

The background features a vibrant, multi-colored gradient. It starts with a dark blue on the left, transitions through purple and magenta, and then into bright orange and yellow towards the right. A diagonal line separates the darker blue on the left from the lighter colors on the right.

AWS
re:Invent

W P S 3 0 5

Building your geospatial data lake

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There is **more data**
than people think

Data

grows
>10x
every 5 years

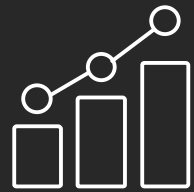
Data platforms need to

live for
15
years

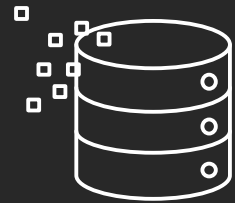
scale
1,000x

Source: IDC, Data Age 20215: The Evolution of Data to Life-Critical Don't Focus on Big Data, Focus on the Data That's Big, April 2017.

Customers want more value from their data



Growing
exponentially



From new
sources



Increasingly
diverse

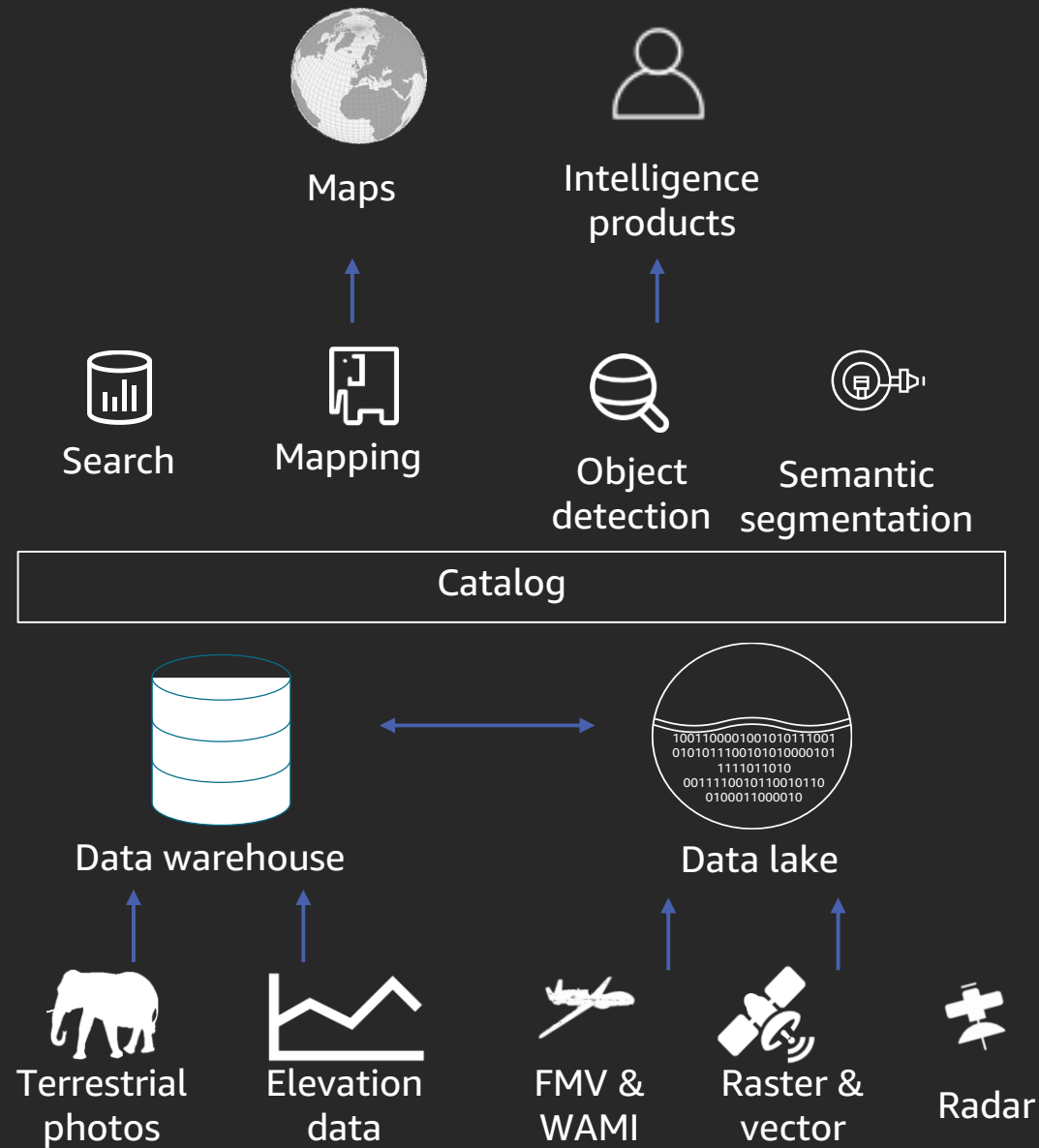


Used by
many people



Analyzed by
many applications

Why geospatial data lakes?



Data lakes provide:

Relational and non-relational data

Scale-out to exabytes

Diverse set of analytics and machine learning tools

Work on data without any data movement

Designed for low-cost storage and analytics

Characteristics of a data lake



Collect
anything



Dive in
anywhere



Flexible
access



Future
proof

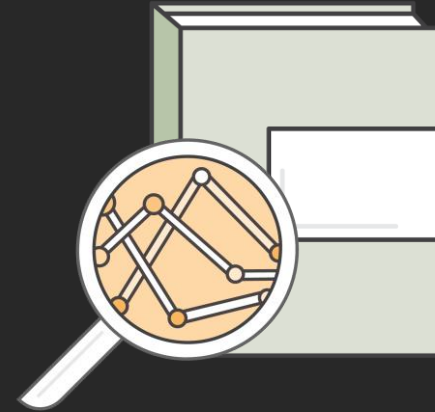
Important components of a data lake



Access &
user interface



Ingest & store

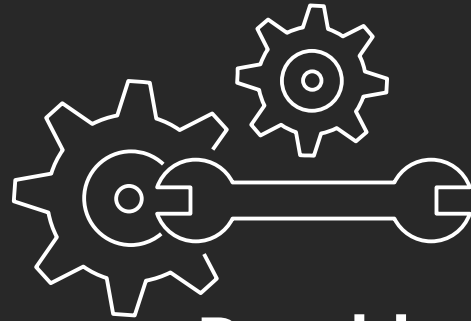


Catalog
& search



Protect
& secure

Why Amazon S3 for data lakes?



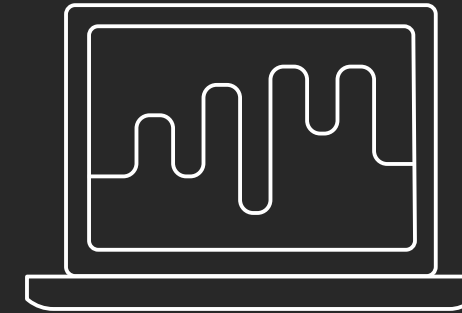
Durable

Designed for 11 9s of durability



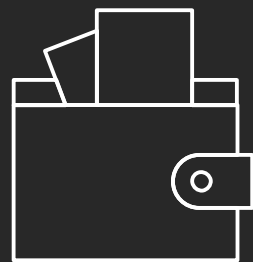
Available

Designed for 99.99% availability



High performance

- Multiple upload
- Range GET



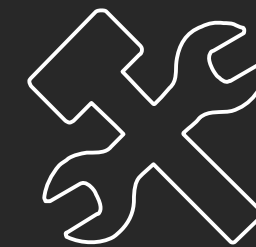
Easy to use

- Simple REST API
- AWS SDKs
- Read-after-create consistency
- Event notification
- Lifecycle policies



Scalable

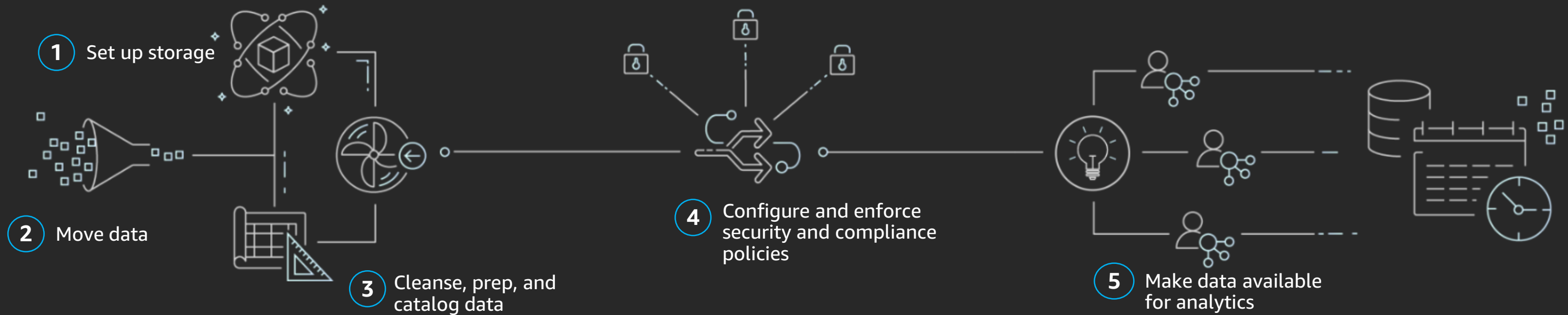
- Store as much as you need
- Scale storage and compute independently
- No minimum usage commitments



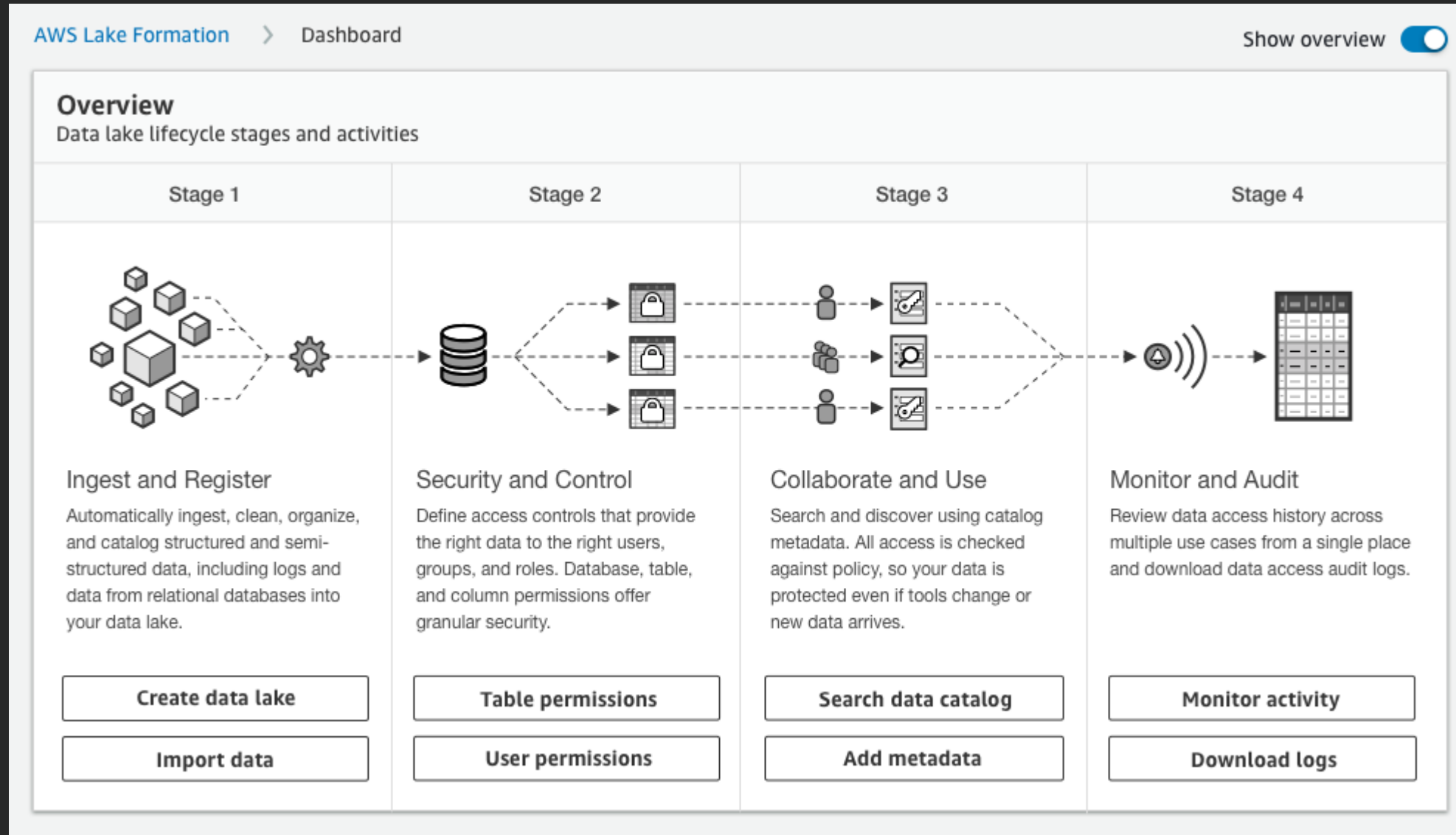
Integrated

- Amazon Redshift/Spectrum
- Amazon EMR
- Amazon Athena
- Amazon DynamoDB

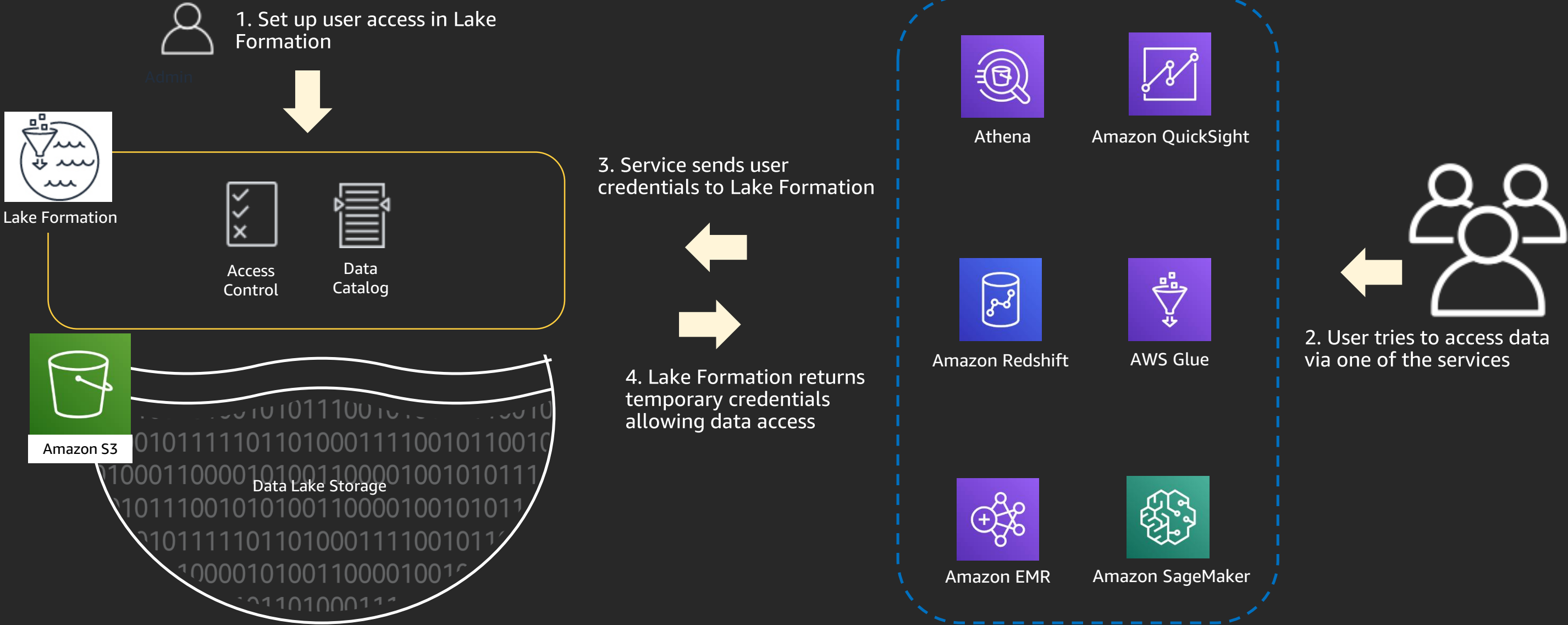
Typical steps of building a data lake



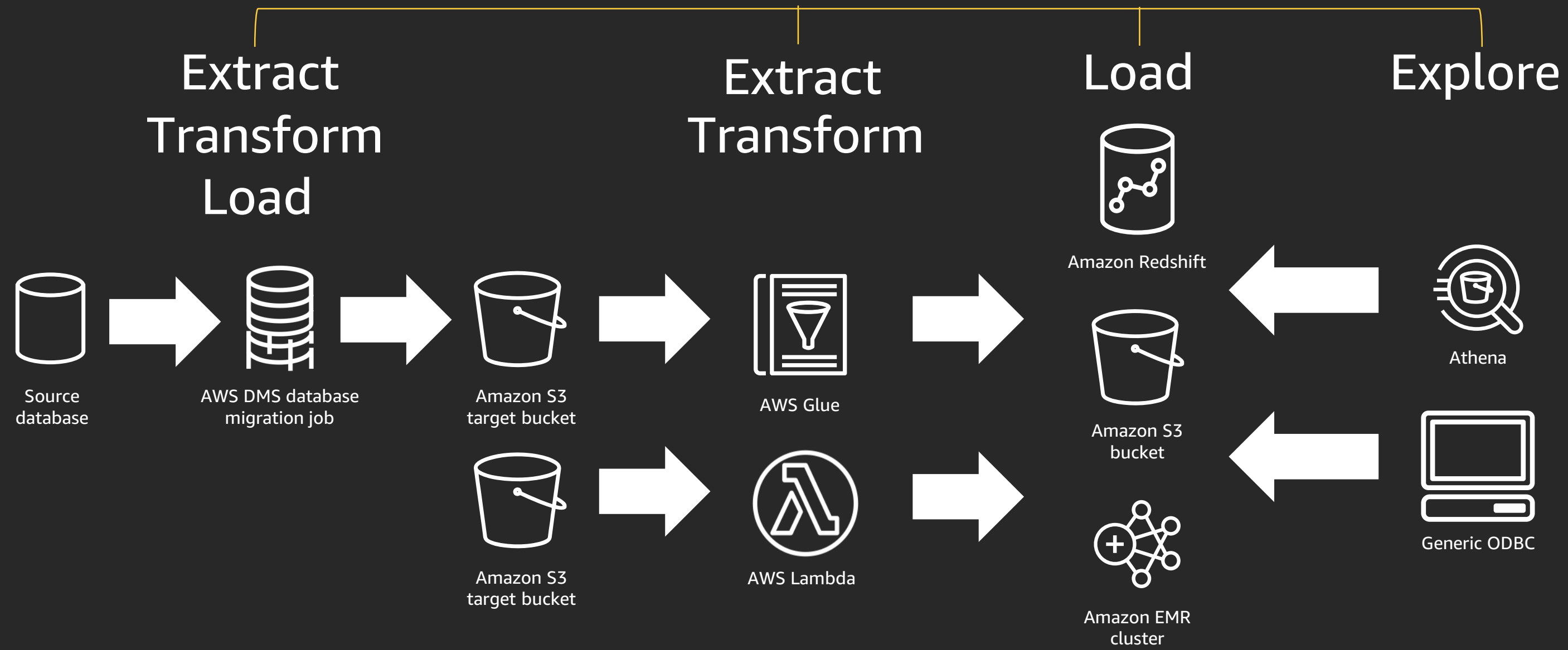
How AWS Lake Formation works



Secure once, access in multiple ways



Make your geospatial data discoverable

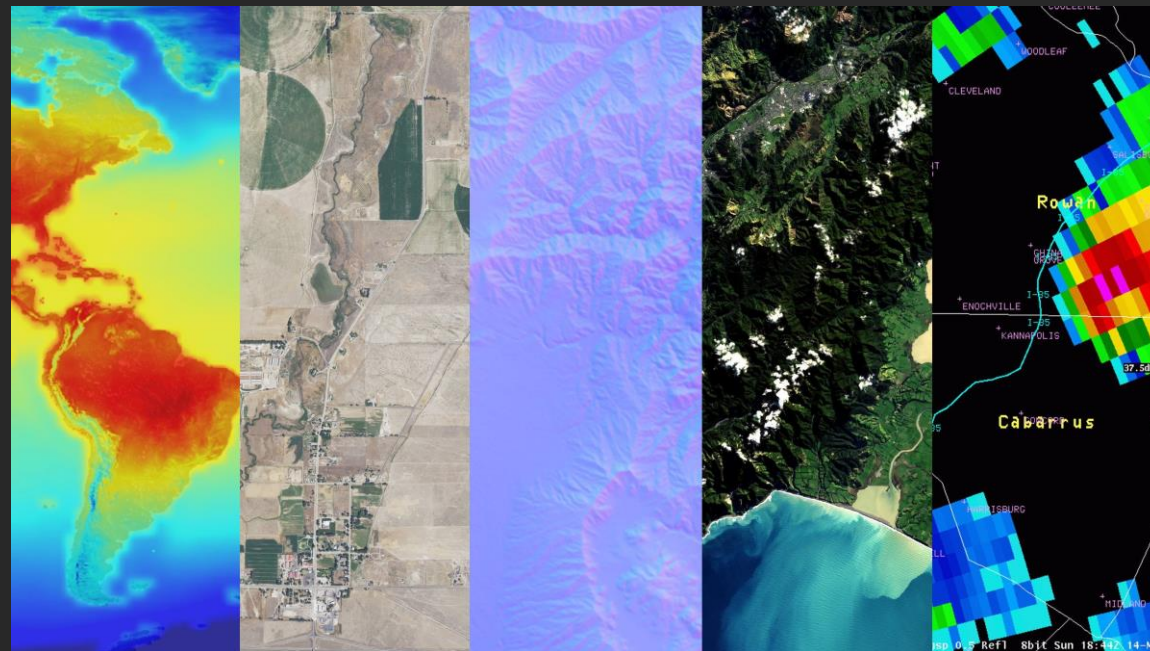


Getting started



AWS Public Datasets

<https://registry.opendata.aws>



Earth on AWS

<https://aws.amazon.com/earth>



AWS Free Tier

<https://aws.amazon.com/free/>

Questions?

Related sessions

AIM366-R – SpaceNet: ML to solve mapping challenges

WPS307 – Building a serverless GIS/geo-positioning and alerting solution

WPS319-R – Best practices for working with large-scale geospatial data

STG401 – Manage objects and optimize cost with Amazon S3 and Amazon S3 Glacier

Thank you!

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Please complete the session survey in the mobile app.