



AWS  
re:Invent

**NET 405 - R**

# Encryption options for AWS Direct Connect

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# 400 Level session

Sessions are for attendees who are deeply familiar with the topic, have implemented a solution on their own already, and are comfortable with how the technology works across multiple services, architectures, and implementations

# What will you get out of this session?

- Learn different encryption approaches
- Get to know your environment for the session
- Encrypt DX connection with a particular approach

# Related breakouts

**NET315-R** – AWS Direct Connect with AWS Transit Gateway

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**NET333-R** – Building hybrid architectures with AWS Transit Gateway, Direct Connect and VPNs

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**NET406-R** – AWS Transit Gateway reference architectures for many VPCs

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**NET314-R** – Use AWS Transit Gateway to interconnect multi-account VPCs

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**NET317-R** – Connectivity to AWS and hybrid AWS network architectures

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**NET305-R** – Advanced VPC design and new capabilities for Amazon VPC

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# Encrypting DX connection

- Private VIF + application-layer TLS
- Private/Transit VIF + virtual VPN appliances (can be transit VPC)
- Private VIF + detached VGW + AWS Site-to-Site VPN (CloudHub functionality)
- Public VIF + AWS Virtual Private Gateway (BGP, IPSec tunnel, BGP)
- Public VIF + AWS Transit Gateway (BGP, IPSec tunnel, BGP) **New!**

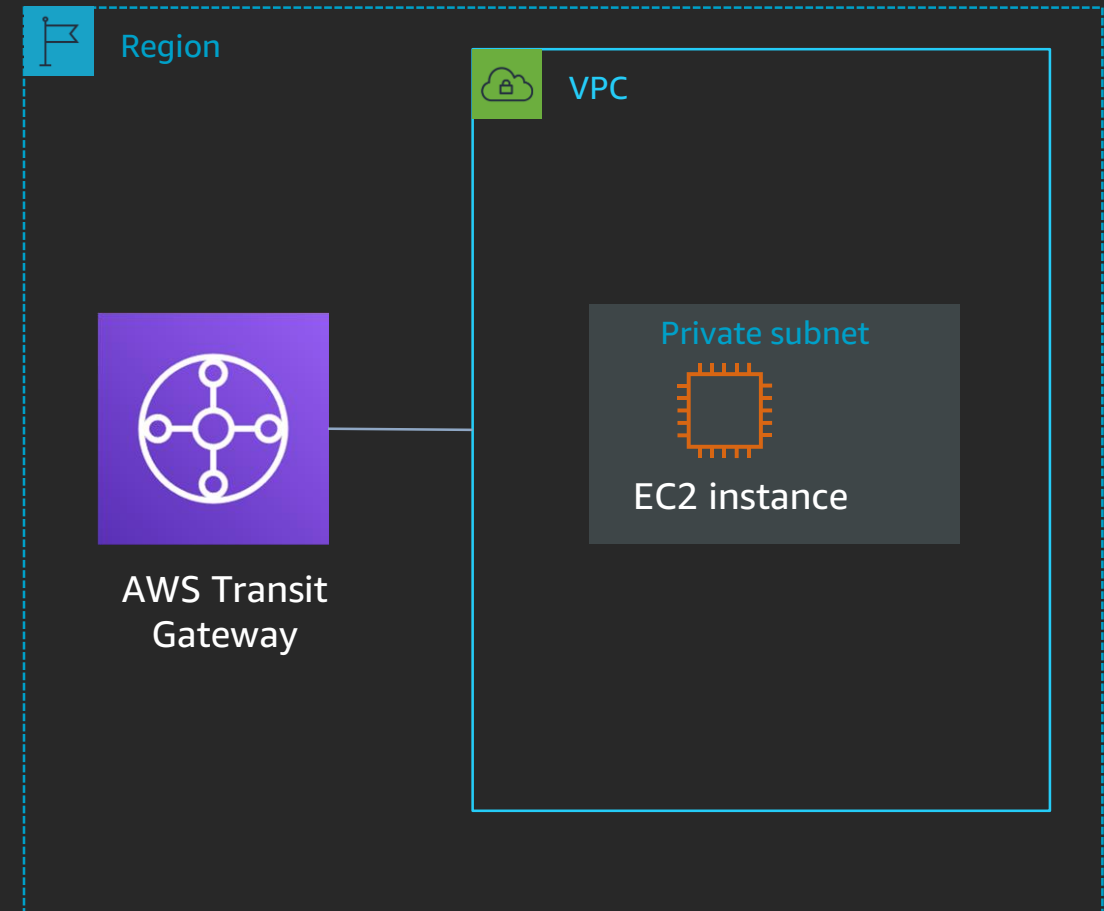
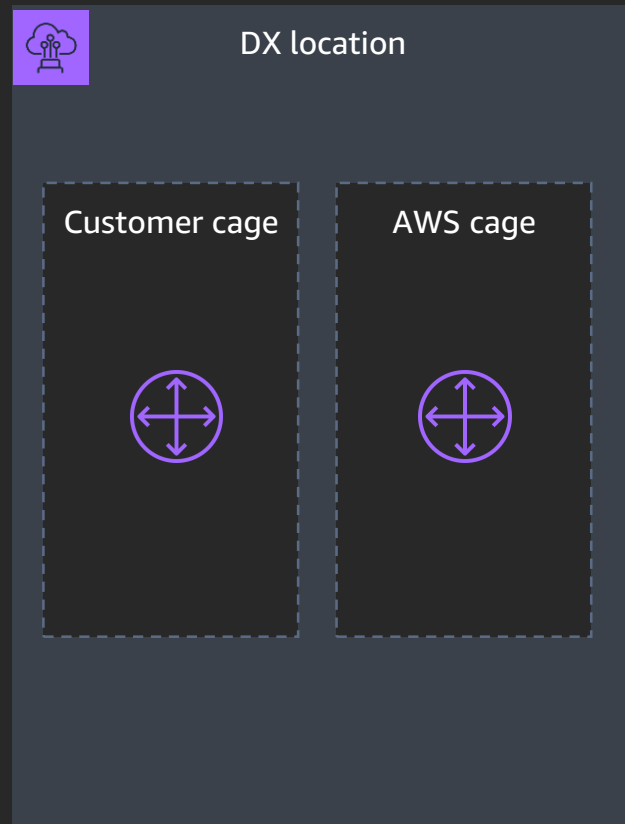
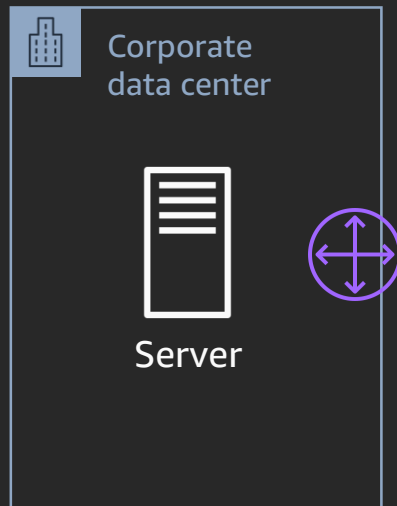
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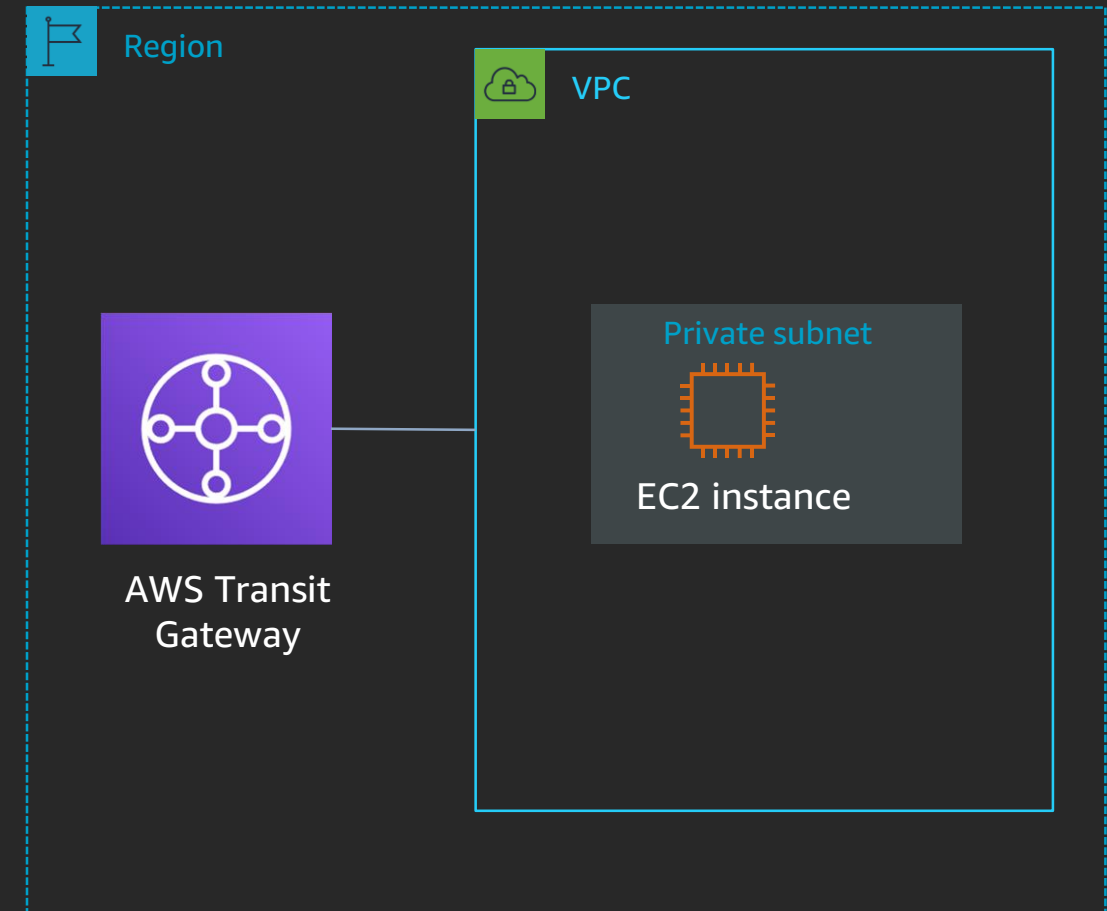
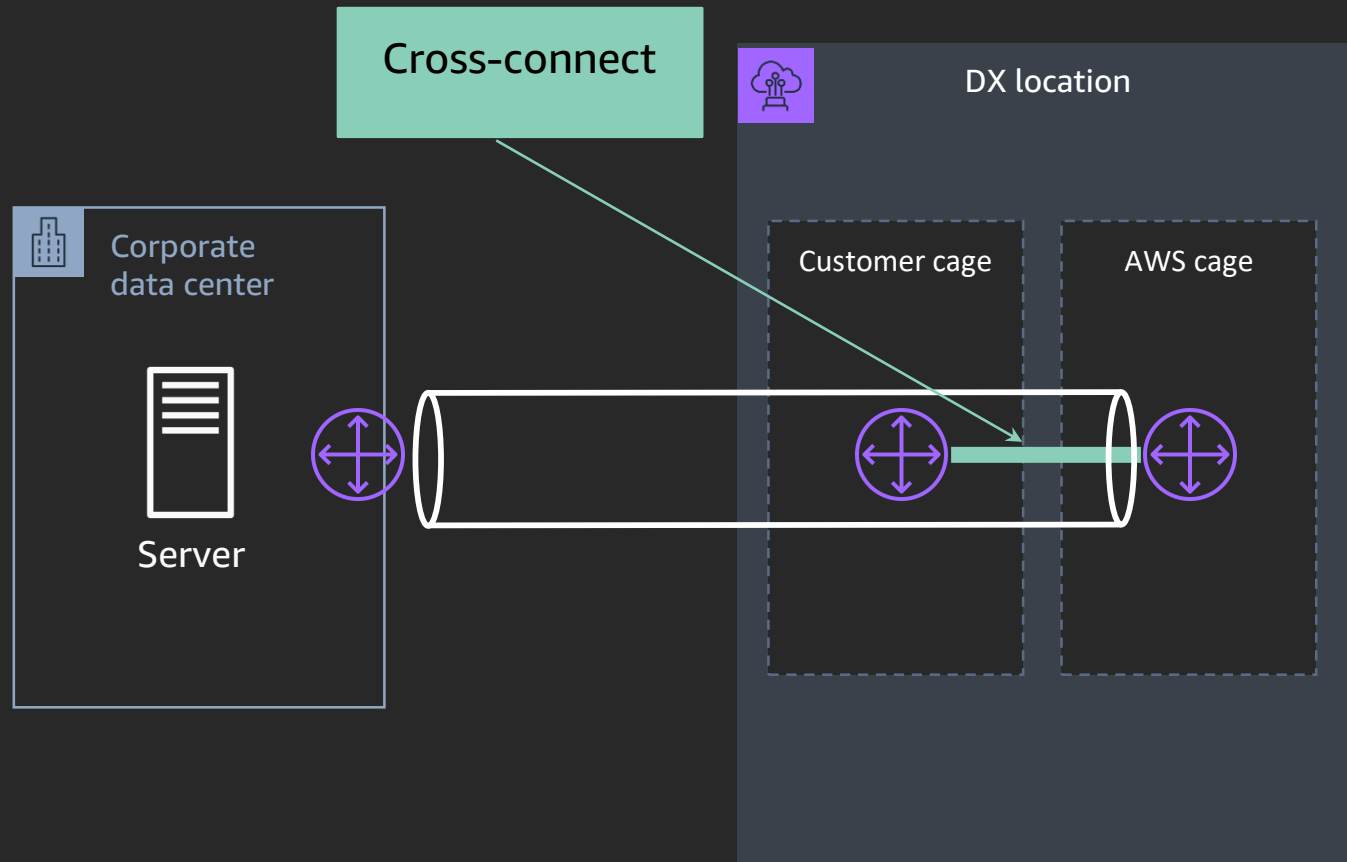
# Target architecture



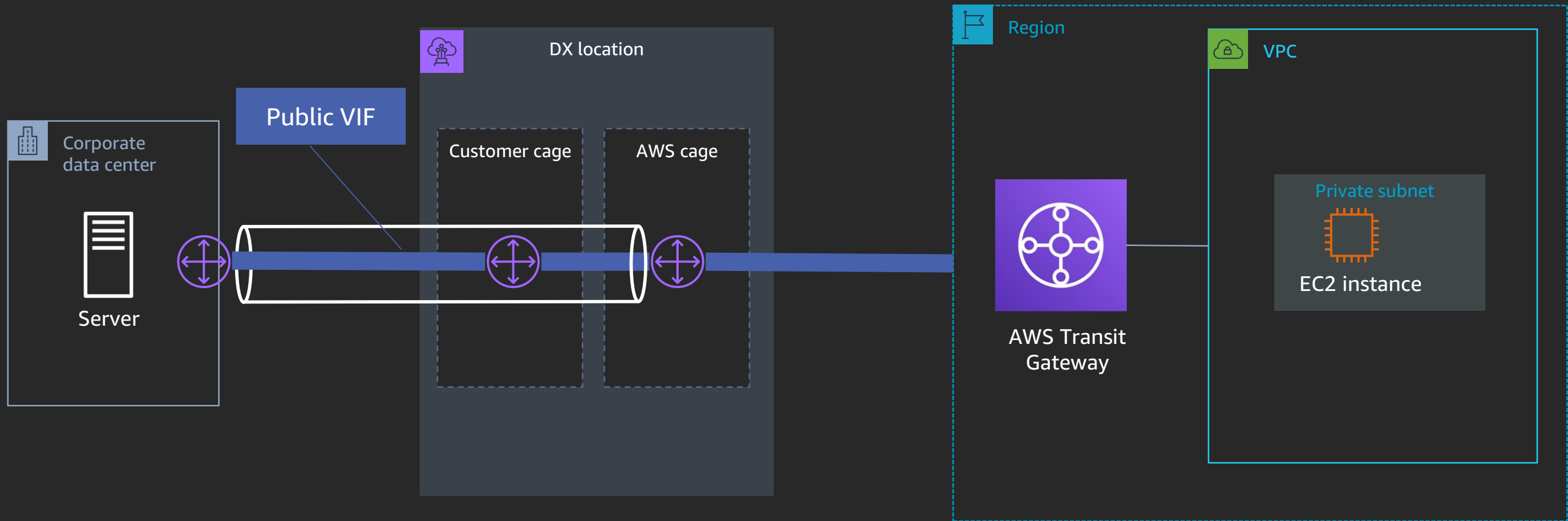
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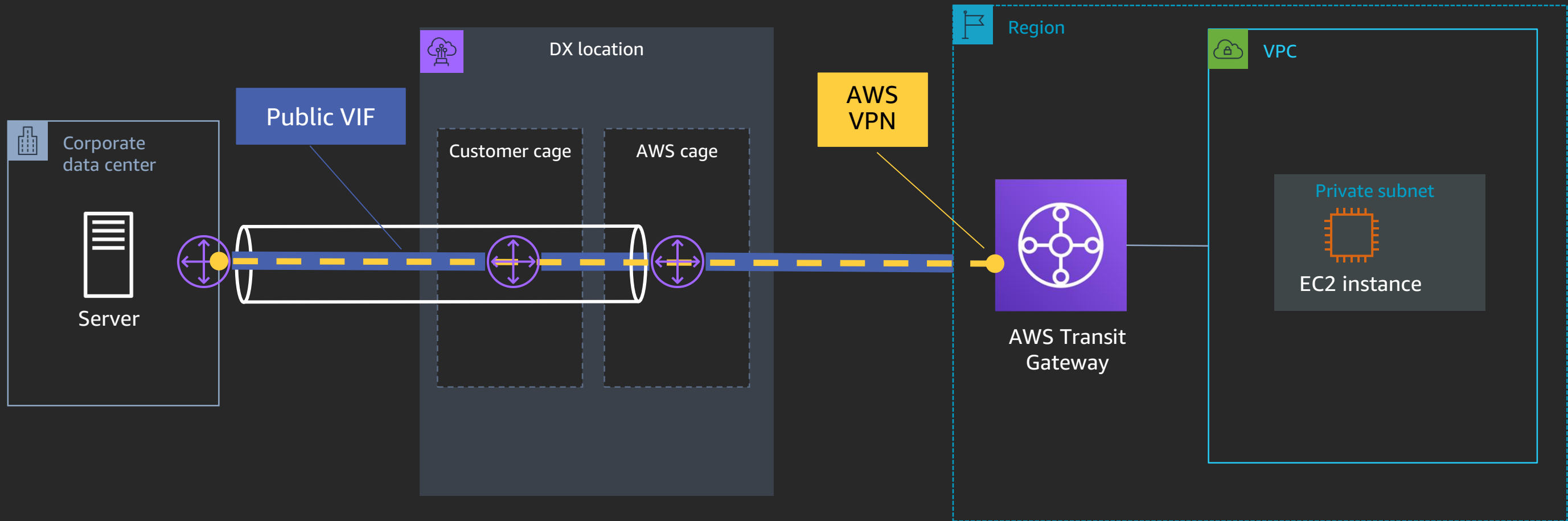
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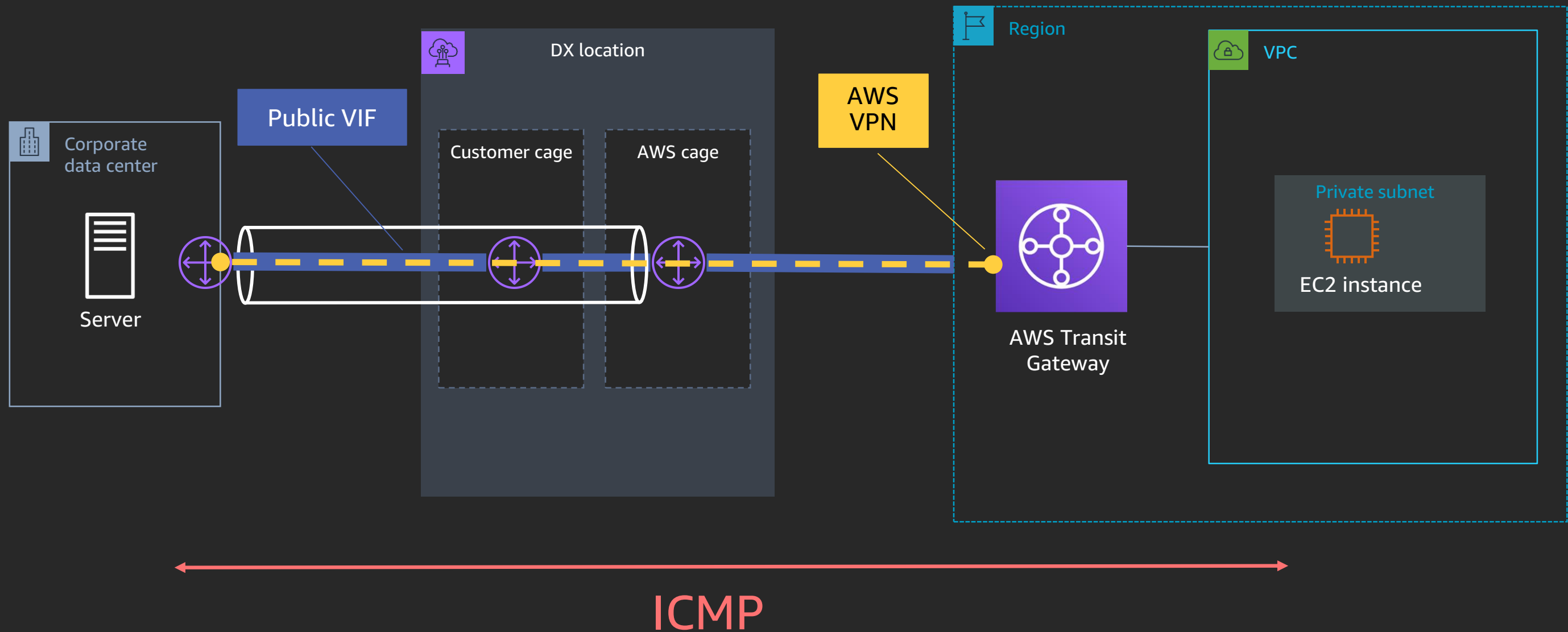
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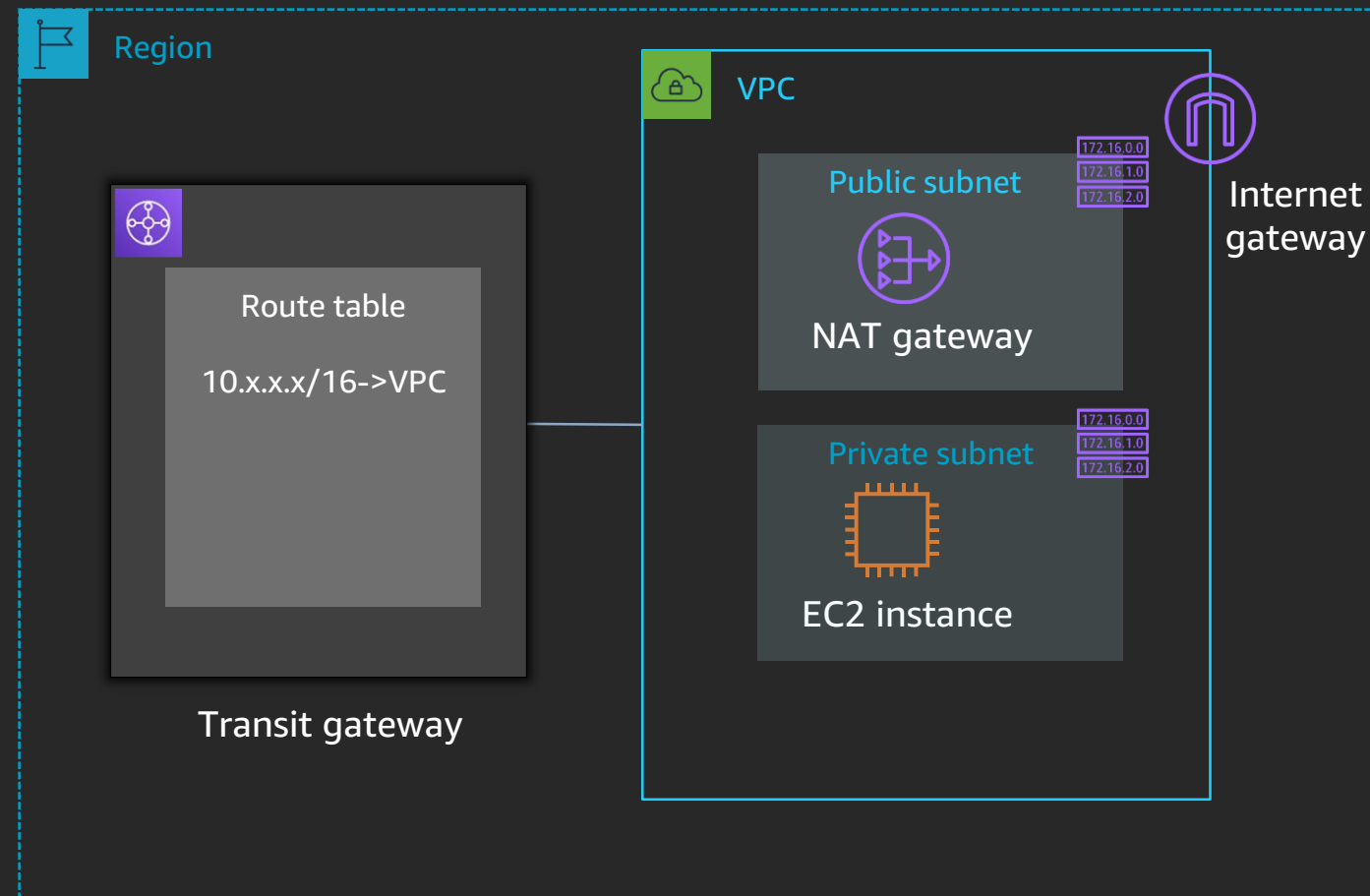


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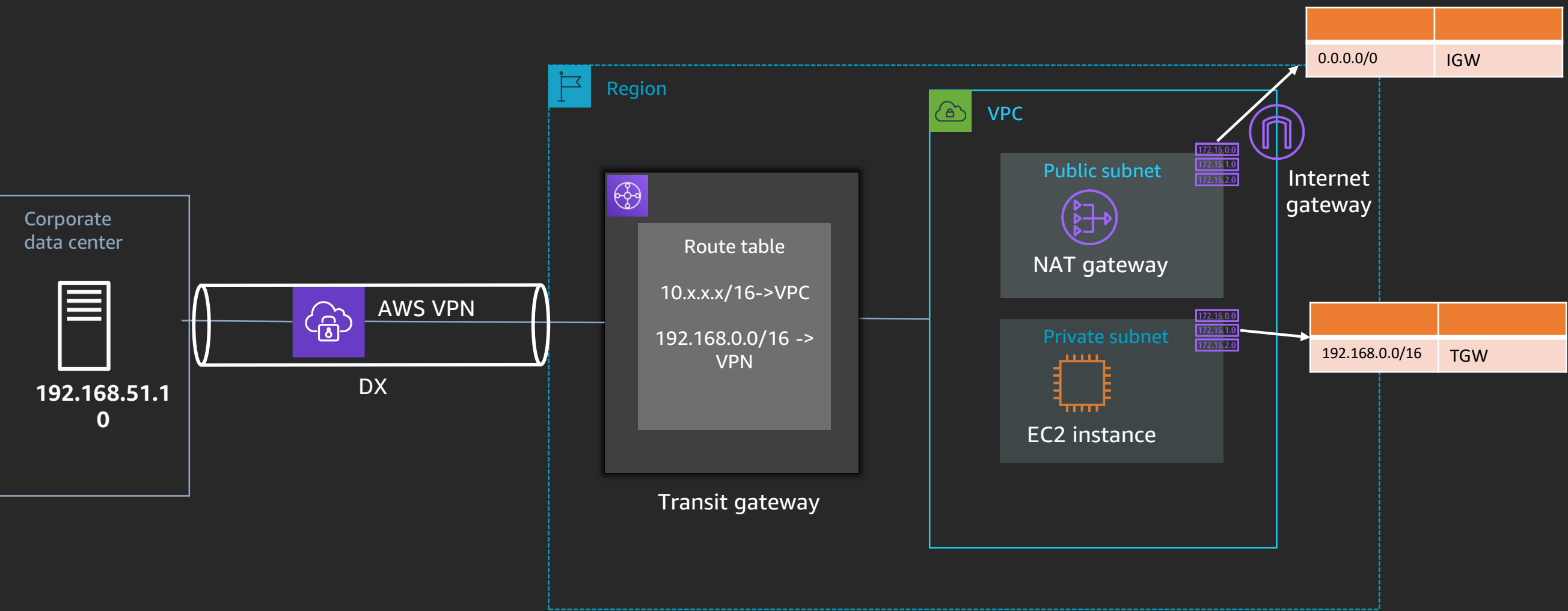


# Explore AWS environment

# Exploring the environment



# After building VPN over DX



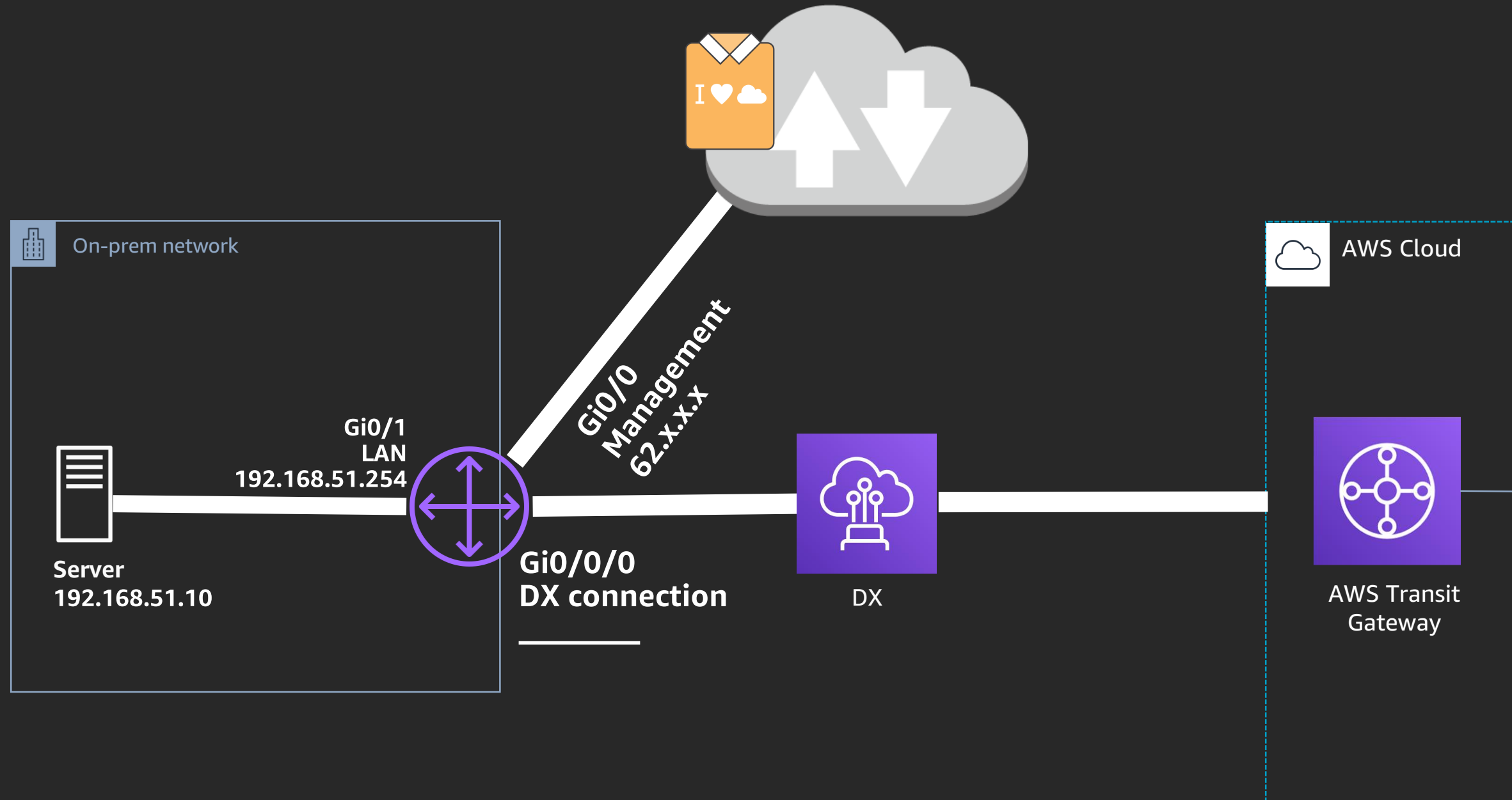


# Explore AWS environment

Let's take a look at the following attributes in the AWS Management Console:

- IP range of your VPC
- Routes in the transit gateway routing table
- Routes for private and public subnets
- ASN of your transit gateway

# Connect to the shared router



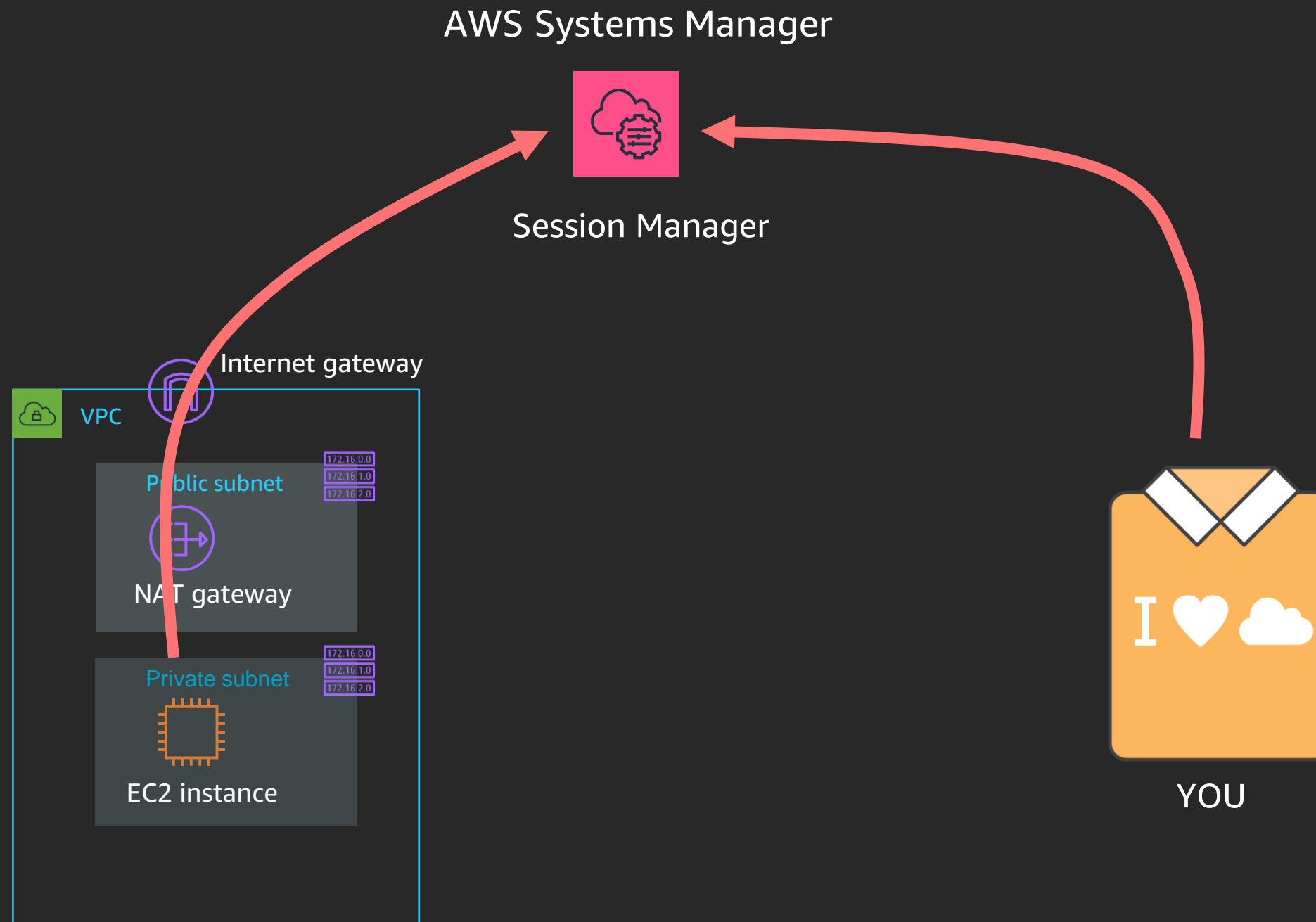
# Connect to the shared router

Connect to the router and inspect the configuration to find out the following:

- What's the ID of the DX connection interface used in the interface description? (Show run/show interfaces description.)
- What routes are in the routing table? What's each route for? (Show IP route.)

Can you "ping" a public IP address? (Ping [bbc.co.uk](http://bbc.co.uk).) Can you ping an Amazon S3 IP? (Ping [s3.amazonaws.com](http://s3.amazonaws.com).)

# Connect to your instance



# Connect to your instance

Go to Systems Manager/Sessions Manager and “Start Session” to your instance. You will need to upgrade the agent first.

When connected, take note of the following details:

- IP address of your instance (ifconfig)
- Default gateway (IP route)

Can you ping a public IP address? (Ping [bbc.co.uk](http://bbc.co.uk)).

# Create a public VIF

# Creating a public VIF

## Create a Virtual Interface

You may choose to create a private or public virtual interface. Select the appropriate option below.

- ☐ Private - A private virtual interface should be used to access an Amazon VPC using private IP addresses.
- ☒ Public - A public virtual interface can access all AWS public services (including EC2, S3, and DynamoDB) using public IP addresses.

## Define Your New Public Virtual Interface

Enter the name of your virtual interface. If you're creating a virtual interface for another account, you'll need to provide the other AWS account ID. For more information about virtual interface ownership, see 'Hosted Virtual Interfaces' in the [AWS Direct Connect Getting Started Guide](#).

**Connection**  ⓘ

**Virtual Interface Name**  ⓘ

**Virtual Interface Owner** ☒ My AWS Account ☐ Another AWS Account ⓘ

Enter the VLAN ID, if not already supplied by your AWS Direct Connect partner, and the IP Addresses for your router interface and the AWS Direct Connect interface.

**VLAN**  ⓘ

**Address family** ☒ IPv4 ☐ IPv6 ⓘ

**Your router peer IP**  ⓘ

**Amazon router peer IP**  ⓘ

Before you can use your virtual interface, we must establish a BGP session. You must provide an ASN for your router and any prefixes you would like to announce to AWS. You will also need an MD5 key to authenticate the BGP session. We can generate one for you, or you can supply your own.

**BGP ASN**  ⓘ

**Auto-generate BGP key** ☒ ⓘ

**Prefixes you want to advertise**  ⓘ

It may take up to 72 hours to verify that your IP prefixes are valid for use with Direct Connect.

Cancel

Continue

- What account is used?
- Why do we need only a single public VIF?
- What BGP ASN is used?
- What VLAN is used?

# Deploying a public VIF on router

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0.1500
```

```
description "Direct Connect to your Amazon VPC or AWS Cloud"
```

```
encapsulation dot1Q 1500
```

VLAN specified  
during public VIF  
creation

```
ip address 54.x.x.x 255.255.255.254
```

Public AWS IP for  
router DX interface

```
router bgp 65000
```

ASN specified during  
public VIF creation

```
address-family ipv4
```

```
neighbor 54.x.x.x remote-as 7224
```

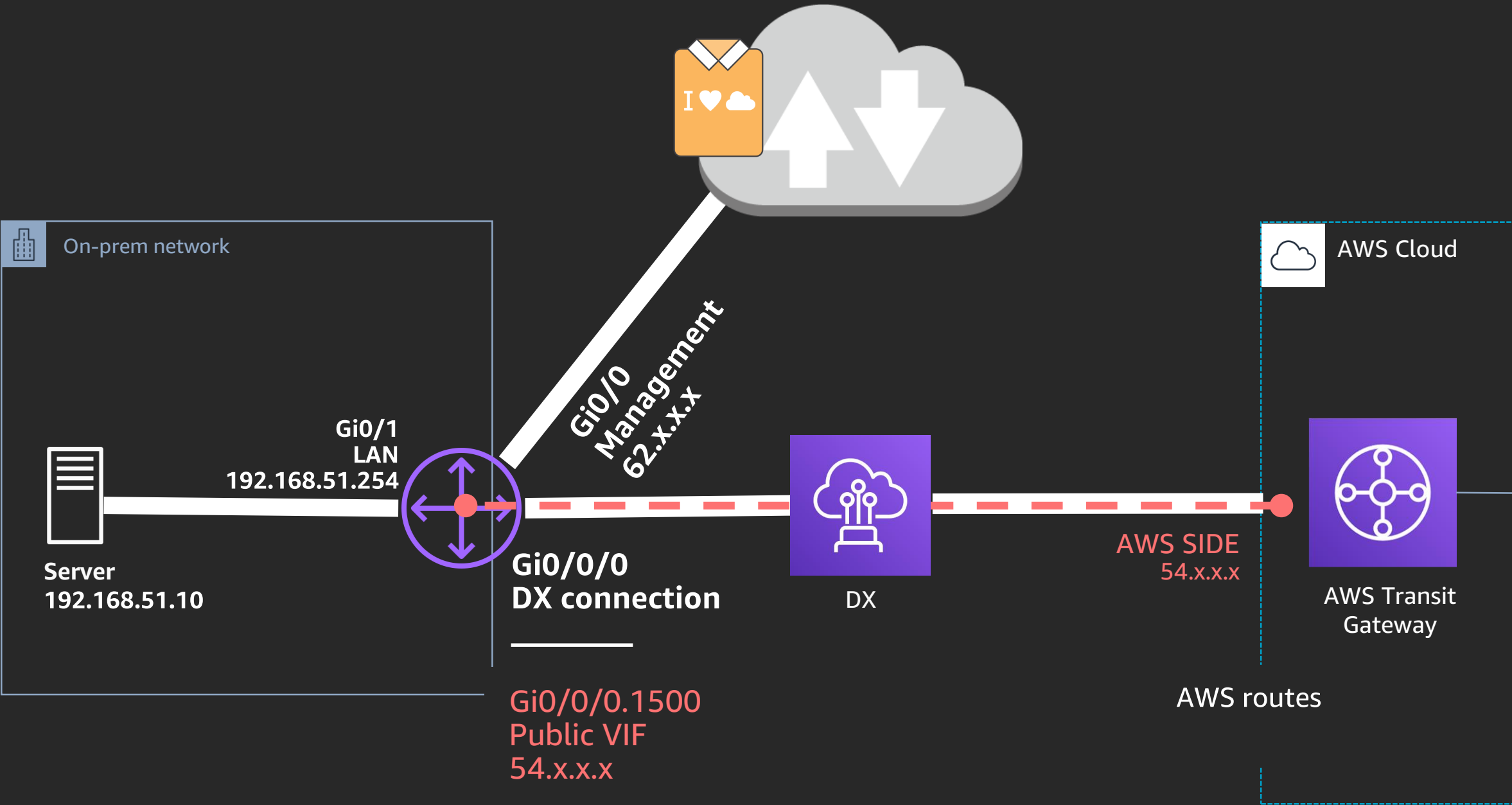
```
neighbor 54.x.x.x password 0xGlvTwWD.DecFlUT4aSZvV6
```

```
network 54.x.x.x mask 255.255.255.254
```

Address range to  
advertise to AWS



# Connect to the shared router



# Connect to the shared router

Public VIF to AWS is now connected. What has changed?

- Connect to the router and inspect the route table. (Show IP route).
- Can you ping a public IP address? (Ping [bbc.co.uk](http://bbc.co.uk)). Can you ping an Amazon S3 IP? (Ping [s3.amazonaws.com](http://s3.amazonaws.com)).
- Check how many routes the router is receiving from AWS. (Show IP BGP summary).
- Check what routes are advertised to AWS. (Show IP BGP neighbors 54.x.x.x advertised-route).


# Building site-to-site VPN

# Site-to-site VPN setup: Transit gateway VPN attachment

[Transit Gateway Attachments](#) > Create Transit Gateway Attachment

## Create Transit Gateway Attachment

Select a Transit Gateway and the type of attachment you would like to create.


Transit Gateway ID\*  


Attachment type ☐ VPC ☒ VPN

### VPN Attachment

Create a new customer gateway or select an existing customer gateway that you would like to connect to the Transit Gateway via a VPN connection.

Customer Gateway ☐ Existing ☒ New


IP Address  


BGP ASN  


Routing options ☒ Dynamic (requires BGP) ☐ Static


### Tunnel Options

Customize tunnel inside CIDR and pre-shared keys for your VPN tunnels. Unspecified tunnel options will be randomly generated by Amazon.

Inside IP CIDR for Tunnel 1  

Pre-Shared Key for Tunnel 1  

Inside IP CIDR for Tunnel 2  

Pre-shared key for Tunnel 2  

\* Required

[Cancel](#) [Create attachment](#)

Select your transit gateway

DX IP address on the router

Use the ASN already defined on the router

# VPN tunnel details

VPN Connection: vpn-02ca59934e689b39f

Details Tunnel Details Tags

K < 1 to 2 of 2

Outside IP Address	Inside IP CIDR	Status	Status Last Changed	Details
52.35.142.182	169.254.14.84/30	DOWN	November 19, 2018 at 10:24:27 AM ...	IPSEC IS DOWN
52.43.35.49	169.254.14.48/30	DOWN	November 19, 2018 at 10:24:27 AM ...	IPSEC IS DOWN

When completed, find out what public **AWS outside IP addresses** were used for the VPN endpoints:

- Can you see them in the router route table? (Show IP route <VPNIP>).
- Why are there two VPN IP addresses?
- Can you ping them from the router? (Ping <VPNIP>).

# Site-to-site VPN setup: Configure router

Download Configuration

When VPN is ready

## Download Configuration



Please choose the configuration to download based on your type of customer gateway

Vendor Cisco Systems, Inc. ⓘ

Platform ISR Series Routers ⓘ

Software IOS 12.4+ ⓘ

Cancel

Download

Fill details for your  
router vendor

# Configure router – Update sample config (ISAKMP)

ISAKMP policy defines parameters for the initial key exchange:

*configure terminal*

*crypto isakmp policy 20*~~X~~

*encryption aes 128*

*authentication pre-share*

*group 2*

*lifetime 28800*

*hash sha*

*exit*

First, get your router  
into configuration  
mode

Update policy number  
with your student ID:  
student1=201

# Configure router – Update sample config (tunnel)

*interface Tunnel10X*

*ip address 169.254.x.x 255.255.255.252*

*ip virtual-reassembly*

*tunnel source 54.x.x.x*

*tunnel destination 52.x.x.x*

*tunnel mode ipsec ipv4*

*tunnel protection ipsec profile ipsec-vpn-profileID*

*ip tcp adjust-mss 1379*

*no shutdown*

Update tunnel ID with  
your student ID:  
student1=101

What is this IP in your  
setup?

What is this IP in your  
setup?



# Configure router – Update sample config (BGP)

*router bgp 65000*

*neighbor 169.254.x.x remote-as 64512*

*neighbor 169.254.x.x activate*

*neighbor 169.254.x.x timers 10 30 30*

*address-family ipv4 unicast*

*neighbor 169.254.x.x remote-as 64512*

*neighbor 169.254.x.x timers 10 30 30*

~~*neighbor 169.254.x.x default originate*~~

*neighbor 169.254.x.x activate*

*neighbor 169.254.x.x soft-reconfiguration inbound*

*network 192.168.51.0 mask 255.255.255.0*

What is this ASN?

What is this IP  
address?

Remove line to stop  
advertising default  
route to your VPC

Add line to advertise  
router LAN to your VPC

# Site-to-site VPN – Check status

Ping the other side of the tunnel:

*ping 169.254.x.x*

---

Check BGP neighbor status:

*show ip bgp summary*

---

Check VPN status in the console:

Details Tunnel Details Tags		
Outside IP Address	Inside IP CIDR	Status
52.14.137.109	169.254.59.196/30	DOWN
52.15.206.125	169.254.57.56/30	DOWN

# Final connectivity test

Check your VPC route table:

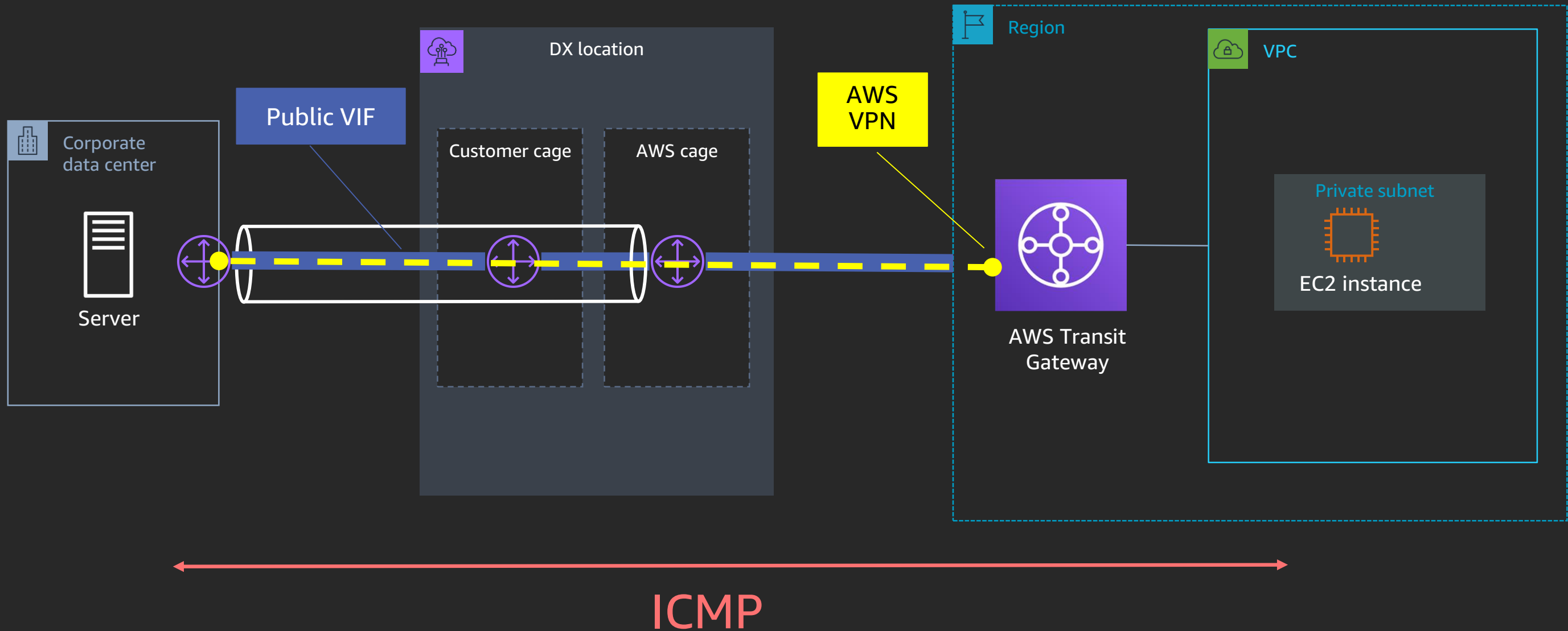
- Can you see a route for router LAN range (192.168.51.0/24)?
- Why was it added automatically?

Log into the instance and ping the on-premises server (192.168.51.10).



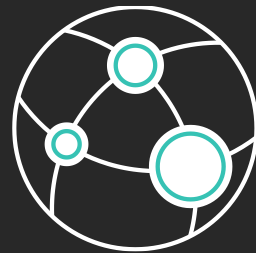
Success ...

# Final architecture



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# Useful Links

Please check out the following whitepaper and blog post:

[Building a Scalable and Secure Multi-VPC AWS Network Infrastructure](#)

[Integrating sub-1 Gbps hosted connections with AWS Transit Gateway](#)

# Thank you!

**Sohaib Tahir**

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