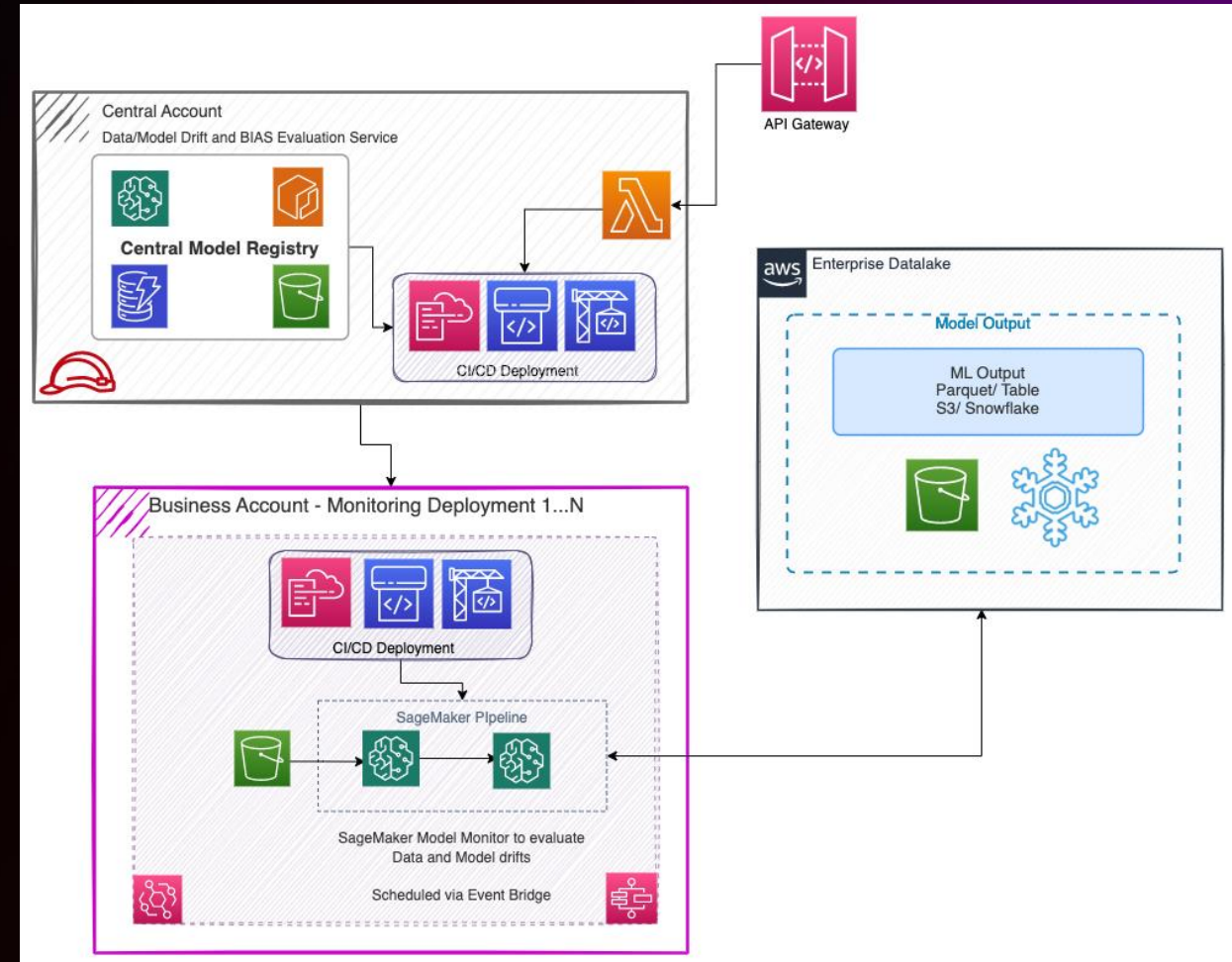
AI PLATFORM STANDARDIZES THE FRAMEWORK TO ENABLE MODEL GOVERNANCE



Deep dive on model monitoring

AMAZON SAGEMAKER MODEL MONITOR

- Models and data **drift** as a **service** with the click of a button
- Baseline and continuous evaluation metrics in a **central repository**
- Custom metrics for model evaluation **standardization**
- Parametrized services for **flexibility**
- Deployment into individual business accounts by a central account for **security** and **isolation**



Deep dive on model monitoring

Add Monitoring Job

General Monitoring Metrics Deployment Details Data Details Monitoring Schedule Notification Details

Monitoring Metrics:

- ☐ recall
- ☐ precision
- ☐ accuracy
- ☒ true_positive_rate
- ☒ true_negative_rate
- ☒ false_positive_rate
- ☐ false_negative_rate
- ☐ auc
- ☐ f0_5
- ☐ f1
- ☐ f2

Monitoring metrics

< Previous Next >

Add Monitoring Job

General Monitoring Metrics Deployment Details Data Details Monitoring Schedule Notification Details

Frequency: * @ Monthly ○ Weekly ○ Daily

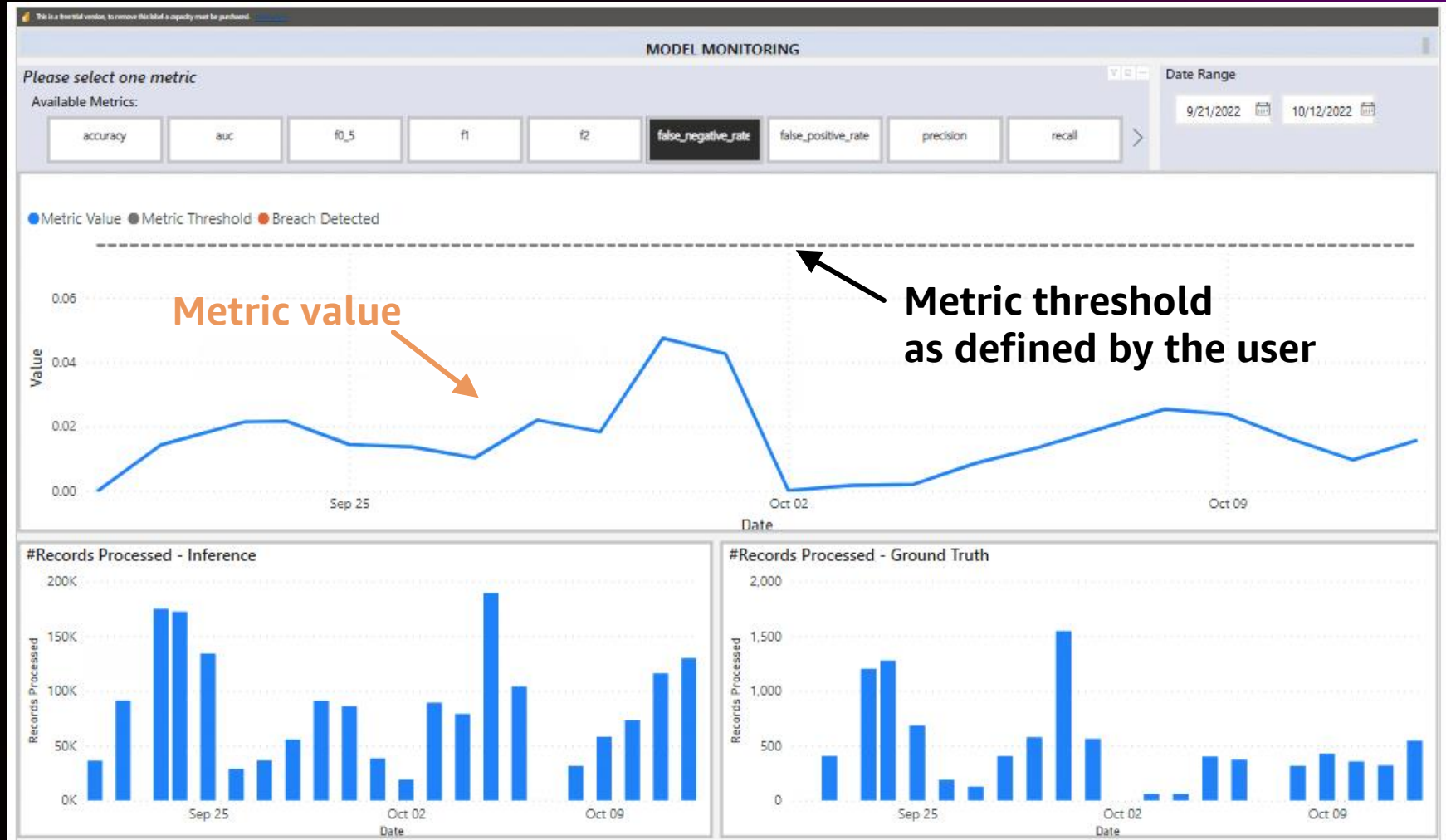
Day: * 1

Time: * 12 : 00 PM (UTC)

Historical Data Timeframe: * 1 month

Monitoring schedule

< Previous Next >



What's next?

Model **bias** and **explainability** services
using **SageMaker Clarify**

Migrate **legacy** models into SageMaker
environment

Onboard users across business units



Amazon SageMaker

COMMON USE CASES

Predictive maintenance

Manufacturing, automotive, IoT

Demand forecasting

Retail, consumer goods, manufacturing

Fraud detection

Financial services, online retail

Credit risk prediction

Financial services, retail

Extract and analyze data from documents

Healthcare, legal, media/entertainment, education

Computer vision

Healthcare, pharma, manufacturing

Autonomous driving

Automotive, transportation

Personalized recommendations

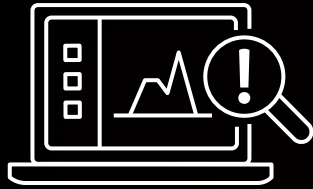
Media/entertainment, retail, education

Churn prediction

Retail, education, software and internet

Amazon SageMaker

RE:INVENT 2022 SESSIONS



Business analysts

No-code ML

AIM207 Make better business decisions with ML using Amazon SageMaker Canvas (Breakout)

AIM337 Build better ML models for business decisions using Amazon SageMaker Canvas (Workshop)

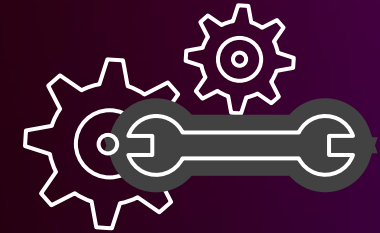


Data scientists

Single IDE for full-code ML

AIM322 Accelerate data preparation with Amazon SageMaker Data Wrangler (Breakout)

AIM313 Scalable data preparation & ML using Apache Spark on Amazon SageMaker Studio (Workshop)



MLOps engineers

Workflow automation and CI/CD

AIM321 Productionize ML workloads using Amazon SageMaker MLOps (Breakout)

AIM308 Implementing MLOps to deliver high-performing ML models faster (Workshop)

Thank you!



Please complete the session survey in the **mobile app**

