## re:Invent

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## A deep dive on the current security threat landscape with AWS

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#### Our sources



AWS Shield, Managed DDoS Protection Service



AWS WAF, Web Application Firewall Service



Amazon GuardDuty, Intelligent Threat Detection Service



AWS Customer Incident Response Team (CIRT), 24/7 Security Event Support



## Key services referenced



AWS CloudTrail, Secure standardized logging of account activity



AWS Config, Assesses, audits, and evaluates AWS resource configurations



AWS Systems Manager, Provides centralized management for AWS resources



Amazon EventBridge, Real-time access to changes in data in AWS



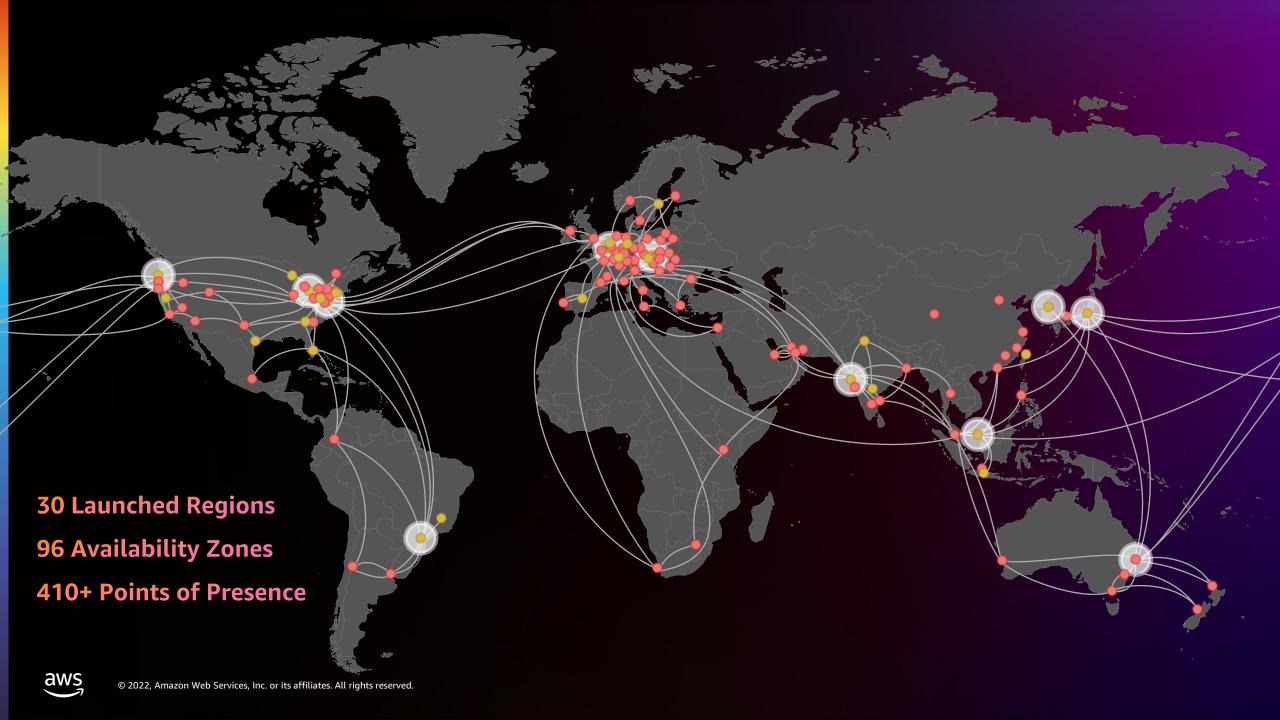
## Agenda

- Common attacks attempted on AWS Infrastructure and applications
- How AWS protects you
- Standing up to DDoS on AWS
- Common AWS account and resource threats
- The leading cause of AWS customer security events
- Key takeaways



## Common attacks attempted on AWS Infrastructure and applications





## What does AWS see most?







Web exploits



Botnet



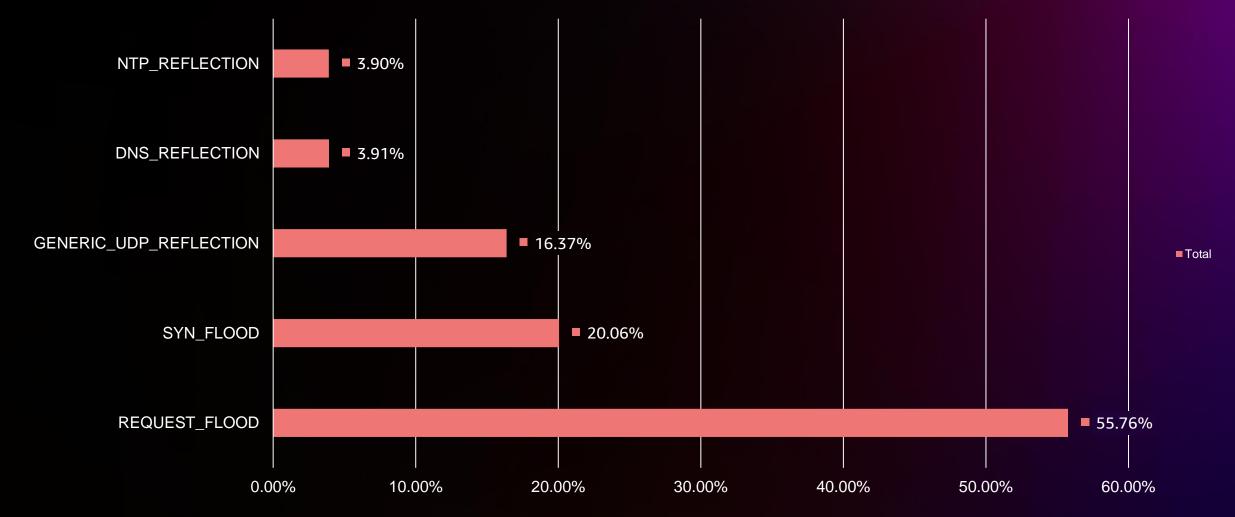
### **Volumetric events**

675,541 2022 Q1-Q3 DDoS events

+39% from 2021 Q1-Q3

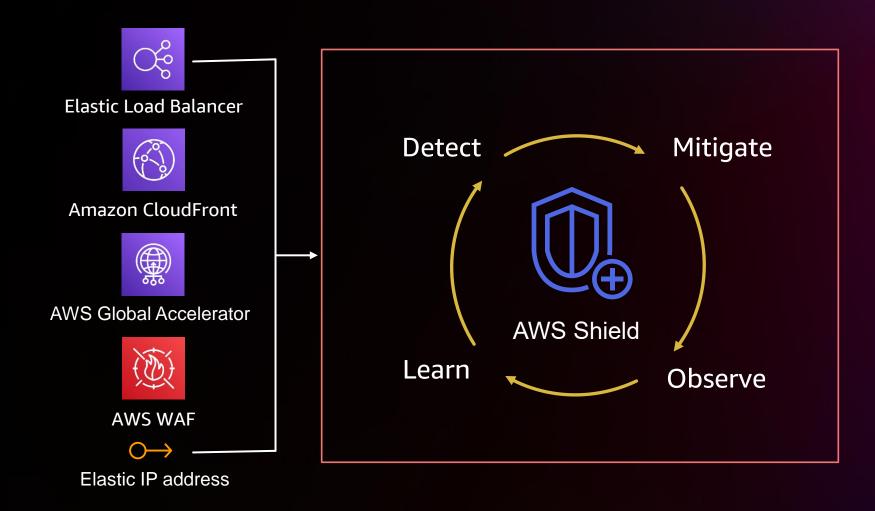


## **Top 5 DDoS vectors in 2022**





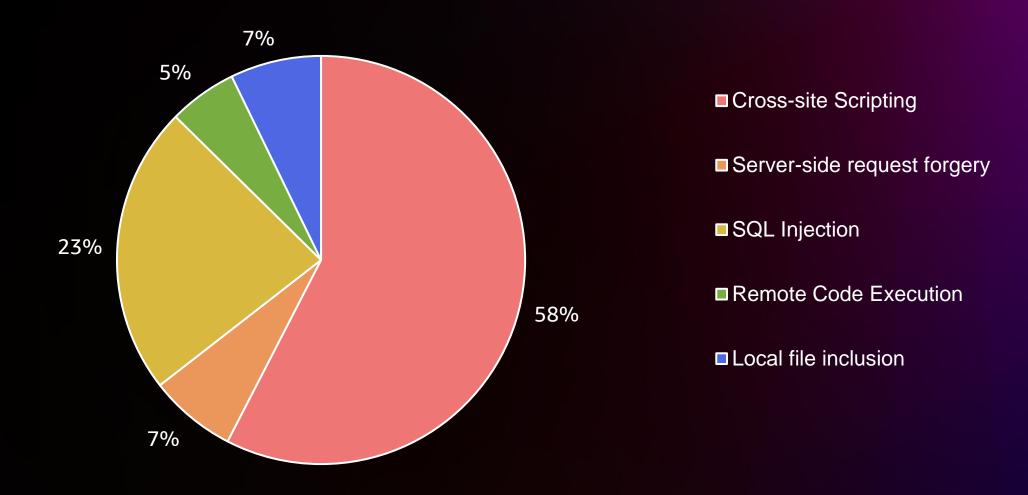
### **AWS Shield**



Check out Breakout Session NET314: Building DDoS resilient applications using AWS Shield



## Attempted exploits of web app vulnerabilities





## AWS Managed Rules for common web threats



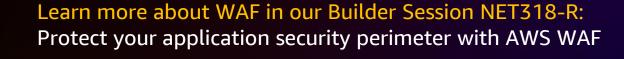
Baseline



Use-case Specific

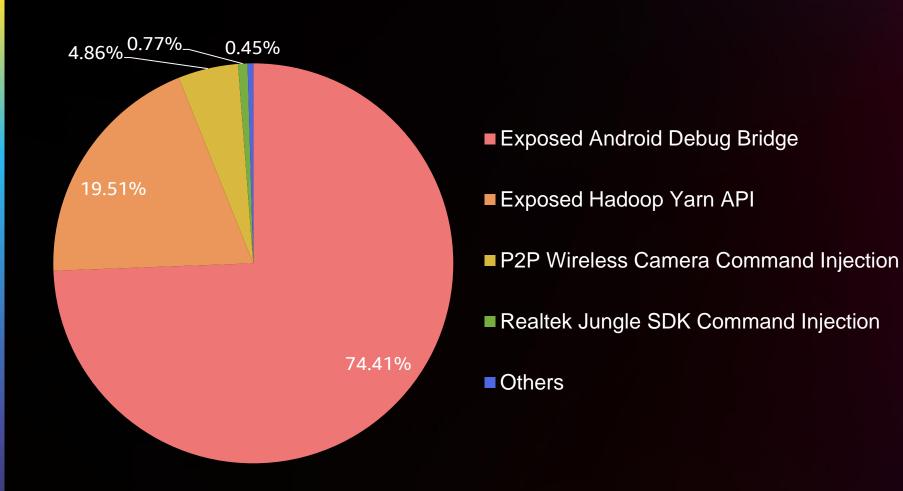


IP Reputation List





## Top 5 attack vectors for botnet malware



## Update managed firewall rules





AWS Network Firewall

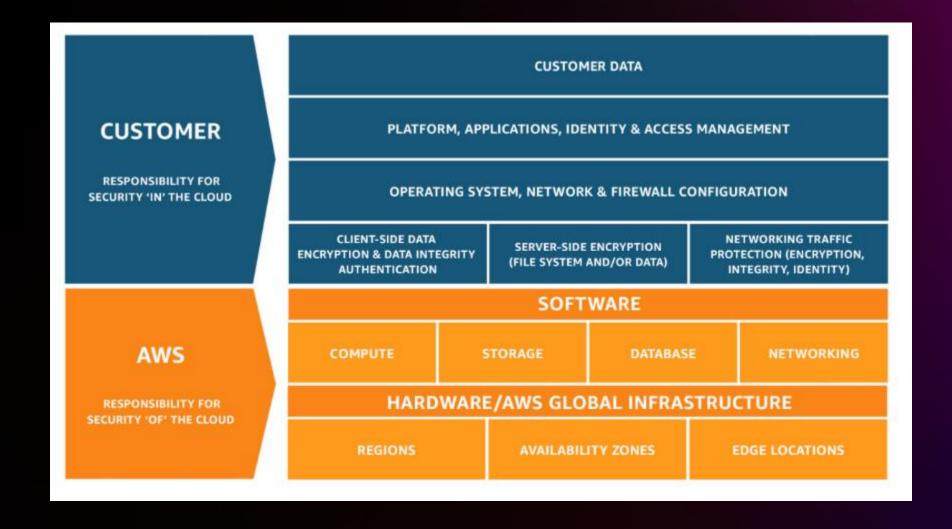
AWS WAF

Update malware detection signatures





## AWS shared responsibility model





## How AWS protects you

106,000

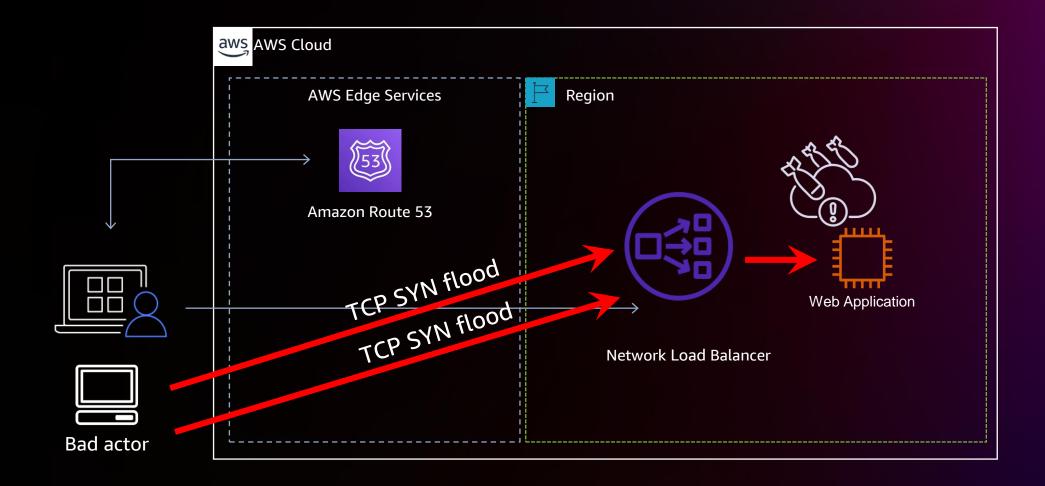
Outbound
DDoS events
Prevented

September 2022



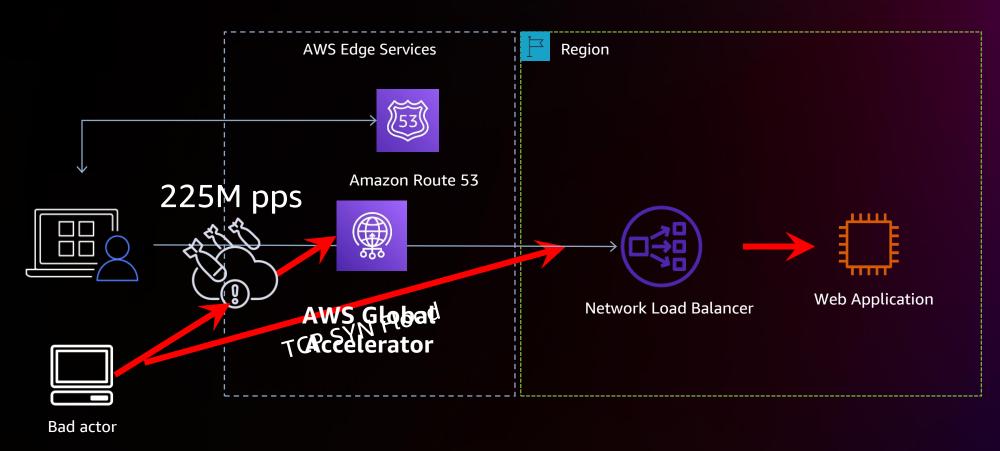
AWS Trust & Safety Team

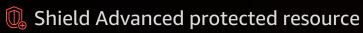
## SYN Flood: A real world example





## SYN Flood: A real world example







## A recipe for standing up to DDoS on AWS



Protecting web applications



Protecting latency sensitive applications



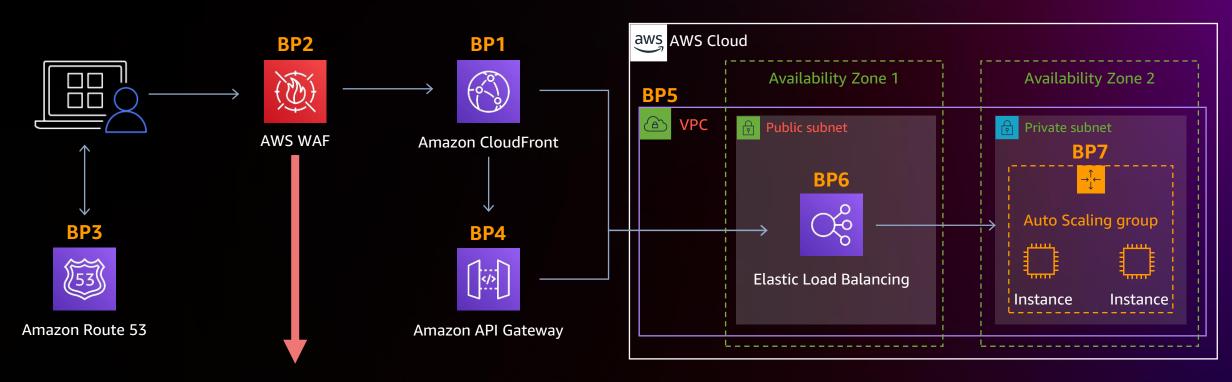
Protecting serverless applications



Protecting on-premise applications



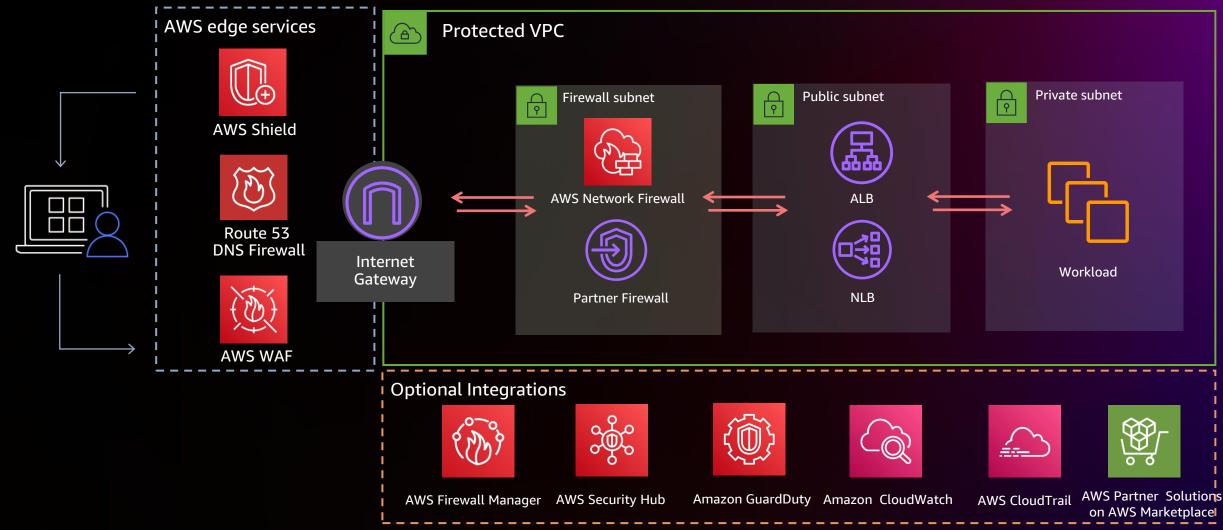
## AWS DDoS resiliency prescriptive guidance



- ✓ Use <u>IP reputation lists</u>
- ✓ Rate limits on Common URLs (e.g. /, login)
- ✓ Shield <u>Automatic Mitigation</u>



## Network edge protections on AWS



# "By failing to prepare, you are preparing to fail"

## Benjamin Franklin

Founding Father of the United States



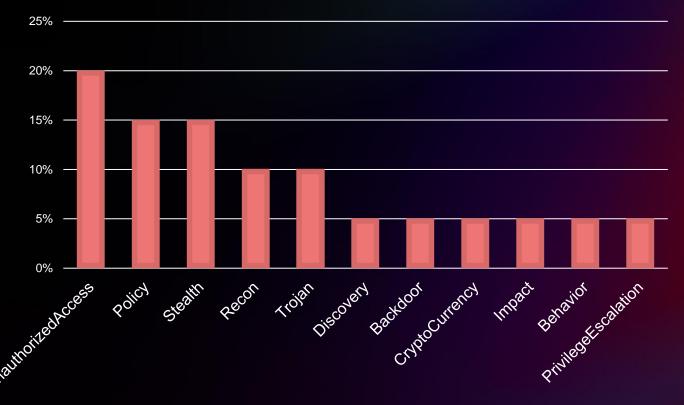
## Common AWS account and resource threats





## Top threats detected by Amazon GuardDuty

#### THREAT PURPOSES FOR TOP FINDING TYPES JULY 1ST 2022 TO SEPTEMBER 30TH 2022









Amazon S3

## Top threats detected by Amazon GuardDuty

The most common threat purposes were...



Unauthorized Access



Policy



Stealth



## **Top EC2 Threats**



#### **Unauthorized Access:**

EC2/RDP Brute Force

EC2/SSH Brute Force







## **Top EC2 Threats**



#### **Unauthorized Access:**

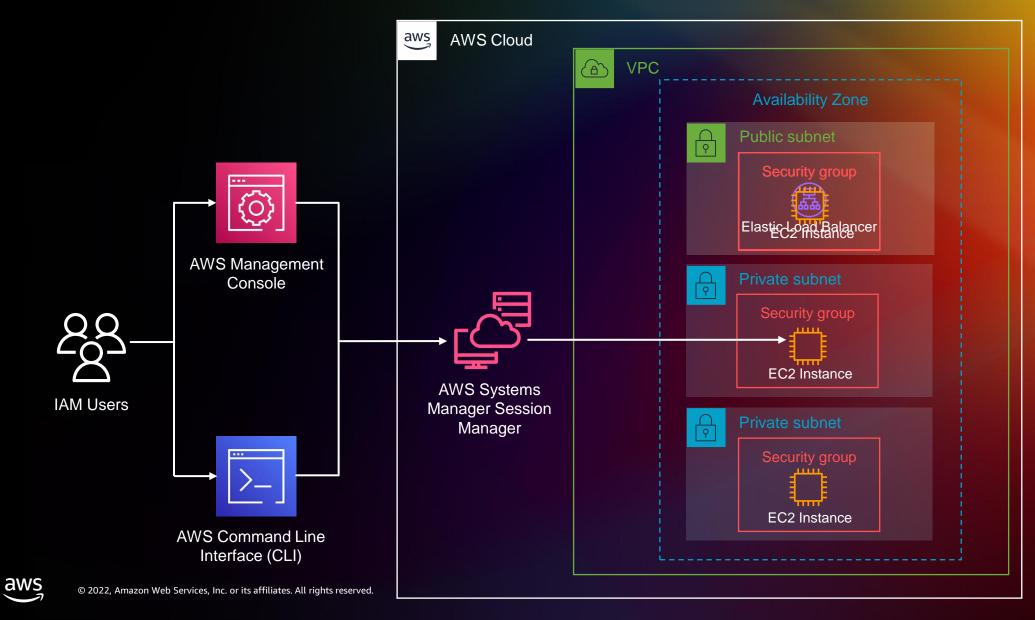
EC2/RDP Brute Force

EC2/SSH Brute Force





## **Securing EC2 instance access**



## Top policy related threats



### **Policy:**

IAM User/Root Credential Usage



S3/Bucket Block Public Access Disabled

S3/Bucket Anonymous Access Granted



## Root credential best practices



✓ Protect your AWS account root user with Multi-Factor Authentication



✓ Avoid creating an access key for the AWS account root user



✓ Limit use of the AWS root account



## S3 access best practices



✓ Enable S3 Block Public Access



✓ Grant IAM roles access to S3 buckets.





✓ Encrypt your data



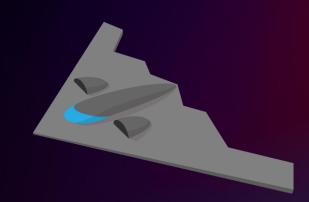
## **Top Stealth Related Finding**







S3/Server Access Logging Disabled



## **S3 Logging Best Practices**

✓ Enable server access logging for S3

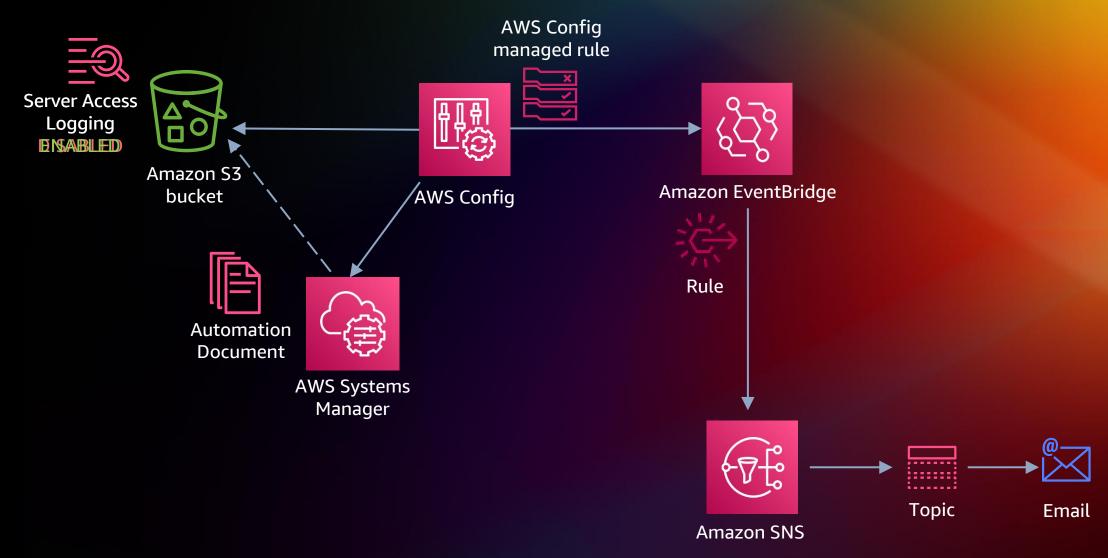




✓ Use the AWS Config rules to know when S3 logging is disabled and take action



## Automatic configuration remediation





Ransomware

Ransom

Data destruction

Check out session WPS305 and chalk talk STG305-R1



#### Ransomware



Unauthorized users gain access

Malware Deployed

Malware encrypts data

A ransom demand



#### Ransom



Unauthorized users gain access

Exfiltrate data

Hold data for ransom



#### Data destruction



Unauthorized users gain access

Deletes some data

A ransom demand

Bad actor does not return data

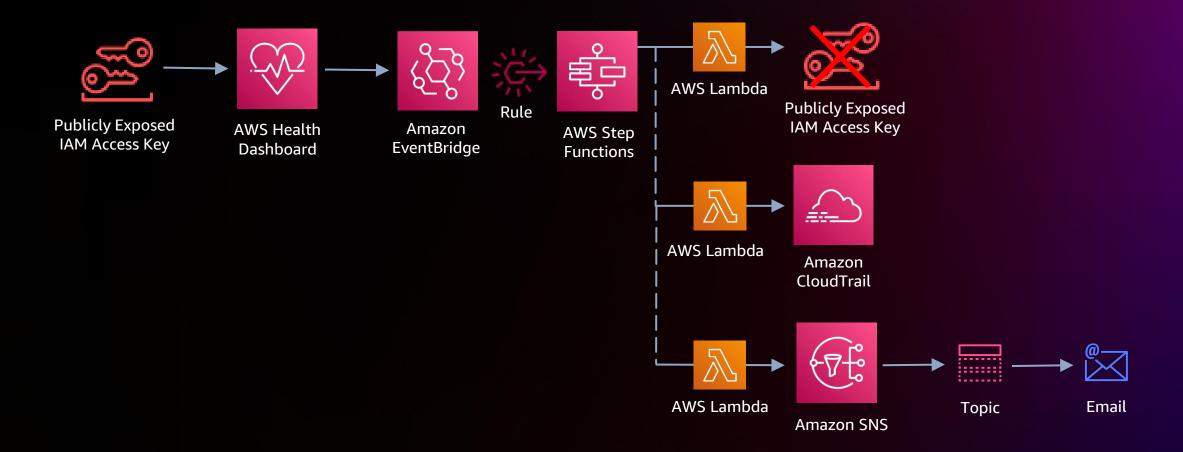


"The most common cause of customer security events is the unintended disclosure of security credentials and secrets by customers."

AWS Customer Incident Response Team (CIRT)



## Automatic remediation of exposed credentials



## Key takeaways

What is the data telling you? Eat your veggies!!!



Protect your AWS infrastructure and applications

AWS DDoS resiliency prescriptive guidance.

Use AWS WAF managed rules to protect applications



## Key takeaways

#### Protect your AWS accounts

- Limit the use of the root account, and long-term credentials.
- Ensure proper security and access controls for EC2 instances and S3 buckets.
- Use a defense in depth strategy when protecting your AWS resources.
- Schedule regular tests of your backup and recovery plan.



### Additional resources



AWS Best Practices for DDoS Resiliency
AWS Whitepaper



Protecting against ransomware AWS Cloud Security Guidance



AWS Best Practices for Securing the Root

<u>User</u>

Reference Guide



AWS Health Exposed Credentials Event

Automated Action

Example Architecture and CloudFormation Stack



Amazon S3 Preventative Security
Best Practices
Amazon S3 User Guide



Amazon S3 Monitoring and Auditing
Best Practices
Amazon S3 User Guide

## Thank you!

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