aws re: Invent

DAT367-R2

Running SQL Server on Amazon RDS and migrating to Aurora MySQL

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Agenda

Run the AWS Schema Conversion Tool to convert an SQL Server schema to Amazon Aurora PostgreSQL

Use AWS Database Migration Service (AWS DMS) to migrate your SQL Server database to Aurora PostgreSQL

Perform data updates on SQL Server and monitor them replicating

Related breakouts

DAT367-R, R1, R2 - Running SQL Server on Amazon RDS and migrating to Aurora MySQL

Start your AWS CloudFormation template restore

Your first step in this lab is to login to Event Engine using the credential shared with you

Directions for the lab: https://tinyurl.com/sv8pfet

Let's talk

Join us in the [track name] Networking Lounge at [location] on [day], December [date], from [start time] to [end time].

SQL Server on AWS

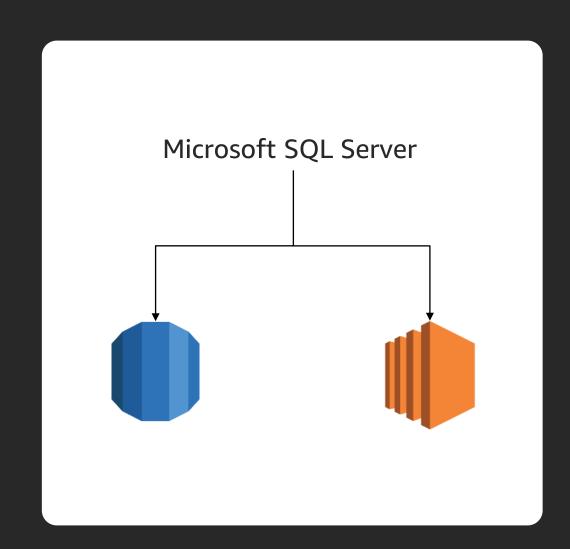




Choose the best service for your needs

Amazon RDS SQL Server

- Managed physical infrastructure
- Managed DB install and backups
- Managed OS and patching
- Managed high availability and scaling



SQL Server on Amazon EC2

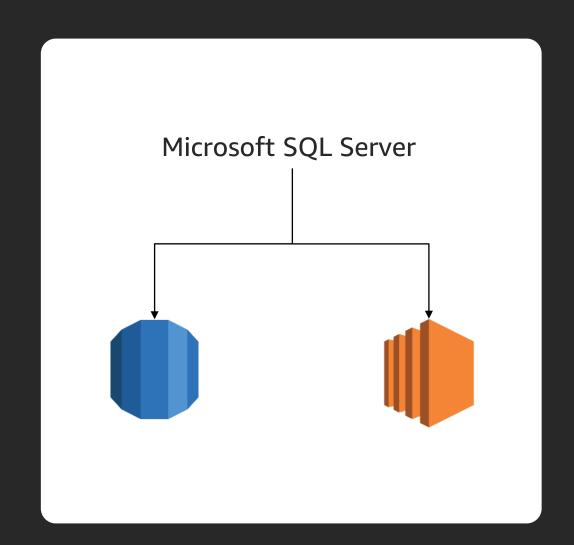
- Managed physical infrastructure
- Managed OS installation
- Managed scaling
- OS-level control

Choose the best service for your needs

Amazon RDS SQL Server

Your responsibility

- App optimization and tuning
- Deployment orchestration

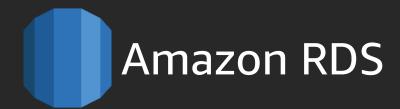


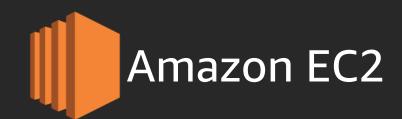
SQL Server on Amazon EC2

Your responsibility

- App optimization and tuning
- Deployment orchestration
- Monitoring and recovery
- High availability
- Backups
- DB & OS patching

SQL Server features at a glance





Versions supported:

2012, 2014, 2016, 2017

All

Editions supported:

Express, Web, Standard, Enterprise**

All

High availability:

AWS-managed

Self-managed; AlwaysOn, Mirror, Log Ship

Encryption:

Encrypted storage using AWS KMS (all editions); TDE support

Authentication:

Windows & SQL authentication

Backups:

Managed automated backups

Maintenance plans & third-party tools

Maintenance:

Automatic software patching

Self-managed

SQL Server EC2 vs. Amazon RDS: Which should I use?

	EC2	RDS
License included	\checkmark	✓
BYOL	√	
Full control over the instance	√	
Automated backups		√
Self-managed AlwaysOn availability groups	√	
AWS-managed Multi-AZ deployment		√

Migrating using AWS DMS and AWS SCT





Flexible, powerful migration tooling

Breadth of data sources

Relational







LUW



SQL







Supported in SCT for planning/conversion and DMS for migration

Relational









Amazon Aurora

Non-relational



MongoDB

Analytics





Amazon S3 AWS Snowball

Supported as a source in DMS to replicate data from

On-premises data warehouses



Oracle Teradata Vertica Netezza Greenplum **SQL** Server

Supported in SCT for planning/conversion and migration

Schema conversion

Data replication

Data warehouse migration







Database Migration Service (DMS)



Choice of data targets

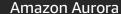








Relational





Non-relational

Amazon DynamoDB

Supported by SCT and DMS







Relational



Non-relational

Amazon DocumentDB (with MongoDB compatibility)







Analytics

Amazon Elasticsearch Amazon Kinesis **Data Streams** Service

Amazon S3

Supported as a target in DMS to replicate data to



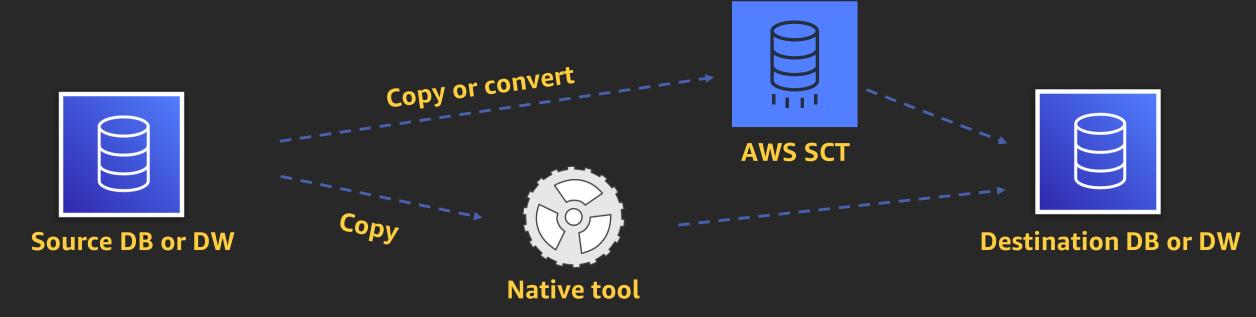
Amazon Redshift

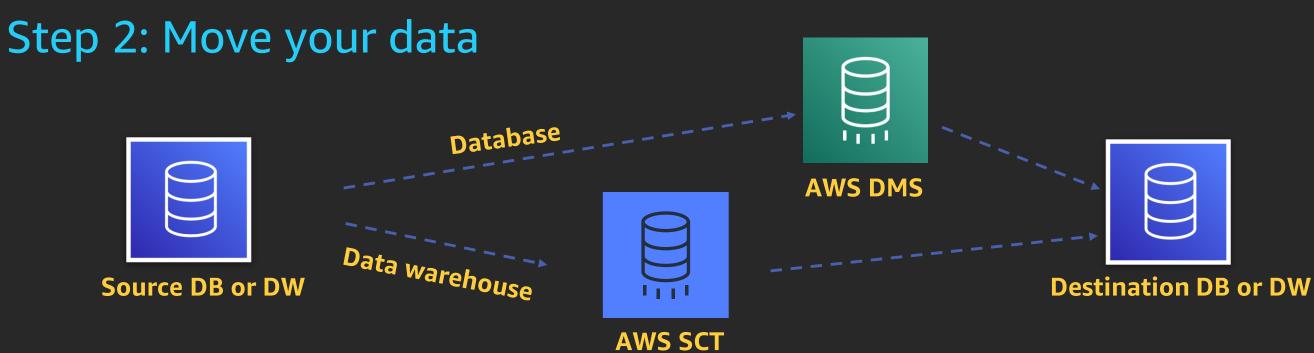
- Supported as a target in DMS to replicate data to
- Supported as a target in SCT to migrate data from on-premises data warehouses

Cloud data warehouse

Database migration process

Step 1: Convert or copy your schema





>200K databases migrated with AWS DMS

































































































































AWS Schema Conversion Tool

AWS Schema Conversion Tool helps automate database schema and code conversion tasks when migrating from source to target database engines

Features

Create assessment reports for homogeneous/heterogeneous migrations

Convert database schema

Convert data warehouse schema

Convert embedded application code

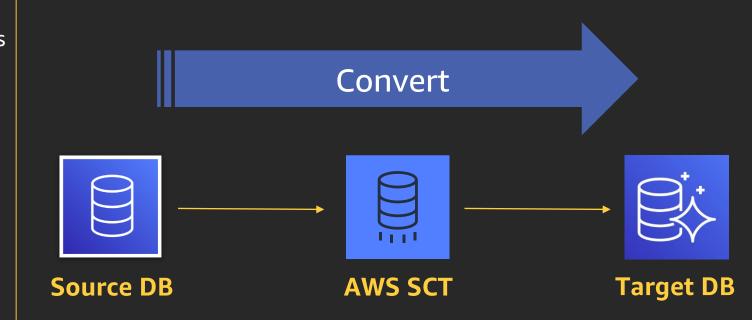
Code browser that highlights places where manual edits are required

Secure connections to your databases with SSL

Service substitutions/ETL modernization to AWS Glue

Migrate data to data warehouses using AWS SCT data extractors

Optimize schemas in Amazon Redshift



Supported source and targets

Relational Data lake NoSQL Data warehouse*) } کی کی MongoDB Oracle **SQL** Server Netezza Amazon Aurora Amazon S3 AWS Snowball Sources کی **%** Greenplum Teradata Vertica Oracle) % Amazon Elasticsearch Amazon Kinesis Amazon DynamoDB **Amazon Aurora Targets** Service **Data Streams**

Amazon DocumentDB (with

MongoDB compatibility)



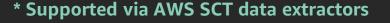




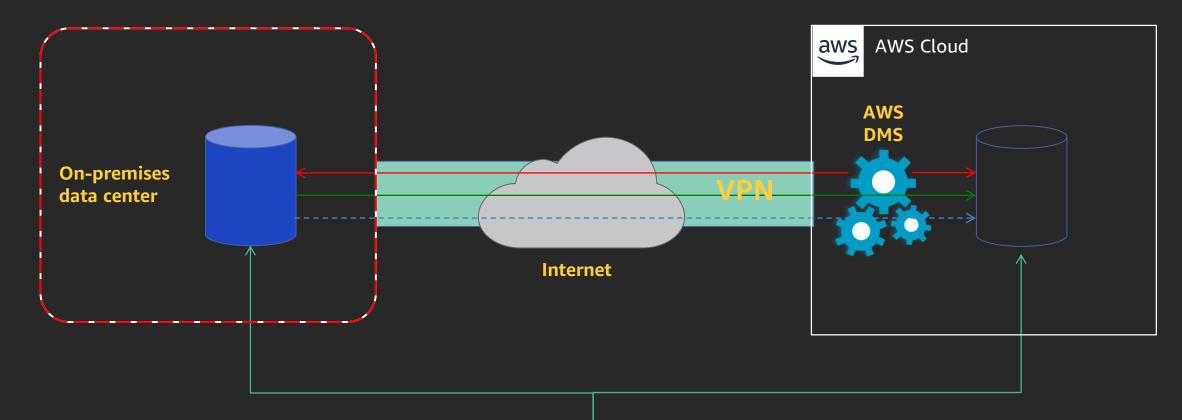


Amazon S3





The data migration process



- Start a replication instance
- Connect to source and target databases
- Select tables, schemas, or databases



Application users

- Let AWS DMS load data and keep them in sync
- Switch applications over to the target once in sync at your convenience

Amazon Aurora PostgreSQL





Amazon Aurora

A relational database reimagined for the cloud



- Speed and availability of high-end commercial databases
- Simplicity and cost effectiveness of open-source databases
- Drop-in compatibility with MySQL and PostgreSQL
- Simple pay-as-you-go pricing

Delivered as a managed service

Amazon Aurora 101

MySQL- and PostgreSQL-compatible relational database built for the cloud

Performance and availability of commercial-grade databases at 1/10th the cost

Performance & scalability



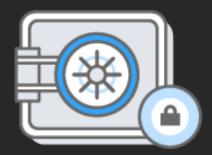
5x throughput of standard MySQL and 3x of standard PostgreSQL; scale-out up to 15 read replicas

Availability & durability



Fault-tolerant, self-healing storage; six copies of data across three AZs; continuous backup to Amazon S3

Highly secure



Network isolation, encryption at rest/transit

Fully managed

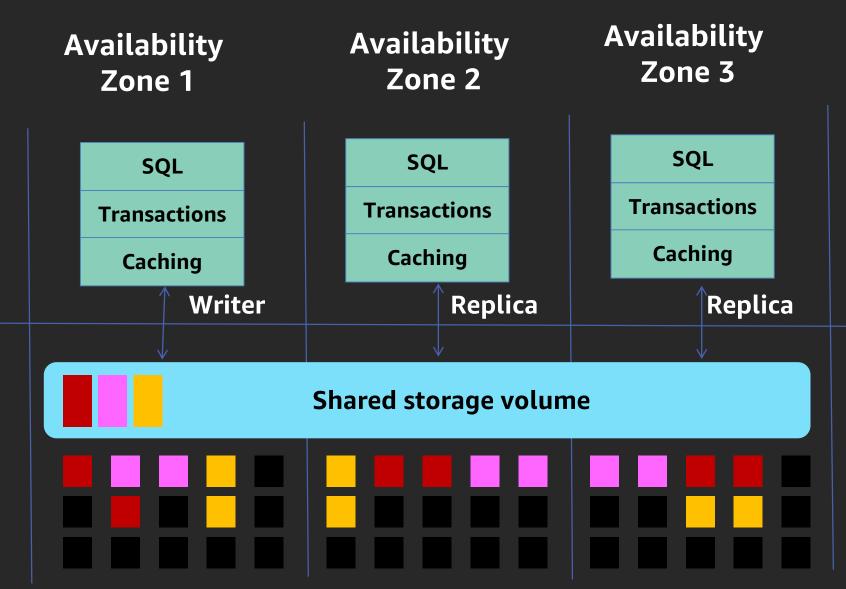


Managed by RDS: No hardware provisioning, software patching, setup, configuration or backups

What is Amazon Aurora?

Leverages a scale-out, distributed architecture

- Purpose-built, log-structured, distributed storage system designed for databases
- Storage volume is striped across hundreds of storage nodes distributed over three different Availability Zones
- Six copies of data, two copies in each Availability Zone to protect against AZ+1 failures
- Plan to apply same principles to other layers of the stack



Storage nodes with SSDs

Some Key Aurora PostgreSQL features

- Serverless
- Query plan management
- Cluster cache management
- Global physical replication (in preview)
- Logical cross-region replication
- Integration with AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM), Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3), AWS Lambda, and Amazon CloudWatch
- Fast database cloning

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- Amazon DocumentDB
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- Amazon ElastiCache
- Amazon Redshift
- Amazon RDS



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Thank you!

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